AB 347
Location: SENATE 2 YEAR
Chau D (Dist. 49)
Weights and measures: inspection: fees. Current law, until January 1, 2019, requires the Secretary of Food and Agriculture to establish by regulation an annual administrative fee to recover reasonable administrative and enforcement costs incurred by the Department of Food and Agriculture for exercising supervision over and performing investigations in connection with the activities performed by sealers. This bill would extend the authority of the board of supervisors of a county to charge fees to recover the costs of the county sealer, as provided, until January 1, 2022, and would extend certain other related provisions.
Position: San Bernardino County Support

AB 1250
Location: SENATE RLS.
Jones-Sawyer D (Dist. 59)
Counties: contracts for personal services. Would establish specific standards for the use of personal services contracts by counties. The bill would allow a county or county agency to contract for personal services currently or customarily performed by employees, as applicable, when specified conditions are met. The bill would exempt certain types of contracts from its provisions, and would exempt a city and county from its provisions. By placing new duties on local government agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill also would provide that its provisions are severable.
Position: San Bernardino County Oppose

AB 1877
Location: ASSEMBLY G.O.
Limón D (Dist. 37)
Office of Emergency Services: communications: translation. The California Emergency Services Act establishes the Office of Emergency Services within the Governor’s office under the supervision of the Director of Emergency Services and makes the office responsible for the state’s emergency and disaster response services for natural, technological, or manmade disasters and emergencies. This bill would require the Office of Emergency Services and the governing body of each political subdivision, including each operational area, to translate any emergency communication into the most commonly spoken language other than English in the impacted county or counties.

AB 1983
Location: ASSEMBLY RLS.
Waldron R (Dist. 75)
School safety: school district facilities and emergency practices: security assessment. Would require each school district, before the commencement of the 2019–20 school year, to contract with a local law enforcement agency to provide a full security assessment of the school district’s facilities and emergency practices. By imposing additional requirements on school districts, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

AB 2238
Location: ASSEMBLY L. GOV.
Aquiar-Curry D (Dist. 4)
Change of organization or reorganization: local agency formation commission review: hazard mitigation plan: safety element. The Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 specifies the factors that a local agency formation commission is required to consider in the review of a proposal for a change of organization or reorganization, including, among other things, the proposal’s consistency with city or county general and specific plans. This bill would additionally require the commission to consider any relevant hazard mitigation plan or safety element of a general plan, and the extent to which the proposal will affect any land identified as a very high fire hazard severity zone or land determined to be in a state responsibility area, as provided.
Public contracts: local agencies: alternative procedure. Would authorize public projects of $60,000 or less to be performed by the employees of a public agency, authorize public projects of $200,000 or less to be let to contract by informal procedures, and require public projects of more than $200,000 to be let to contract by formal bidding procedures.

Local agency formation commissions: grant program. Current law establishes the Strategic Growth Council in state government and assigns to the council certain duties, including providing, funding, and distributing data and information to local governments and regional agencies that will assist in the development and planning of sustainable communities. This bill would require the Strategic Growth Council, until January 1, 2024, to establish and administer a local agency formation commissions grant program for the payment of costs associated with initiating and completing the dissolution of inactive districts, the payment of costs associated with a study of the services provided within a county by a public agency, and for other specified purposes, including the initiation of an action, based on determinations found in the study, as approved by the commission.

Local government finance: property tax revenue allocations: vehicle license fee adjustments. Would, for the 2018–19 fiscal year, instead require the vehicle license fee adjustment amount to be the sum of the vehicle license fee adjustment amount in the 2004–05 fiscal year, if a specified provision did not apply, and the product of the amount as so described and the percentage change in gross taxable assessed valuation within the jurisdiction of that entity between the 2004–05 fiscal year to the 2018–19 fiscal year. This bill, for the 2019–20 fiscal year, and for each fiscal year thereafter, would require the vehicle license fee adjustment amount to be the sum of the vehicle license fee adjustment amount for the prior fiscal year and the product of the amount as so described and the percentage change from the prior fiscal year in gross taxable assessed valuation within the jurisdiction of the entity.

Occupational injuries and illness: employer reporting requirements: electronic submission. Current law requires an employer to file a report of every occupational injury or occupational illness, as defined, of each employee that results in lost time beyond the date of the injury or illness, and that requires medical treatment beyond first aid, with the Department of Industrial Relations, or in the case of an insured employer, with the insurer, on a form prescribed by the department. Under current law, an employer who violates occupational safety and health provisions is guilty of a misdemeanor, except where another penalty is specifically provided. This bill would also require employers to file specified injury and illness forms electronically with the Division of Occupational Safety and Health within the department.

Employment: flexible work schedules. Would permit an individual nonexempt employee to request an employee-selected flexible work schedule providing for workdays up to 10 hours per day within a 40-hour workweek, and would allow an employer to implement this schedule without the obligation to pay overtime compensation for those additional hours in a workday, except as specified. The bill would require that the flexible work schedule contain specified information and the employer’s and the employee’s original signature. The bill would also require the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement in the Department of Industrial Relations to enforce this provision and adopt regulations.
**Property tax bills: debt and financial data of the county.** Current property tax law requires the tax collector to mail or electronically transmit a county tax bill for every property on the secured roll. Current property tax law requires each county tax bill to contain specified information. This bill would additionally require each county tax bill to contain specified debt and financial data of the county. This bill contains other current laws.

**County officers.** Current law sets forth the officers of a county and authorizes the board of supervisors of a county to consolidate, separate, and reconsolidate their duties, as specified. Current law further authorizes the board to consolidate the offices of auditor, controller, treasurer, tax collector, and director of finance. This bill would prohibit the board of supervisors from consolidating an elective office with an appointed office pursuant to these provisions, or separating those offices once combined, except through a specified election process.

**Seismic safety: potentially vulnerable buildings.** Current law establishes a program within all cities and all counties and portions thereof located within seismic zone 4, as defined, to identify all potentially hazardous buildings and to establish a mitigation program for these buildings. This bill would require each building department of a city or county to create an inventory of potentially vulnerable buildings, as defined, within its jurisdiction, based on age and other publicly available information, and submit that inventory to the Office of Emergency Services, as specified. By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would create a state-mandated local program.

**Local government: economic development subsidies.** Current law requires each local agency, as defined, to provide specified information to the public before approving an economic development subsidy within its jurisdiction, and to, among other things, hold hearings and report on those subsidies, as provided. Current law defines “economic development subsidy” for these purposes to mean any expenditure of public funds or loss of revenue to a local agency in the amount of $100,000 or more, for the purpose of stimulating economic development within the jurisdiction of a local agency, as provided. This bill would similarly require each local agency to provide specified information to the public before approving an economic development subsidy for a warehouse distribution center, as defined, and to, among things, hold hearings and report on those subsidies, as provided.

**Employment: sexual harassment.** Would prohibit an employer from discharging or in any manner discriminating or retaliating against an employee because of the employee’s status as a victim of sexual harassment. The bill would establish a rebuttable presumption of unlawful retaliation if an employer takes specific actions within 90 days following the date an employee files a sexual harassment claim. The bill would authorize an employee to file a complaint with the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement for a violation of that prohibition within 3 years from the date of occurrence of the violation. By expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**In-home supportive services.** Would require the State Department of Social Services, on or before July 1, 2019, in consultation with interested stakeholders, to develop a program to address the issue of sexual harassment of IHSS providers. The bill would require the program to include, among other
things, a uniform statewide protocol to follow whenever a provider reports sexual harassment, a
requirement that providers attend sexual harassment education as part of their provider orientation, a
procedure for providers to report sexual harassment with guidelines and timelines for investigation,
and a procedure to ensure protection against retaliation.

**AB 3114**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**Thurmond** D (Dist. 15)

**Personal care services.** Would authorize a county board of supervisors to contract with a nonprofit
consortium or to establish a public authority to provide waiver personal care services. The bill would
authorize certain entities to meet and confer in good faith regarding wages, benefits, and other terms
and conditions of employment with representatives of recognized employee organizations for an
individual who is employed by a recipient of waiver personal care services. The bill would also make
conforming changes.

**AB 3254**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY L. GOV.

**Committee on Local Government**

**Local government organization: omnibus.** The Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government
Reorganization Act of 2000 (the Act) provides the authority and procedure for the initiation, conduct,
and completion of changes of organization, reorganization, and sphere of influence changes for cities
and districts, as specified. Current law defines various terms for purposes of that Act, including the
terms “affected territory” and “inhabited territory.” This bill would revise those definitions to include
territory that is to receive extended services from a local agency, and additionally define the term
“uninhabited territory” for purposes of the Act.

**SB 292**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Bates** R (Dist. 36)

**Counties: contract legal counsel: auditor-controller.** Current law requires a county board of
supervisors, upon request of the county assessor or sheriff, to contract with legal counsel to assist the
assessor or sheriff with duties for which the district attorney or county counsel would have a conflict of
interest in representing the assessor or sheriff. In the event the board of supervisors does not concur
with the assessor or sheriff that a conflict of interests exists, current law authorizes the county
assessor or sheriff to initiate an ex parte proceeding before the presiding judge of the superior court,
as provided. This bill would extend these provisions to additionally require the board of supervisors to
contract with legal counsel to assist the auditor-controller, as described above.

**SB 1303**

**Location:** SENATE GOV. & F.

**Pan** D (Dist. 6)

**Coroner: county office of the medical examiner.** Current law authorizes a county board of
supervisors to abolish the office of coroner and provide instead for the office of medical examiner, to
be appointed by the board and to exercise the powers and perform the duties of the coroner and
requires that the medical examiner be a licensed physician and surgeon duly qualified as a specialist
in pathology. This bill would, for counties with a population of 500,000 or greater, require that the office
of the coroner or the sheriff’s coroner’s office, as applicable, be replaced with an office of the medical
examiner without a public vote or election.

**SB 1366**

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Mendoza** D (Dist. 0)

**Sales and use taxes: revenue allocation: public safety services.** Would state the intent of the
Legislature to enact legislation that would limit the amount of revenues derived from the imposition of
the sales and use taxes pursuant to Proposition 172 that are maintained in reserves by counties to 5% of
the total allocation of those revenues received in the previous budget year and would make related
findings and declarations.
Sales and use taxes: revenue allocation: public safety services. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would limit the amount of revenues derived from the imposition of the tax pursuant to Proposition 172 that are maintained in reserves by counties to 5% of the total allocation of those revenues received in the previous budget year and would make related findings and declarations.

**Air Quality**

**AB 193**

Air Quality Improvement Program: Clean Reused Vehicle Rebate Project. Would require the State Air Resources Board to establish the Clean Reused Vehicle Rebate Project, as a part of the Air Quality Improvement Program, to provide rebates for the acquisition of an eligible used vehicle, as defined; the replacement or refurbishment of an electric vehicle battery and related components for an eligible used vehicle or a vehicle service contract, as defined, for the battery or related components; or a vehicle service contract to cover unexpected vehicle repairs not covered by the manufacturer’s warranty related to unique problems in eligible used vehicles, as specified.

**AB 388**

Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: wetland restoration projects. This bill would authorize the use of the moneys in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund for wetland restoration projects that may make use of dredged material if the investment furthers the regulatory purposes of the act and is consistent with law.

**SB 1502**

South Coast Air Quality Management District: notice. Current law requires the south coast district board to mail a specified notice to every person who filed a written request for notice of proposed regulatory action with the south coast district, every person who requested notice for or registered at a workshop held in connection with the development of the proposed rule or regulation, and any person the south coast district believes to be interested in the proposed rule or regulation. This bill would authorize the south coast district board to send electronically the above-described notice of proposed regulatory action, to publish the notice on its Internet Web site not less than 30 days prior to the public hearing; and adopt, and to update as needed, procedures for a person to request notices to be sent by mail and to update an electronic mail address.

**Behavioral Health**

**AB 254**

Local Educational Agency Behavioral Health Integration Pilot Program. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish the Local Educational Agency Behavioral Health Integration Pilot Program for the purpose of improving the behavioral health outcomes of students by improving the delivery of direct behavioral health services, as defined. The bill would require the department to encourage eligible participants to participate in the program, to provide technical assistance to eligible participants, to develop a request for a proposals process to determine funding allocation, and to formulate any necessary Medi-Cal State Plan amendments, and award grants pursuant to these provisions.

**AB 870**

Prisoners: mental health treatment. Would require a court, upon the conviction of a defendant for a felony resulting in sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant receive a
mental health evaluation if the court finds that the defendant at the time of the commission of the offense was suffering from a serious mental illness or has a demonstrated history of mental illness.

AB 2022  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY ED.  
**Chu D (Dist. 25)**

**Pupil health: on-campus mental health professionals.** Would require, on or before December 31, 2021, a school of a school district or county office of education and a charter school to have at least one mental health professional, as provided, generally accessible to pupils on campus during school hours. The bill would require, if the mental health professional is not employed by the school, the school district, or the county office of education, the school, the school district, or the county office of education to form a community partnership with and enter into a memorandum of understanding with the entity that employs the mental health professional that clearly specifies certain information relating to the responsibilities of each partner.

**AB 2156**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH  
**Chen R (Dist. 55)**

**Mental health services: gravely disabled.** Current law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled,” among other things, as a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for his or her basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter. This bill would change the definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes to read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, his or her own basic personal needs for food, clothing, shelter, or medical care without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of his or her essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

**AB 2214**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR.  
**Rodriguez D (Dist. 52)**

**Recovery residences.** Current law provides for the licensure and regulation of community care facilities by the State Department of Social Services. Current law also provides for the licensure and regulation by the State Department of Health Care Services of adult alcoholism and drug abuse recovery and treatment facilities for adults. This bill would, among other things, define a “recovery residence” as a residential property that is operated as a cooperative living arrangement to provide an alcohol and drug free environment for persons recovering from alcoholism or drug abuse, or both, who seek a living environment that supports personal recovery.

**AB 2328**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH  
**Nazarian D (Dist. 46)**

**Youth Substance Use Disorder Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 2018.** The current Adolescent Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 1998, which authorized the Department of Health Care Services to establish community-based nonresidential and residential recovery programs to intervene and treat the problems of alcohol and other drug use among youth, became inoperative on July 1, 2013. This bill would repeal those inoperative provisions and would enact the Youth Substance Use Disorder Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 2018, with similar provisions to, in part, require the department to establish community-based nonresidential and residential treatment and recovery programs to intervene and treat the problems of alcohol and drug use among youth under 21 years of age.

**AB 2442**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH  
**Santiago D (Dist. 53)**

**Mental health.** Under the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, when a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is a danger to others, or to himself or herself, or gravely disabled, he or she may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody and placed in a facility designated by the county and approved by the State Department of Social Services for up to 72-hours for evaluation and treatment. Current
law requires specified mental health professionals to assess a person to determine whether the person can be properly served without being detained, and if so, to provide evaluation, crisis intervention, or other inpatient or outpatient services on a voluntary basis. This bill would further require that if a determination is made that a person may be treated without being detained, and if the person is experiencing homelessness, he or she shall also be provided written information about local housing options, employment opportunities, and available public social services.

**AB 2608**

*Location: ASSEMBLY B.&P.*

**Licensed Mental Health Service Provider Education Program: former foster youth.** The Licensed Marriage and Family Therapist Act and the Clinical Social Worker Practice Act require the Board of Behavioral Sciences to establish and assess biennial license renewal fees, as specified. Those acts also require the board to collect an additional fee at the time of renewal of those licenses and directs the deposit of that additional fee into the Mental Health Practitioner Education Fund. With respect to grants funded with that fee under the Licensed Mental Health Service Provider Education Program, the bill would require applicants who were formerly in California’s foster youth care system to receive priority over other applicants.

**AB 2619**

*Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH*

**Mental health services funding: homeless persons.** Would appropriate $10,000,000 from the General Fund to the State Department of Health Care Services to be distributed to counties for the purpose of funding innovative programs to provide mental health services to California’s homeless population.

**AB 2843**

*Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH*

**Mental Health Services Fund.** The Mental Health Services Act requires funds allocated to a county that have not been spent within a specified time to revert to the Mental Health Services Fund and to be reallocated to other counties for the purposes for which the unspent funds were initially allocated to the original county. The MHSA permits amendment by the Legislature by a 2/3 vote of each house if the amendment is consistent with, and furthers the intent of, the MHSA. This bill would additionally require those funds subject to reversion to be reallocated to cities, special districts, school districts, or other public entities for the provision of mental health services consistent with the intent of the MHSA.

**AB 3175**

*Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH*

**Child life specialist services.** Current law establishes various programs and services for the promotion of child health, administered by the State Department of Public Health or the State Department of Health Care Services. Current law provides for the regulation of health facilities by the State Department of Public Health. This bill would require specified health practice settings to offer child life specialist services, as defined, and to meet certain conditions relating to the availability of child life specialists in those settings.

**SB 8**

*Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR*

**Diversion: mental disorders.** Would authorize a court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant’s speedy trial right, to postpone prosecution of a misdemeanor or a felony punishable in a county jail, and place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program for up to 2 years if the court is satisfied the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, that the defendant’s mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense, and that the defendant would benefit from mental health treatment.
SB 142

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Criminal offenders: mental health. Current law requires, if a person is convicted of a felony and is eligible for probation, before judgment is pronounced, the court to immediately refer the matter to a probation officer to investigate and report to the court upon the circumstances surrounding the crime and the prior history and record of the person. This bill would authorize a defendant to provide documentation to the court that he or she is currently, or was at any prior time, eligible for public mental health services due to a serious mental illness or eligible for Social Security Disability Insurance due to a diagnosed mental illness.

SB 192

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Mental Health Services Act Reversion Fund. Would amend the Mental Health Services Act by instead requiring that any funds allocated since the 2008–09 fiscal year, except as specified, to a large, medium, small, or very small county, as defined, that have not been spent for their authorized purpose within 3 years of being allocated, and any interest earned on unspent funds, revert to the state for deposit into the newly established Mental Health Services Act Reversion Fund. The bill would authorize a very small county to apply for a waiver, subject to approval by the commission, requesting a delay of the reversion of funds, but not for more than 5 fiscal years from the time of allocation of funds.

SB 215

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Diversion: mental disorders. Would authorize a court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant’s speedy trial right, to postpone prosecution of a misdemeanor or a felony punishable in a county jail, and place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program for up to 2 years if the court is satisfied the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, that the defendant’s mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense, and that the defendant would benefit from mental health treatment. For specified offenses, the bill would condition granting diversion on the consent of the prosecution.

SB 275

Location: ASSEMBLY RLS.

Children, Adolescents, and Young Adults Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Recovery Program Act. The current Adolescent Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 1998, which authorized the Department of Health Care Services to establish community-based nonresidential and residential recovery programs to intervene and treat the problems of alcohol and other drug use among youth, became inoperative on July 1, 2013. This bill would repeal those inoperative provisions and would enact the Children, Adolescents, and Young Adults Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Recovery Program Act, with similar provisions to, in part, require the program to provide prevention, early intervention, and treatment services for children, adolescents, and young adults.

SB 688

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Mental Health Services Act: revenue and expenditure reports. Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services, in consultation with the commission and the County Behavioral Health Directors Association of California, to develop and administer instructions for the Annual Mental Health Services Act Revenue and Expenditure Report, which gathers specified information on mental health spending as a result of the MHSA, including the expenditures of funds distributed to each county. Current law requires counties to electronically submit the report to the department and the commission. This bill would require counties to prepare the reports in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, as specified.
SB 992  
**Hernandez D (Dist. 22)**

**Location:** SENATE  HEALTH

**Alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities.** Current law provides for the licensure and regulation of adult alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities by the State Department of Health Care Services. Current law requires licensees to provide specified nonmedical services, including recovery, treatment, or detoxification, and requires the department to adopt regulations requiring records and procedures that are appropriate for those services, including discharge and continuing care planning. This bill would require all programs licensed or certified by the department through the provisions above to disclose specified information to the department, including, among other things, ownership of an unlicensed alcohol and drug free residence, as defined.

SB 1004  
**Wiener D (Dist. 11)**

**Location:** SENATE  HEALTH

**Mental Health Services Act: prevention and early intervention.** Would require the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission, on or before January 1, 2020, to establish priorities for the use of prevention and early intervention funds and to develop a statewide strategy for monitoring implementation of prevention and early intervention services, including enhancing public understanding of prevention and early intervention and creating metrics for assessing the effectiveness of how prevention and early intervention funds are used and the outcomes that are achieved.

SB 1019  
**Beall D (Dist. 15)**

**Location:** SENATE  ED.

**Youth mental health and substance use disorder services.** Current law provides that funds appropriated by the Legislature to the California Health Facilities Financing Authority and the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission for the purposes of the Investment in Mental Health Wellness Act of 2013 be made available to selected counties or counties acting jointly, except as otherwise provided, and used to provide, among other things, a complete continuum of crisis services for children and youth 21 years of age and under regardless of where they live in the state. The act requires the commission to allocate funds to triage personnel, as specified. This bill would require the commission, when making these funds available, to allocate at least one half of those funds for services or programs targeted at children and youth 18 years of age and under.

SB 1095  
**Anderson R (Dist. 38)**

**Location:** SENATE  PUB. S.

**Criminal proceedings: mentally incompetent offenders.** Current law prohibits a person from having his or her probation, mandatory supervision, post release community supervision, or parole revoked while that person is mentally incompetent. If a defendant is found mentally incompetent during post release community supervision or parole revocation hearings, current law requires the court to dismiss the pending revocation matter and return the defendant to supervision, and authorizes the court take other action, including referring the matter to the public guardian of the county of commitment to initiate conservatorship proceedings only if there are no other reasonable alternatives to meet the defendant's mental health needs, as specified. This bill would delete the authority of the court to dismiss the pending revocation matter and would delete the above-described restriction on the court’s authority to order the matter to the public guardian.

SB 1101  
**Pan D (Dist. 6)**

**Location:** SENATE  RLS.

**Mental health.** Current law, the Mental Health Services Act (MHSA), an initiative measure enacted by the voters as Proposition 63 at the November 2, 2004, statewide general election, establishes the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission to oversee the administration of various parts of the act. In addition to its existing duties, this bill would require the commission, on or before January 1, 2020, to establish 5 statewide objectives for the treatment and prevention of mental illness and metrics by which progress toward each of those objectives may be measured.
### Substance use disorder: licensed and certified treatment programs

Would enact the Substance Use Disorder Patient Protection Act to prohibit a licensee or an employee of a licensee from referring a patient to a facility, residence, or dwelling that is not either a licensee or certified, or engaging in patient brokering. The act would define “patient brokering” to include, among other things, directly referring a patient to a provider of substance use disorder continuum of care in exchange for any economic benefit. The act would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish a program to approve organizations that certify facilities, residences, or dwellings which provide substance use disorder continuum of care, are not licensees, and meet specified requirements that include a ban on patient brokering.

### Cannabis

#### AB 64

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Cannabis: licensure and regulation.** Both MCRSA and AUMA generally divide responsibility for state licensure and regulation between the Bureau of Marijuana Control (bureau) within the Department of Consumer Affairs, which serves as the lead state agency, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health. AUMA requires the licensing authorities to begin issuing licenses to engage in commercial adult-use cannabis activity by January 1, 2018. This bill, if SB 94 is enacted, would repeal that separate and distinct premises requirement. The bill would also prohibit a testing licensee under MAUCRSA from owning, or having an ownership interest in, a premises licensed under MAUCRSA for any activity except testing.

#### AB 76

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Adult-use marijuana: marketing.** Under current law, the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, regulates the cultivation, distribution, transport, storage, manufacturing, testing, processing, sale, and use of marijuana for nonmedical purposes by people 21 years of age and older. This bill would prohibit an operator, as defined, of an Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application from marketing or advertising any marijuana, marijuana product, or marijuana business to a person who is under 21 years of age if the operator has actual knowledge that a person under 21 years of age is using its Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application, and if the marketing or advertising is specifically directed to that person based upon information specific to that person, including, but not limited to, the person's profile, activity, address, or location.

#### AB 175

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Cannabis marketing: packaging and labeling.** Would require a manufacturer, prior to introducing an edible cannabis product into commerce in California, to submit the packaging and labeling to the State Department of Public Health for approval and would require the department to determine whether the packaging and labeling are in compliance with the requirements of prescribed provisions of law, including the requirements that the packaging be child resistant and not attractive to children, as specified. The bill would authorize the department to charge a manufacturer a fee for the determination, in an amount no greater than the amount required to cover the actual and reasonable costs of administering the approval program.

#### AB 389

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Cannabis: consumer guide.** Would require the Bureau of Marijuana, by July 1, 2018, to establish and make available on its Internet Web site a consumer guide to serve as a resource for the public on the California laws and regulations applicable to medicinal and adult-use cannabis.
Personal income tax: deduction: commercial cannabis activity. Would, for each taxable year beginning on and after January 1, 2018, would specifically provide in the Personal Income Tax Law for nonconformity to that federal law disallowing a deduction or credit for business expenses of a trade or business whose activities consist of trafficking specified controlled substances, only for commercial cannabis activity, as defined, authorized under MAUCRSA, thus allowing deduction of business expenses for a cannabis or marijuana trade or business under the Personal Income Tax Law, as provided.

Cannabidiol. Would expressly exclude from regulation under the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act, any medicinal product composed of cannabidiol approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration and either placed on a schedule of the federal Controlled Substances Act other than Schedule I, or exempted from one or more provisions of that act. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Edible cannabis products: labeling. Would amend the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act by requiring the universal symbol required to be on edible cannabis product not sold as a liquid, loose bulk good, or powder to meet specified requirements, including that the symbol be placed directly on at least one side of each serving so as to be distinguishable and easily recognizable as well as size and placement requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

California Marijuana Tax Fund: grants for support system navigation services. Would amend AUMA by requiring GO-Biz to give preference to applicants for grants to provide support system navigation services, as described in AUMA, that meet specific minimum performance standards, including, among other standards, capability of providing service 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, and 365 days per year. This bill would also establish the Community Reinvestments Grants Program Fund, as a continuously appropriated fund, thereby making an appropriation, and require certain funds distributed to GO-Biz pursuant to AUMA to be deposited into that fund.

Cannabidiol. The California Uniform Controlled Substances Act, classifies controlled substances into 5 designated schedules with the most restrictive limitations generally placed on controlled substances classified in Schedule I, and the least restrictive limitations generally placed on controlled substances classified in Schedule V. Existing law places cannabis in Schedule I. Cannabidiol is a compound found in cannabis. This bill, if one of specified changes in federal law regarding the controlled substance cannabidiol occurs, would provide that a physician, pharmacist, or other authorized healing arts licensee who prescribes, furnishes, or dispenses a product composed of cannabidiol, in accordance with federal law, is in compliance with state law governing those acts.

Indian tribes: commercial cannabis activity. Would amend AUMA by authorizing the Governor to enter into an agreement with a federally recognized Indian tribe authorizing commercial cannabis activity that requires the tribe to establish a cannabis regulatory commission that would exercise exclusive regulatory authority over all commercial cannabis activity, by both Indians and non-Indians,
in Indian country and that requires the commission to adopt standards that meet or exceed the standards adopted under the state’s regulatory framework governing commercial cannabis activity.

**AB 948**

Location: SENATE  APPR. SUSPENSE FILE  
**Bonta** D (Dist. 18)

**Cannabis: taxation: electronic funds transfer.** Would, until January 1, 2022, authorize a person licensed under MAUCRSA whose estimated tax liability under that law averages $10,000 or more per month to remit amounts due by a means other than electronic funds transfer if the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration deems it necessary to facilitate collection of amounts due. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**AB 1002**

Location: SENATE  APPR. SUSPENSE FILE  
**Cooley** D (Dist. 8)

**Center for Cannabis Research.** Current law authorizes the creation by the University of California of the California Cannabis Research Program, the purpose of which is to develop and conduct studies intended to ascertain the general medical safety and efficacy of cannabis and, if found valuable, to develop medical guidelines for the appropriate administration and use of cannabis. Current law authorizes the program to conduct focused controlled clinical trials on the usefulness of cannabis in patients diagnosed with specified conditions, including cancer and glaucoma. This bill would expand the purview of the program to include the study of naturally occurring constituents of cannabis and synthetic compounds that have effects similar to naturally occurring cannabinoids.

**AB 1090**

Location: SENATE  APPR. SUSPENSE FILE  
**Cunningham** R (Dist. 35)

**Cannabis use: location restrictions.** Would prohibit the possession, smoking, or ingesting of cannabis or cannabis products in or upon the grounds of a school, day care center, or youth center, regardless of whether children are present. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**AB 1254**

Location: SENATE  2 YEAR  
**Wood** D (Dist. 2)

**Production or cultivation of a controlled substance: civil penalties.** Current law makes a person found to have violated specified provisions of law generally protecting fish and wildlife, water, or other natural resources in connection with the production or cultivation of a controlled substance liable for a civil penalty in addition to any penalties imposed by any other law. With respect to a violation that occurs on land that a person owns, leases, or otherwise uses or occupies with the consent of the landowner, existing law makes each day that a violation occurs or continues to occur a separate violation subject to the additional civil penalty. This bill would also make each day that a violation occurs or continues to occur on the specified types of public or private land or while the person was trespassing on public or private land a separate violation subject to the additional civil penalty.

**AB 1527**

Location: SENATE  B., P. & E.D.  
**Cooley** D (Dist. 8)

**State and local marijuana regulatory agencies: employees.** Would prohibit a former employee of the Bureau of Marijuana Control, a licensing authority, the panel, or a local jurisdiction who had specified regulatory or licensing responsibilities from being employed by a person or entity licensed under AUMA or MCRSA for a period of one year from the last date of employment by the bureau, licensing authority, panel, or local jurisdiction.

**AB 1578**

Location: SENATE  INACTIVE FILE  
**Jones-Sawyer** D (Dist. 59)

**Cannabis programs: cooperation with federal authorities.** Would prohibit a state or local agency, as defined, from taking certain actions without a federal agent obtaining a court order signed by a judge and presenting that order to the state or local agency, including using agency money, facilities, property, equipment, or personnel to assist a federal agency to investigate, detain, detect, report, obtain information, or arrest a person for commercial or noncommercial cannabis activity that is
authorized or allowed under state and local law in the State of California and from transferring an individual to federal law enforcement or detaining an individual at the request of federal law enforcement or federal authorities for cannabis-related activity that is legal under state and applicable local law.

**AB 1627**

**Location:** SENATE  2 YEAR  
**Cooley D (Dist. 8)**

**Adult Use Marijuana Act: testing laboratories.** Would transfer the regulation of testing laboratories under AUMA from the State Department of Public Health to the bureau. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend, by a majority vote, certain provisions of the act to implement specified substantive provisions, provided that the amendments are consistent with and further the purposes and intent of the act. This bill would declare that its provisions implement specified substantive provisions of AUMA. The bill would also declare that its provisions further specified purposes and the intent of that act.

**AB 1686**

**Location:** SENATE  2 YEAR  
**Gloria D (Dist. 78)**

**Adult-use cannabis and medicinal cannabis: licenses: application: labor peace agreement.** The Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MAUCRSA), requires an applicant for a MAUCRSA license with 20 or more employees to provide the licensing authority with a statement that the applicant will enter into, or demonstrate that it has already entered into, and abide by the terms of a labor peace agreement. MAUCRSA requires an applicant for a MAUCRSA license to provide the licensing authority with a statement, signed by the applicant under penalty of perjury, that the information provided is complete, true, and accurate. This bill would require that the statement relating to the labor peace agreement be signed, notarized, and submitted electronically. The bill would authorize an applicant to submit a physical copy of the labor peace agreement in the event that the licensing authority does not have the ability to receive electronic copies of labor peace agreements.

**AB 1700**

**Location:** SENATE  APPR. SUSPENSE FILE  
**Cooper D (Dist. 9)**

**Adult-use cannabis and medicinal cannabis: license application: OSHA training.** Would require an applicant for a state license under MAUCRSA to provide a statement that the applicant employs, or will employ within one year of receiving a license, an employee who has successfully completed a federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration 10-hour general industry course. By expanding the scope of the crime of perjury, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**AB 1741**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  REV. & TAX  
**Bonta D (Dist. 18)**

**Cannabis: taxation: electronic funds transfer.** The Sales and Use Tax Law authorizes, before January 1, 2022, a person issued a seller’s permit for a place of business that is a dispensary, as defined in the Medical Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act, which was repealed, to remit amounts due for retail sales at the dispensary by a means other than electronic funds transfer. This bill, until January 1, 2022, would instead authorize a person licensed under MAUCRSA, whose estimated tax liability under that law averages $10,000 or more per month, to remit amounts due by a means other than electronic funds transfer if the board deems it necessary to facilitate collection of amounts due.

**AB 1793**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  PUB. S.  
**Bonta D (Dist. 18)**

**Cannabis convictions: resentencing.** Would require the Department of Justice, before July 1, 2019, to review the records in the state summary criminal history information database and to identify past convictions that are potentially eligible for resentencing or dismissal pursuant to AUMA. The bill would require the department to notify the courts of all cases in their jurisdiction that are eligible for resentencing or dismissal. The bill would require the courts to notify the prosecution of all cases under review and would authorize the prosecution to challenge the resentencing or dismissal if the person does not meet the eligibility requirements or presents an unreasonable risk to public safety.
**AB 1863**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

**Jones-Sawyer** D (Dist. 59)

**Personal income tax: deduction: commercial cannabis activity.** Would, for each taxable year beginning on and after January 1, 2019, specifically provide in the Personal Income Tax Law for nonconformity to that federal law disallowing a deduction or credit for business expenses of a trade or business whose activities consist of trafficking specified controlled substances, only for commercial cannabis activity, as defined, authorized under MAUCRSA, thus allowing deduction of business expenses for a cannabis trade or business under the Personal Income Tax Law, as provided.

**AB 1996**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY B.&P.

**Lackey** R (Dist. 36)

**The California Cannabis Research Program.** Would conform the name of the Cannabis Research Program, also sometimes referred to as the California Marijuana Research Program or the Center for Medicinal Cannabis Research, throughout the code, including for purposes of the appropriation made by AUMA, as the California Cannabis Research Program and would specify that the program is hosted by the Center for Cannabis Research.

**AB 2020**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY B.&P.

**Quirk** D (Dist. 20)

**Cannabis: local jurisdiction licensees: temporary event permits.** The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act of 2016 (AUMA), an initiative measure approved as Proposition 64 at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, authorizes a person who obtains a state license under AUMA to engage in commercial adult-use cannabis activity pursuant to that license and applicable local ordinances. The Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MAUCRSA), among other things, consolidates the licensure and regulation of commercial medicinal and adult-use cannabis activities. This bill would authorize a local jurisdiction to apply for a temporary event license, and would generally require that local jurisdiction to comply with all existing licensure requirements that apply to any other applicant.

**AB 2069**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY L. & E.

**Bonta** D (Dist. 18)

**Medicinal cannabis: employment discrimination.** Would prohibit an employer from engaging in employment discrimination against a person on the basis of his or her status as, or positive drug test for cannabis by, a qualified patient or person with an identification card. The bill would provide that it does not prohibit an employer from refusing to hire an individual or discharging an employee who is a qualified or person with an identification card, if hiring or failing to discharge an employee would cause the employer to lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law.

**AB 2164**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY L. GOV.

**Cooley** D (Dist. 8)

**Local ordinances: fines and penalties: cannabis.** Current law requires the ordinance adopted by the local agency to provide for a reasonable period of time, as specified in the ordinance, for a person responsible for a continuing violation to correct or otherwise remedy the violation prior to the imposition of administrative fines or penalties, when the violation pertains to building, plumbing, electrical, or other similar structural or zoning issues, that do not create an immediate danger to health or safety. This bill would provide that the ordinance may, but is not required to, provide a reasonable time for a person responsible for a continuing violation to correct or otherwise remedy the violation prior to the imposition of administrative fines or penalties, when the violation both pertains to building, plumbing, electrical, or other similar structural or zoning issues, that do not create an immediate danger to health or safety, and exists as a result of, or to facilitate, the cultivation of cannabis.

**AB 2520**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

**Cooper** D (Dist. 9)

**California Illegal Marijuana Task Force.** Would create the California Illegal Marijuana Task Force, which would, among other things, analyze existing statutes to determine if they adequately address
illegal cannabis cultivation, manufacturing, distribution, sales, and diversion of cannabis to other states, and recommend necessary revisions or new provisions. The bill would specify the membership of the task force, and would require members to be selected and to meet no later than March 1, 2019. The bill would require the task force to conduct a study, as specified, and report its findings to the Legislature on or before December 31, 2019. The bill would repeal these provisions as of January 1, 2022.

**AB 2525**  
*Location*: ASSEMBLY W., P. & W.  
*Wood* D (Dist. 2)

**Conservation of public lands: unlawful cannabis cultivation: mitigation and enforcement.** Would require the Department of Fish and Wildlife to collaborate with the Department of Parks and Recreation to conduct an annual survey of all public lands, as defined, and all surface water sources on public lands, for unlawful cannabis cultivation activity; to compile a database of unlawful cannabis cultivation activity occurring on public lands; and to ensure that this activity is eradicated by the Watershed Enforcement Team or other appropriate authority.

**AB 2717**  
*Location*: ASSEMBLY B.&P.  
*Lackey* R (Dist. 36)

**Cannabis: local control: city responsibility for county regulatory function.** Would require a city to assume from the county complete responsibility for any regulatory function relating to licensees located within the jurisdictional boundaries of the city, regardless of whether the state delegates to the city full power and authority to enforce MAUCRSA and promulgated regulations. By imposing additional duties on cities, this bill would create a state-mandated local program. The bill would authorize a city to contract in writing with the county in which it is located to arrange for the county to fulfill any of the city’s regulatory functions relating to licensees located within the jurisdictional boundaries of the city. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**AB 2799**  
*Location*: ASSEMBLY B.&P.  
*Jones-Sawyer* D (Dist. 59)

**Adult-use cannabis and medicinal cannabis: license application: OSHA training.** Would require an applicant for a state license under MAUCRSA to provide a statement that the applicant employs, or will employ within one year of receiving a license, one supervisor and one employee who have successfully completed the Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) 30-hour general industry course given by a Cal-OSHA authorized training provider. By expanding the scope of the crime of perjury, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**AB 2810**  
*Location*: ASSEMBLY AGRI.  
*Levine* D (Dist. 10)

**Sun-Grown Cannabis Commission.** Would create the Sun-Grown Cannabis Commission in the state government with a prescribed membership, and would specify the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the commission board of directors. The commission board of directors would be authorized to, among other things, conduct research for specified purposes, assess and address the impact of local and state regulations on the cannabis products industries, and collect and disseminate market price information to prevent unfair trade practices.

**AB 2899**  
*Location*: ASSEMBLY B.&P.  
*Rubio* D (Dist. 48)

**Cannabis: advertisements: license number.** MAUCRSA requires all cannabis advertisements and marketing to accurately and legibly identify the licensee responsible for that content by adding, at a minimum, the licensee’s license number and prohibits a technology platform from displaying the advertisement on an Internet Web page unless the advertisement displays that licensee’s license number. This bill would require that the license number displayed on the advertisement be the licensee’s State of California Commercial Cannabis Activity license number.
**AB 2914**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  B.&P.  
**Cooley D ( Dist. 8)**

**Cannabis in alcoholic beverages.** Would prohibit a commercial cannabis licensee from also being licensed as a retailer of alcoholic beverages or tobacco products. The bill would prohibit a licensee from selling a cannabis product that is an alcoholic beverage, including, but not limited to, an infusion of cannabis into an alcoholic beverage. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**AB 2929**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  B.&P.  
**Quirk D ( Dist. 20)**

**Cannabis.** MAUCRSA requires that, with the exception of testing laboratory licenses, which can be used to test cannabis products regardless of whether for commercial adult-use or commercial medicinal cannabis, all licenses issued under MAUCRSA bear a clear designation indicating whether the license is for adult-use activity or medicinal activity, as specified. This bill would allow a licensee to conduct any commercial cannabis activity allowed under its license with any other licensee, as specified, and would find and declare that this furthers the purpose of the initiative measure.

**AB 2980**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  B.&P.  
**Gipson D ( Dist. 64)**

**Cannabis: premises: common space.** Would define premises as the area specified in the application wherein the license privileges are, or will be, exercised, as provided. The bill would require that provisions of MAUCRSA not be construed to prohibit two or more licensed premises from sharing common use areas wherein no license privileges will be exercised so long as alllicensees comply with the requirements of the act, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**AB 3067**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  B.&P.  
**Chau D ( Dist. 49)**

**Internet: marketing: minors: cannabis.** Would prohibit an operator of an Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application directed to minors, or an advertising service that is notified by an operator that the site, service, or application is directed to minors, from marketing or advertising any cannabis, cannabis product, cannabis business, or cannabis-related instrument or paraphernalia on the Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application.

**AB 3069**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  B.&P.  
**Cooper D ( Dist. 9)**

**Cannabis: informational, educational, or training events.** Would authorize a cannabis informational, educational, or training event to be held for state and local government officials, including, but not limited to, legislators, city council members, law enforcement organizations, emergency medical services staff, firefighters, child protective services, and social workers. The bill would authorize the display of cannabis products at an event held at an unlicensed location only if the general public does not have access to the event and would prohibit onsite consumption, sampling, or sale of cannabis during the event. The bill would authorize licensed cannabis retailers and manufacturers to transport cannabis products to the event without a cannabis event organizer license or a temporary cannabis event license.

**AB 3157**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  REV. & TAX  
**Lackey R ( Dist. 36)**

**Taxation: cannabis.** The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), an initiative measure approved as Proposition 64 at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, and additionally amended by statute, imposes an excise tax commencing January 1, 2018, on the purchase of cannabis and cannabis products, as defined, at the rate of 15% of the average market price of any retail sale by a cannabis retailer. This bill would reduce that excise tax rate to 11% on and after the effective date of this bill until June 1, 2021, at which time the excise tax rate would revert.
back to 15%. This bill would suspend the imposition of the cultivation tax on and after the effective date of this bill until June 1, 2021.

**AJR 27**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

**Cannabis.** This measure would urge United States Department of Justice not to direct its enforcement priorities towards California’s lawfully and closely regulated cannabis industry, among other things.

**SB 118**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

**Cannabis: licenses: criminal records.** MAUCRSA requires an applicant to electronically submit fingerprint images to the Department of Justice for the purpose of obtaining information as to the existence and content of a record of state or federal convictions and arrests. Existing law requires the Department of Justice to provide a response to the licensing authority, as provided. This bill would specify that the Bureau of Cannabis Control, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health may obtain and receive, at their discretion, criminal history information from the Department of Justice and the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation for an applicant for any state license under MAUCRSA, including any license established by a licensing authority by regulation pursuant to the authority described above.

**SB 162**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Cannabis: marketing.** Would specify that advertising or marketing cannabis or cannabis products in a manner intended to encourage persons under 21 years of age to consume cannabis or cannabis products includes all advertising of cannabis or cannabis products through the use of branded merchandise, including, but not limited to, clothing, hats, or other merchandise with the name or logo of the product. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**SB 175**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Marijuana: county of origin: marketing and advertising.** The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), an initiative measure enacted by the approval of Proposition 64 at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, provides for the licensure and regulation of commercial nonmedical marijuana activities, for which responsibility is also generally divided between those same state entities. Both MCRSA and AUMA prohibit the use of the name of a California county in the labeling, marketing, or packaging of medical marijuana products or nonmedical marijuana products unless the marijuana contained in the product was grown in that county. This bill would specify that those prohibitions also apply to the advertising of marijuana and include the use of any similar sounding name that is likely to mislead consumers as to the origin of the product.

**SB 311**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Medical cannabis and nonmedical marijuana: testing by a licensee.** The Medical Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act and the Adult Use of Marijuana Act, requires all cultivators, manufacturers, and licensees holding a producing dispensary license in addition to a cultivation or manufacturing license to send all medical cannabis, medical cannabis products, marijuana, and marijuana products cultivated or manufactured to a distributor for presale quality assurance and inspection by a distributor and for a batch testing by a testing laboratory prior to distribution to a dispensary or retailer. This bill would also authorize a licensee to perform testing on the licensee’s premises of cannabis or cannabis products obtained from another licensee for the purpose of quality assurance.

**SB 794**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Edible marijuana products: labeling and packaging.** Would require each single serving of an edible marijuana product to be stamped, marked, or otherwise imprinted directly on the product with a universal symbol that is designed by the Bureau of Marijuana Control. The bill would specify the
required size and visibility of the universal symbol. The bill would require edible marijuana products to be sold in packaging that is tamperproof, child resistant, and, if the product contains more than one serving, resealable. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend, by a 2/3 vote, certain provisions of the act, provided that the amendments are consistent with, and further the purposes and intent of, the act.

**SB 930**

**Location:** SENATE  B. & F. I.

**Hertzberg** D (Dist. 18)

**Financial institutions: cannabis.** Would create the Cannabis Limited Charter Banking Law, to be administered by the Commissioner of Business Oversight and the Department of Business Oversight. The bill would create the Cannabis Limited Charter Bank Advisory Board and specify its composition, to include the Treasurer, the Controller, and the Chief of the Bureau of Cannabis Control, and commit to it the general responsibility for ensuring that this law functions in a safe and efficient way.

**SB 1302**

**Location:** SENATE  GOV. & F.

**Lara** D (Dist. 33)

**Cannabis: local jurisdiction: prohibitions on delivery.** Would prohibit a local jurisdiction from preventing delivery of cannabis or cannabis products on public roads, or to an address that is located within the jurisdictional boundaries of that local jurisdiction, by a licensee who is acting in compliance with MAUCRSA and who is acting in compliance with any license, permit, or other authorization obtained from another local jurisdiction. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**AB 1912**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  P.E., R. & S.S.

**Rodriguez** D (Dist. 52)

**Public employees’ retirement: joint powers agreements: liability.** Under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, if the agency is not one or more of the parties to the agreement but is a public entity, commission, or board constituted pursuant to the agreement, the debts, liabilities, and obligations of the agency are the debts, liabilities, and obligations of the parties to the agreement, unless the agreement specifies otherwise. Current law also permits a party to an agreement to separately contract for, or assume responsibilities for, specific debts, liabilities, or obligations of the agency. Current law, with respect to electrical loads, permits entities authorized to be community choice aggregators to participate as a group through a joint powers agency and to also specify in their joint powers agreement that the debts, liabilities, and obligations of the agency shall not be those of the members of the agency. This bill would eliminate the above provisions within the Joint Exercise of Powers Act and those related provisions for community choice aggregators that permit an agreement between one or more parties to specify otherwise as to their debts, liabilities, and obligations and that permit a party to separately contract for those debts, liabilities, or obligations.

**Disaster Preparedness**

**SB 821**

**Location:** SENATE  G.O.

**Jackson** D (Dist. 19)

**Emergency notification: county jurisdictions.** Would authorize each county, including a city and county, to develop a mechanism to access the contact information of resident accountholders through the records of a public utility or other agency responsible for water service, waste and recycling services, or other property-related services for the sole purpose of enrolling county residents in a
county-operated public emergency warning system. The bill would specify that any county that develops such a mechanism would be required to include procedures to enable any resident to opt out of the warning system and not to use the information gathered for any purpose other than for emergency notification.

### Early Childhood Education

#### AB 11
**Location:** SENATE  HEALTH  
**McCarty** D ( Dist. 7)

**Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment Program:** screening services. Would require, consistent with federal law, that screening services under the EPSDT program include developmental screening services for individuals zero to 3 years of age, inclusive, in compliance with the periodicity schedule and the standardized and validated screening tools that are established by the Bright Futures/American Academy of Pediatrics Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care and by any future updates to those recommendations. The bill would also make legislative findings and declarations relating to child development.

#### AB 60
**Location:** SENATE  2 YEAR  
**Santiago** D ( Dist. 53)

**Subsidized child care and development services:** eligibility periods. Would require that a family, upon establishing initial eligibility or ongoing eligibility for services under the Child Care and Development Services Act, be considered to meet all eligibility requirements for those services for not less than 12 months, receive those services for not less than 12 months before having its eligibility redetermined, and not be required to report changes to income or other changes for at least 12 months, except as provided. The bill would revise the definition of “income eligible” and provide that the definition applies for purposes of establishing initial income eligibility for services under the act, and would add a definition of “ongoing income eligible” for purposes of establishing ongoing income eligibility for services under the act.

#### AB 605
**Location:** SENATE  DESK  
**Mullin** D ( Dist. 22)

**Day care centers:** birth to first grade license option. Would require the State Department of Social Services to adopt regulations on or before January 1, 2019, to develop and implement a birth to entering first grade license option for day care centers. The bill would require the regulations to include age-appropriate transition times, as specified, a requirement that a single integrated license option list the age groups of children being served at the day care center, and a requirement that all other licensing regulations that apply to a day care center shall also apply to a birth to entering first grade license option.

#### AB 1754
**Location:** ASSEMBLY  ED.  
**McCarty** D ( Dist. 7)

**Pre-K for All Act of 2018.** Current law requires the Superintendent to administer all California state preschool programs, which include part-day age and developmentally appropriate programs for 3- and 4-year-old children, as provided. Existing law provides that 3- and 4-year-old children are eligible for the state part-day preschool program if the family meets one of several eligibility requirements, including income eligibility. This bill, the Pre-K for All Act of 2018, would require the state to provide all 4-year-old children who meet those eligibility requirements with access to early care and education programs.

#### AB 1883
**Location:** ASSEMBLY  CONSENT CALENDAR  
**Weber** D ( Dist. 79)

**Human services:** child care and development services: food assistance benefits. The Child Care and Development Services Act, administered by the State Department of Education, provides that children from infancy to 13 years of age are eligible for federal and state subsidized child development services if their families meet at least one requirement in each of certain areas. This bill would require, for purposes of determining eligibility for services under the act, that the income of a person who is on state or federal active duty, active duty for special work, or Active Guard and Reserve duty in the
military not include the amount of the basic allowance for housing provided to that person, pursuant to specified federal law, if the allowance is equal to the lowest rate of the allowance for the military housing area in which the person resides.

**AB 2001**

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

**Reyes** D (Dist. 47)

**Family child care home education networks.** Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to contract with entities organized to operate family child care home education networks that support educational objectives for children in licensed family child care homes that serve families eligible for subsidized care. Current law requires the family child care home education network programs to include certain components, including an assessment of each family child care home provider to ensure that services are of high quality and are educationally and developmentally appropriate. This bill would require that tools used to make these assessments be appropriate to family child care home settings, and would require a family child care home education network program to include the maintenance of a developmental portfolio for each child, as provided, and opportunities for parent involvement.

**AB 2292**

Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**Aguiar-Curry** D (Dist. 4)

**Child care: reimbursement rates: start-up costs: grants.** The Child Care and Development Services Act establishes a system of child care and development services for children up to 13 years of age, and requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to implement a plan establishing assigned reimbursement rates, per unit of average daily enrollment, to be paid by the state to provider agencies for the provision of those services. Current law also provides for an adjustment factor to be applied to units of average daily enrollment if a provider agency serves children who meet specified criteria. This bill would increase the adjustment factor for infants who are 0 to 18 months of age, and toddlers who are 18 to 36 months of age, and are served in a child day care center, and for infants and toddlers who are 0 to 36 months of age and are served in a family child care home.

**AB 2626**

Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**Mullin** D (Dist. 22)

**Child care services.** The Child Care and Development Services Act provides that a family that establishes initial eligibility or ongoing eligibility on the basis of seeking employment shall receive services for not less than 6 months. The act, for purposes of establishing income eligibility for services, defines "income eligible" to mean a family has an adjusted monthly income at or below 70% the state median income, as provided. This bill would instead provide that a family seeking employment, or experiencing homelessness or incapacity, as a basis for initial eligibility or ongoing eligibility shall receive services for not less than 12 months. The bill would provide that a family receiving these services shall occur on no more than 5 days per week at 6.5 hours per day.

**AB 2698**

Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**Rubio** D (Dist. 48)

**California state preschool programs: general child care and development programs: mental health consultation services: adjustment factors.** Would require the application of an adjustment factor of 1.05 for children who are served in a California state preschool program, and for infants and toddlers who are 0 to 36 months of age and are served in general child care and development programs, where early childhood mental health consultation services are provided, pursuant to specified requirements.

**AB 3175**

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Rubio** D (Dist. 48)

**Child life specialist services.** Current law establishes various programs and services for the promotion of child health, administered by the State Department of Public Health or the State Department of Health Care Services. Current law provides for the regulation of health facilities by the State Department of Public Health. This bill would require specified health practice settings to offer
child life specialist services, as defined, and to meet certain conditions relating to the availability of child life specialists in those settings.

**SB 837**

*Location: SENATE ED.*

**Transitional kindergarten: enrollment for 4-year-olds.** Current law requires, in the 2014–15 school year and each school year thereafter, and as a condition of receipt of apportionments for pupils in a transitional kindergarten program, a child who will have his or her fifth birthday between September 2 and December 2 to be admitted to a transitional kindergarten program maintained by a school district or charter school. This bill, as a condition of receipt of apportionments for pupils in a transitional kindergarten program, beginning in the 2020–21 school year, would require progressively younger 4-year-old pupils to be admitted to a transitional kindergarten program maintained by a school district or charter school, as provided, until, in the 2022–23 school year and each school year thereafter, the bill would require all 4-year-old pupils to be admitted to a transitional kindergarten program maintained by a school district or charter school.

**Economic Development**

**AB 1561**

*Location: SENATE DESK*

**Economic development: infrastructure: logistic hubs.** Current law requires the Director of the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development to provide to the Legislature, not later than February 1, 2019, a strategy for international trade and investment that includes, at minimum, specified components. Existing law requires that this strategy include a framework that enables the office to evaluate on an ongoing basis, as appropriate, current workforce, infrastructure, research and development, and other needs of small and large firms, including, among other things, airports. Instead require that the strategy identify the process the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development will use to complete that evaluation, and would require that the strategy also evaluate logistic hubs.

**AB 1715**

*Location: SENATE B., P. & E.D.*

**International trade and investment offices.** Would require the Director of GO-Biz to establish a process for accepting letters of interest from public and private entities that are interested in partnering with the state to operate an international trade and investment office in a foreign country. The bill would require the office to review the letters of interest and determine whether they are complete within 30 days of submittal. The bill would also require the director to make a determination, within 90 days of receipt of a complete letter of interest, as to whether to request a full proposal, as specified, for the operation of the office.

**AB 1900**

*Location: ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX*

**Capital investment incentive programs: income and corporation taxes: credit: employment: retail trade.** Current law, until January 1, 2019, authorizes a county, city and county, or city to establish a capital investment incentive program, pursuant to which the county, city and county, or city is authorized to pay, upon request, a capital investment incentive amount that does not exceed the amount of property tax derived from that portion of the assessed value of a qualified manufacturing facility that exceeds $150,000,000 to a proponent of a qualified manufacturing facility for up to 15 years. This bill would extend the authorization until January 1, 2024, and would revise the definition of “qualified manufacturing facility” to include a facility operated by a mail-order house, by referencing a specified 2012 NAICS code.

**AB 2633**

*Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT*

**California Socioeconomic Development Pod Program.** Would establish the California Socioeconomic Development Pod Program within GO-Biz. The bill would require GO-Biz to designate socioeconomic development pods, as defined, to stimulate partnerships, economic development, and
job creation, as specified. The bill would require GO-Biz to identify blighted areas suited for the program and would prescribe certain characteristics that a pod is required to have and a noninclusive list of activities a pod may perform.

### Education

**AB 1894**  
Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.  

**Postsecondary education: student hunger.** Current law requires each public and private postsecondary educational institution that is located in a county that participates in the Restaurant Meals Program (RMP) to apply to become an approved food vendor for the program, if the institution operates any qualifying food facilities, as defined, on campus, or to provide contracting on-campus food vendors, as defined, with specified information about the program. This bill would require an approved on-campus qualifying food facility that participates in the RMP pursuant to the bill to meet all of the requirements for participation in that program.

**AB 1935**  
Location: ASSEMBLY HIGHER ED.  

**Community colleges: tutoring.** Under current law, community college districts throughout the state have established campuses where they provide instruction to students. Current law establishes a system through which state funds are apportioned to community college districts based on specified formulas. A provision of existing law identifies the noncredit community college courses and classes that are eligible for state apportionment funding. This bill would provide that supervised tutoring for degree-applicable and transfer-level courses, as authorized pursuant to regulations adopted by the board of governors, is eligible for state apportionment funding.

**AB 2235**  
Location: ASSEMBLY ED.  

**County community schools: funding.** Would require the school district of residence or the school district of attendance of a pupil enrolled in a county community school to pay to the county wherein the pupil is enrolled, for purposes of the county community school, the amount of the local control funding formula base grant and, if applicable, supplemental grant for each average daily attendance credited to the school district of residence or attendance for that pupil.

**AB 3063**  
Location: ASSEMBLY ED.  

**Education finance: Opportunity Youth Reengagement Fund.** Would establish the Opportunity Youth Reengagement Fund in order to provide funding to local educational agencies, as defined, serving reengaged opportunity youth. The bill would provide that a youth who is eligible to participate in the program funded under the bill would include a pupil formerly identified as a dropout, an expelled pupil, and a pupil who has not been enrolled for at least 90 days irrespective of designation, including, but not necessarily limited to, a pupil identified as a transfer pupil but who has not reenrolled in a public elementary or secondary school for at least 90 days.

**AB 3136**  
Location: ASSEMBLY ED.  

**Special education funding.** Current law requires the Superintendent, for the 2013–14 fiscal year, to compute an equalization adjustment for each special education local plan area for purposes of increasing the funding rates for special education local plan areas with funding rates below the 90th percentile, as specified. This bill would increase that percentile to the 95th percentile and would require the Superintendent to compute that equalization adjustment commencing with the first fiscal year after funds are apportioned pursuant to a specified formula and for each fiscal year thereafter in which an equalization appropriation is made, as specified.
SB 114

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

**Location:** ASSEMBLY BUDGET

**Education finance.** Current law requires the Department of Finance to calculate the state median income for various family sizes, as provided, for purposes of establishing income eligibility for services under the Child Care and Development Services Act and requires the Department of Finance to update those calculations and provide them to the State Department of Education no later than May 1 of each fiscal year. This bill would require the Department of Finance to update its calculations of the state median income for various family sizes and provide the updated data to the State Department of Education no later than March 1 of each fiscal year. The bill would instead require the Superintendent to design the family fee schedule based on the most recent census data available on state median family income in the past 12 months, adjusted for family size.

SB 121

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

**Location:** ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

**Education: Child care: individualized county child care subsidy plans: the Every Kid Counts (EKC) Act.** Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to develop standards for the implementation of quality child care programs. Current law authorizes the Counties of Alameda, Contra Costa, Fresno, Marin, Monterey, San Benito, San Diego, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Solano, and Sonoma, as individual pilot projects, to develop an individualized county child care subsidy plan, as provided. Current law repeals each of these pilot programs on specified dates. This bill would repeal, recast, and revise the law relating to the above-specified counties’ individualized subsidy plans and make related conforming changes, as provided. The bill would extend the operative dates of the individualized pilot programs by 6 months.

Elections

**AB 84**

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

**Mullin** D (Dist. 22)

**Primary elections: election date.** Would require that the presidential primary election be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in March of a year that is evenly divisible by the number 4. The bill would require that the statewide direct primary election be held on that same day in March and consolidated with the presidential primary election during a presidential primary election year. The statewide direct primary election would continue to be held in June of an even-numbered year in which a presidential primary election is not held.

**AB 666**

Location: SENATE E. & C.A.

**Aquiar-Curry** D (Dist. 4)

**Elections: voter information guides: candidate statements.** Under current law, a candidate for State Senate or Assembly who accepts specified voluntary expenditure limits may purchase the space to place a statement in the voter information portion of the county voter information guide that does not exceed 250 words. This bill would require an elections official who posts a form on his or her Internet Web site for a candidate for State Senate or Assembly to use to submit his or her statement, as described above, to accept that form when it is submitted in accordance with certain timeframes and procedures for the preparation of the voter information portion of the county voter information guide.

**AB 939**

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

**Low** D (Dist. 28)

**Elections: precincts: postings.** Current law, before opening the polls, requires the precinct board to post at least two copies of the index to the affidavits of voter registration for that precinct in separate, convenient places at or near the polling place. Current law allows the copies of the index to be by street address in numerical order. This bill instead would require the copies of the index to be by street address in numerical order. By imposing additional duties on elections officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.
Payment of expenses. Current law requires that all expenses authorized and necessarily incurred to prepare for and conduct an election be paid from the county treasuries, except as otherwise provided. This bill would require the state to pay expenses authorized and necessarily incurred to prepare for and conduct certain vacancy elections, as specified.

California Voting Rights Act. The California Voting Rights Act requires the court to implement appropriate remedies for a violation, including the imposition of district-based elections, that are tailored to remedy the violation. This bill would prohibit the court from imposing district-based elections unless the plaintiff has established that district-based elections would remedy the dilution or abridgment of voting rights and that alternatives to district-based elections would not achieve greater voting rights and other benefits.

Elections: initiatives and referenda. Would transfer from the Attorney General to the Legislative Analyst the duty of preparing the title and summary for a proposed initiative or referendum. The measure would also require, for each measure that appears on a statewide ballot, that the Legislative Analyst to prepare the ballot label, and the ballot title and summary for the ballot pamphlet.

Emergency medical services workers: rights and working conditions. Would require an employer that provides emergency medical services as part of an emergency medical services system or plan to authorize and permit its employees engaged in prehospital emergency services to take prescribed rest periods, including specifying grounds for interruption of a rest period and compensation for an interrupted rest period. The bill also would require the employer to provide these employees with prescribed meal periods, including specifying grounds for interruption of a meal period and compensation for an interrupted meal period.

Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Act. Would create the Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Act. The bill would, for purposes of the act, define a "peer support team" as a local critical incident response team composed of individuals from emergency services professions, emergency medical services, hospital staff, clergy, and educators who have completed a peer support training course developed by the Office of Emergency Services, the California Firefighter Joint Apprenticeship Committee, or the Commission on Correctional Peace Officer Standards and Training, as specified.
Medi-Cal: ground emergency medical transportation services. Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to develop a modified supplemental reimbursement program, with necessary federal approvals, that would seek to increase the reimbursement to certain ground emergency medical transportation providers, as specified. Current law states the Legislature’s intent in enacting these provisions to provide the supplemental reimbursement without any expenditure from the General Fund. This bill would exclude from the definition of an “emergency medical transport provider” a county, city, city and county, school district, municipal corporation, district, or political subdivision, or other local agency, as defined.

Employee Relations

Workers’ compensation: return-to-work program. Current law funds the return-to-work program with $120,000,000 per year derived from the Workers’ Compensation Administration Revolving Fund. Current law requires the Director of the Division of Workers’ Compensation to determine eligibility for payments and the amount of payments, as specified. This bill would require the director to have the program distribute the $120,000,000 annually to eligible workers, as specified, and would require, commencing with the end of the 2017 calendar year, that any remaining program funds available after the above-described supplemental payments are made be distributed pro rata to those eligible workers, subject to a $25,000 limit per calendar year.

Public employment: payroll deductions. Current law prescribes various duties of the Controller in connection with deductions requested by employee organizations and other bona fide organizations regarding requests for deductions from the salaries and wages of their members. Current law prescribes the duties of the governing boards of school districts in regard to requests by certificated employees for deductions from the salaries and wages, and prescribes similar duties for the governing boards of community college districts. Current law authorizes a trial court employee or interpreter to permit a dues deduction from his or her salary in the same manner provided to public agency employees pursuant to specified law applicable to the state and the Controller, as described above. This bill would revise and recast these provisions.

Employment: lactation accommodation. Current law requires every employer to provide a reasonable amount of break time to accommodate an employee desiring to express breast milk for the employee’s infant child and requires an employer to make reasonable efforts to provide the employee with the use of a room or other location, other than a toilet stall, in close proximity to the employee’s work area for the employee to express milk in private. This bill would instead require an employer to make reasonable efforts to provide an employee with use of a room or other location, other than a bathroom, for these purposes.

Public employers: employee organizations. Current law prohibits a public employer, as defined, from deterring or discouraging public employees from becoming or remaining members of an employee organization. Under current law, a public employer is defined, for these purposes, to include counties, cities, districts, the state, schools, transit districts, the University of California, and the California State University, among others. Existing law grants the Public Employment Relations Board jurisdiction over violations of these provisions. This bill would include in the definition of “public employer” under these provisions those employers of excluded supervisory employees and judicial council employees.
**AB 2069**
*Location: ASSEMBLY L. & E.*

**Medicinal cannabis: employment discrimination.** Would prohibit an employer from engaging in employment discrimination against a person on the basis of his or her status as, or positive drug test for cannabis by, a qualified patient or person with an identification card. The bill would provide that it does not prohibit an employer from refusing to hire an individual or discharging an employee who is a qualified or person with an identification card, if hiring or failing to discharge an employee would cause the employer to lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law.

**AB 2841**
*Location: ASSEMBLY L. & E.*

**Sick leave: accrual and use.** Would change the requirements of the employer's alternate sick leave accrual method to require no less than 40 hours of accrued sick leave or paid time off by the 200th calendar day of employment, as specified. The bill would also provide an employer is under no obligation to allow an employee's total accrual of paid sick leave to exceed 80 hours or 10 days, as specified. The bill would raise the limitation on sick leave carried over to the following year of employment to 40 hours or 5 days.

**SB 1123**
*Location: SENATE RLS.*

**Disability compensation: paid family leave.** Would expand the scope of the family temporary disability insurance program to include time off to participate in a qualifying exigency related to the active duty status of the individual's spouse, domestic partner, child, or parent in the armed forces of the United States, as specified. The bill would, when an employee for the first time requests leave because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the active duty or call to active duty status, or notification of an impending call or order to active duty, of the employee's spouse, domestic partner, child, or parent in the armed forces of the United States, authorize the Employment Development Department to require the employee to provide a copy of the active duty orders or other documentation issued by the military.

**Environmental Health**

**AB 1404**
*Location: SENATE 2 YEAR*

**California Environmental Quality Act: categorical exemption: infill development.** CEQA requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare and develop, and the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to certify and adopt, guidelines for the implementation of CEQA. CEQA requires the guidelines to include a list of classes of projects that have been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment and that shall be exempt from CEQA (categorical exemption). Current guidelines for the implementation of CEQA exempts from the requirements of CEQA infill development meeting certain requirements, including the requirement that the proposed development occurs within city limits. This bill would revise the above-described categorical exemption to include proposed residential and mixed-use housing projects occurring within an unincorporated area of a county.

**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

**AB 1804**
*Location: ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.*

**California Environmental Quality Act: categorical exemption: infill development.** CEQA requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare and develop, and the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to certify and adopt, guidelines for the implementation of CEQA. CEQA requires the guidelines to include a list of classes of projects that have been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment and that are required to be exempt from CEQA (categorical exemption). Current guidelines for the implementation of CEQA exempts from the requirements of CEQA infill development meeting certain requirements, including the requirement that the proposed development occurs within city limits. This bill would revise the above-described categorical exemption
to include proposed residential and mixed-use housing projects occurring within an unincorporated area of a county.

**Position:** San Bernardino County Support

**AB 1905**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.  
**Grayson** D (Dist. 14)

**Environmental quality: judicial review: transportation projects.** Would, in an action or proceeding seeking judicial review under the California Environmental Quality Act, prohibit a court from staying or enjoining a transportation project that would reduce total vehicle miles traveled, that is included in a sustainable communities strategy, and for which an environmental impact report has been certified, unless the court makes specified findings.

**First Responders**

**AB 238**
**Location:** SENATE RLS.  
**Steinorth** R (Dist. 40)

**Emergency response: trauma kits.** Would define “trauma kit” to mean a first aid response kit that contains specified items, including, among other things, at least 2 tourniquets. The bill would require a person or entity that supplies a trauma kit to provide the person or entity that acquires the trauma kit with all information governing the use, installation, operation, training, and maintenance of the trauma kit. The bill would apply the provisions governing civil liability as specified to a lay rescuer or person who renders emergency care or treatment by using a trauma kit and to a person or entity that provides training in the use of a trauma kit to provide emergency medical treatment, or certifies certain persons in the use of a trauma kit.

**AB 1795**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH  
**Gipson** D (Dist. 64)

**Emergency medical services: community care facilities.** Would authorize a local emergency medical services agency to submit, as part of its emergency services plan, a plan to transport specified patients to a community care facility, as defined, in lieu of transportation to a general acute care hospital. The bill would make conforming changes to the definition of advanced life support to include prehospital emergency care provided before and during, transport to a community care facility, as specified.

**Health and Human Services**

**AB 85**
**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR  
**Rodriguez** D (Dist. 52)

**General assistance: employable veterans.** Current law requires each county to provide aid to its indigent residents not supported by other means. Current law permits a county to prohibit an employable individual from receiving general assistance benefits for more than 3 months in any 12-month period, whether or not the months are consecutive, if he or she has been offered an opportunity to attend job skills or job training sessions. This bill would, commencing July 1, 2018, exempt from that prohibition an employable veteran who was honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, unless the county enacts an ordinance, by July 1, 2018, making the prohibition applicable to an employable veteran who was honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces.

**AB 164**
**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR  
**Arambula** D (Dist. 31)

**Food assistance.** Would require, on and after July 1, 2018, the State Department of Social Services to develop a mechanism to respond to changing needs for food assistance and to allow the department flexibility to provide nutrition benefits for specific populations. The bill would set forth criteria for the mechanism, including requiring the mechanism to be designed to issue nutrition benefits using EBT and designed in a manner that can target various populations, depending on the purpose of the specific benefit.
Medi-Cal. Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to develop and prepare one or more reports issued on at least a quarterly basis and make the reports public within 30 days for the purpose of informing the California Health and Human Services Agency, the California Health Benefit Exchange, the Legislature, and the public about the enrollment process for all insurance affordability programs. Current law further requires the department to collect the data for these reports pursuant to specified administrative procedures. This bill would require these ongoing reports to be issued on at least a biannual basis and be made public within 90, rather than 30, days.

CalWORKs: education incentives. Would, contingent upon the appropriation in the Budget Act of an amount sufficient to carry out the purposes of the bill, as determined by the department, create the CalWORKs Educational Opportunity and Attainment Program. The bill would provide CalWORKs recipients with a monthly education incentive grant of $100 for attainment of a high school diploma or its equivalent as an ongoing adjustment to the recipient's monthly cash grant, if the recipient meets certain eligibility criteria.

Public social services for deaf persons. Current law requires the State Department of Social Services, with the advice of persons knowledgeable about the provision of public social services to deaf and hard-of-hearing persons, to establish the criteria for funding public social services for the deaf and hard of hearing. This bill, upon appropriation by the Legislature, would require the department to provide deaf access program services to deaf and hard-of-hearing individuals who reside in a linguistically isolated household, as defined.

State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program: funding. Current law requires the California Department of Aging to allocate federal and state funds for local ombudsman programs according to a specified distribution, but prohibits the department from allocating less than $35,000 per fiscal year, except in areas with fewer than 10 facilities and fewer than 500 beds. This bill would increase the base allocation for local ombudsman programs to $100,000 per fiscal year in any year in which funds are made available for allocation, as specified.

Foster youth: independent living services. Current law designates the State Department of Social Services as supervisor and administrator of public social services, including the Independent Living Program. Current law requires each county department of social services to submit an annual Independent Living Program report to the department, as specified. This bill would require each county department of social services to publish on the county’s Internet Web site information regarding all services offered to participants in the Independent Living Program, as specified. The bill would require each county department of social services to annually update that information.

CalWORKs: Baby Wellness and Family Support Home Visiting Program. Would establish the Baby Wellness and Family Support Home Visiting Program that would require the State Department of Social Services to allocate funds to counties for the purpose of implementing or contracting with specified early home visiting programs to provide voluntary home visiting programs approved by the
Medi-Cal: eyeglasses. Current law provides for a schedule of benefits under the Medi-Cal program, which includes eyeglasses, subject to utilization controls. Current law provides, except as specified, that certain optional Medi-Cal benefits, including, among others, optometric and optician services, are excluded from coverage under the Medi-Cal program. This bill, to the extent federal financial participation is available, any necessary federal approvals are obtained, and funds are appropriated by the Legislature for its purposes, would restore coverage of one pair of eyeglasses provided every 2 years to an individual 21 years of age or older.

Child death investigations: review teams. Current law authorizes each county to develop a protocol to be used as a guideline by persons performing autopsies on children to assist coroners and other persons who perform autopsies in the identification of child abuse or neglect, in the determination of whether child abuse or neglect contributed to death or whether child abuse or neglect had occurred prior to but was not the actual cause of death, and in the proper written reporting procedures for child abuse or neglect, including the designation of the cause and mode of death. This bill would require the autopsy-related protocol described above to be developed by the State Department of Public Health, and would authorize the department to consult with the Counties of Los Angeles and Sacramento in developing the protocol. The bill would require the protocol to include data collection, confidentiality, and reporting provisions.

Domestic violence and sexual assault: prevention. Would create the Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Prevention Fund and require that moneys in the fund be used, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to provide grants to nonprofit organizations for the purpose of funding programs that incorporate comprehensive, evidence-based, and promising practices to prevent domestic violence and sexual assault. The bill would require grants to be awarded by the Office of Emergency Services according to criteria for funding that would be established by the office in consultation with practitioners and experts in the field of domestic violence and sexual assault prevention. The bill would require grants to be 3 years in length and for a minimum amount of $150,000.

Foster care: placements: database. Current law generally provides for the placement of foster youth, and provides for the licensure and regulation by the State Department of Social Services of specified facilities that provide care for foster youth, including foster family agencies and short-term residential therapeutic programs. This bill would require specified placement settings that provide care to dependent children and youth, nonminor dependents, and wards, and other appropriate placements identified by the department, to provide to the department a daily census of available beds and a comprehensive listing of the services provided by the placement setting, as specified.

Dependent children: periodic review hearing. Would require, in any case in which a dependent child or nonminor dependent is detained or placed for more than 5 consecutive calendar days in emergency shelter care, a temporary shelter care facility, or a transitional shelter care facility, as defined, or is inappropriately residing in a place that is not a licensed or approved shelter, home, or facility, the court to periodically review the action taken by the social worker to locate a placement consistent with the case plan for the dependent child or nonminor dependent.
County juvenile transition centers. Current law provides for the supervision of persons discharged from the Division of Juvenile Facilities and from county juvenile facilities by county probation departments and provides funds to the counties for that purpose. This bill would require every county, after consultation with stakeholders, to establish at least one juvenile transition center in the county that would provide housing and services to youth upon release from juvenile correctional facilities.

State government: Department of Justice: Children’s Justice Fund. Would create in the State Treasury the Children’s Justice Fund for the deposit of penalty moneys that are recovered pursuant to any action or settlement of a claim brought by the Bureau of Children’s Justice. Subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the bill would require those moneys to be expended by the bureau for specified purposes.

Foster care payments: income. The Aid to Families with Dependent Children-Foster Care (AFDC-FC) program requires foster care providers to be paid a per child per month rate, established by the State Department of Social Services, for the care and supervision of the child placed with the provider. Existing law prohibits foster care payments from being considered income of the foster parent or child for purposes of determining eligibility and benefits for specified state or federal programs unless required by federal law as a condition of the receipt of federal financial participation. This bill would repeal the above-described prohibition on foster care payments from being considered income.

Resource families: pilot program: supportive services. Would require the State Department of Social Services to establish and facilitate a pilot program, as specified, for counties that elect to participate, to increase placement stability for foster youth and facilitate greater resource family retention through strengths-based, skills-based, trauma-informed coaching. The bill would set forth the components of the pilot program and would require the department, by June 30, 2019, to convene a work group, including individual and stakeholder members, to provide recommendations to the department regarding certain parameters of the pilot program, as specified.

CalFresh. Would make a household that is terminating its participation in a TANF-funded or state maintenance of effort-funded cash assistance program, or a state-funded cash assistance program that provides assistance to families with children, eligible for transitional CalFresh benefits upon certification and guidance issued by the State Department of Social Services to the county human services agencies. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

In-home supportive services: written content translation. Would clarify that the State Department of Social Services is required to provide translations of written content, as defined, in languages spoken by a substantial number of providers of in-home supportive services. The bill would permit the department to work with counties and the County Welfare Directors Association to repurpose existing, county-produced translations of written content.
Child abuse reporting: cross-reporting among local agencies. Would, no later than January 1, 2029, require each county to establish a private and secure online database for cross-reporting allegations of child abuse and neglect. The bill would require each database to be implemented with policies to oversee the sharing of information, including, but not limited to, cross-reporting among the county welfare department, the district attorney's office, and local law enforcement agencies, to ensure that each agency carries out its mandated investigative response to reports of child abuse or neglect.

CalWORKs: housing assistance. As part of the CalWORKs program, a homeless family that has used all available liquid resources in excess of $100 is eligible for homeless assistance benefits to pay the costs of temporary shelter if the family is eligible for aid under the CalWORKs program. Under current law, eligibility for temporary shelter assistance is limited to one period of up to 16 consecutive days every 12 months, except as specified. Current law provides that a break in the consecutive use of the benefit constitutes an exhaustion of the temporary benefit for that 12-month period. This bill would instead provide that the temporary shelter assistance is limited to 16 cumulative calendar days every 12 months for one episode in which the family has not secured permanent housing, except as specified.

Social services: access to food. Would require the State Department of Social Services, the State Department of Public Health, the State Department of Education, and the Department of Food and Agriculture, to develop a plan to end hunger. The bill would require the plan to be distributed to the Legislature no later than January 1, 2020, and would establish criteria for the plan, including that the plan request the Regents of the University of California, and direct the Trustees of the California State University and the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges, to develop systems that allow EBT cards to be used on their respective campuses, and present a report to the Assembly Select Committee on Campus Climate on the progress that has been made, by March 1, 2019.

CalWORKs eligibility: immunizations. Would require a county human services agency to obtain or receive documentation that each child in an assistance unit who is not required to be enrolled in school has received all age-appropriate immunizations. The bill would require the county to review the
California Immunization Registry before requiring an applicant or recipient to provide documentation that a child has received all age-appropriate immunizations. The bill would require the county to send notice of the requirement to submit documentation, as specified, to the applicant or recipient, and, if requested, to provide transportation services necessary to ensure immunization of a child.

**AB 2025**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY AGING & L.T.C.

**Maienschein** R (Dist. 77)

**Elders Living with Dignity, Empathy, Respect, and Support (ELDERS) Bond Act.** Would provide for submission to the voters of the Elders Living with Dignity, Empathy, Respect, and Support (ELDERS) Bond Act of 2020. The bill would provide that, if enacted by the people, the state would be authorized to issue and sell general obligation bonds in the aggregate amount of $200,000,000. The proceeds of these bonds would be placed in a fund, which would be appropriated to the Controller, without regard to fiscal years, for allocation, at the request of the Treasurer.

**AB 2030**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY CONSENT CALENDAR

**Limón** D (Dist. 37)

**CalWORKs: accommodations.** Would require the Department of Social Services to include questions regarding an applicant’s need for accommodation due to disability or domestic violence in any amendment or revision to the CalWORKs standard form for initial applications or the semiannual report form adopted on or after January 1, 2019. The bill would also require, if an applicant or recipient requires an accommodation, the county welfare department to include a notice on the first page of the applicant or recipient’s file to inform the applicant or recipient’s caseworker of his or her need for accommodation.

**AB 2043**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**Arambula** D (Dist. 31)

**Foster youth: family urgent response system.** Would make legislative findings and declarations, stating the intent of the Legislature in adopting this bill to build upon the current CCR implementation effort. The bill would require the department to establish a statewide hotline, operational no later than January 1, 2020, as the entry point for a state-based Family Urgent Response System, as defined, to respond to calls from caregivers or current or former foster youth when a crisis arises, as specified. The bill would require the hotline to include, among other things, referrals to the county, as specified, for further support and in-person response.

**AB 2083**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**Cooley** D (Dist. 8)

**Foster youth: trauma-informed system of care.** Would state the intent of the Legislature in adopting the bill to build upon the current CCR implementation effort by, among other things, developing a coordinated, timely, and trauma-informed system-of-care approach for foster children and youth who have experienced severe trauma. The bill would require each county to develop and implement a memorandum of understanding, as specified, setting forth the roles and responsibilities of agencies and other entities that serve children and youth in foster care who have experienced severe trauma. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**AB 2111**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**Quirk** D (Dist. 20)

**CalWORKs: sponsored noncitizen: indigent exception.** Would, to the extent permitted by federal law, regulations, waivers, and directives, authorize a county to renew the 12-month exception period for additional 12-month periods for a sponsored applicant for, or recipient of, CalWORKs benefits who is deemed to meet the indigence requirement, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**AB 2112**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Santiago** D (Dist. 53)

**Federal 21st Century Cures Act: community-based crisis response plan: grant.** Current federal law, the 21st Century Cures Act, authorizes the United States Secretary of Health and Human
Services to award competitive grants to state and local governments and Indian tribes and tribal organizations to enhance community-based crisis response systems that, among other things, promote integration and coordination between local public and private entities engaged in crisis response, such as first responders, health care providers, and behavioral health providers, and addresses gaps in community resources for crisis intervention and prevention. This bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to develop and submit an application to solicit a grant under the federal authority described above to develop a community-based crisis response plan and would require the grant application to include, at a minimum, a plan for specified objectives.

Foster care: gender affirming health care and behavioral health services. Would specify that all minors and nonminors in foster care have the right to have access to gender affirming health care and gender affirming behavioral health care. The bill would, upon the request of a child or nonminor dependent, or his or her caregiver, attorney, Court Appointed Special Advocate, or social worker, require the county child welfare agency to ensure that the child or nonminor dependent has access to gender affirming health care and gender affirming behavioral health services, which are defined to mean health care or behavioral health services that respect the gender identity of the patient, as specified.

CalFresh: able-bodied adults without dependents. Current federal law limits a participant who is an able-bodied adult without dependents (ABAWD) to 3 months of CalFresh benefits in a 3-year period unless that participant has met specified work participation requirements. Current law also exempts certain adults from the ABAWD time limit, including persons determined to be medically certified as physically or mentally unfit for employment, which are persons who receive temporary or permanent disability benefits issued by governmental or private sources, who are obviously mentally or physically unfair for employment, or who provides a statement from specified appropriate medical personnel stating that the person is physically or mentally unfit for employment. This bill would, to the extent permitted by federal law and guidance, require a person who experiences food insecurity to be considered “unfit for employment” for purposes of determining whether a person is exempt from the federal ABAWD time limit.

Mental health services: gravely disabled. Current law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled,” among other things, as a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for his or her basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter. This bill would change the definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes to read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, his or her own basic personal needs for food, clothing, shelter, or medical care without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of his or her essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

Elder and dependent adult financial abuse. Current law requires persons designated as mandated reporters of suspected financial abuse, as defined, to report known or suspected instances of elder or dependent adult financial abuse and makes failure to comply with these requirements subject to a civil penalty not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000) or if the failure to report is willful, a civil penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5,000). Current law defines “mandated reporters” for purposes
of these requirements as all officers and employees of financial institutions. This bill would also include within the definition of mandated reporters for these purposes, a money transmitter.

**AB 2183**
Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.  
**Rubio** D (Dist. 48)

**Foster care: resource family.** Current law defines a resource family as an individual or family that has successfully met both home environment assessment standards and permanency assessment criteria, as specified, necessary for providing care for a child placed by a public or private child placement agency by court order, or voluntarily placed by a parent or legal guardian. This bill would authorize a county to waive the permanency assessment criteria and approve an individual or family as a resource family upon completion of a home environment assessment if exceptional circumstances exist, as specified.

**AB 2207**  
Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.  
**Eggman** D (Dist. 13)

**Commercially sexually exploited children.** Would require, commencing no later than July 1, 2019, and until March 1, 2021, the State Department of Social Services to issue reports on a quarterly basis to the Legislature addressing the progress of each county in this state toward fully implementing policies and practices that consistently provide a safe environment, appropriate services, and specialized placements for CSEC who are receiving child welfare services. The reports would include, among other things, an accounting of how each county has expended specified General Fund moneys allocated to that county for CSEC programs since fiscal year 2014-15, as specified.

**AB 2216**  
Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.  
**Patterson** R (Dist. 23)

**Human trafficking victims assistance: grants.** Current law creates the Human Trafficking Victims Assistance Fund in the State Treasury. Current law makes the Office of Emergency Services responsible for awarding grants, based on specified criteria, to qualified nonprofit organizations that provide services to victims of human trafficking. This bill would appropriate $10,000,000 from the General Fund to the Office of Emergency Services for the purpose of awarding grants to support programs for victims of human trafficking.

**AB 2233**  
Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH  
**Kalra** D (Dist. 27)

**Medi-Cal: Assisted Living Waiver program.** Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to develop a federal waiver program, known as the Assisted Living Waiver program, to test the efficacy of providing an assisted living benefit to beneficiaries under the Medi-Cal program. Existing law requires that the benefit include, but not be limited to, the care and supervision activities specified for residential care facilities for the elderly. Current law requires implementation of the program only to the extent federal financial participation is available and funds are appropriated or otherwise available for the program. This bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to submit, in 2019, to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services a request for renewal of the Assisted Living Waiver program with specified amendments.

**AB 2236**  
Location: ASSEMBLY CONSENT CALENDAR  
**Maienschein** R (Dist. 77)

**Conservatorships.** Current law provides that upon the death of a conservatee, the conservator is authorized to contract for and pay for the reasonable expenses of the deceased conservator and the unpaid expenses of the conservatorship from any personal property under the control of the conservator. This bill would clarify that a conservatorship continues until terminated by the death of the conservatee, subject to the existing provisions of law as described that continue to authorize a conservator to take certain actions with regard to the estate of a deceased conservatee.
Foster youth: placement changes. Would require a social worker or placing agency to implement a plan to preserve an existing placement prior to making a change to a dependent child’s placement. The bill would require the plan to include the dependent child’s child and family team, restorative justice practices, and facilitated mediation. If a placement change is necessary, the bill would require the social worker or placing agency to provide 15 days prior notice of the change, as specified. The bill would prohibit placement changes from occurring during specified hours.

Children of incarcerated parents: working group. Would require the Board of State and Community Corrections to convene a working group regarding the specified needs of children of incarcerated parents. The bill would require the working group to include representatives from the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, the Judicial Council, the Chief Probation Officers of California, and children of incarcerated parents and their advocacy groups, among others. The bill would require the working group to develop guidelines for policy and procedure decisions that impact children of incarcerated parents and to make policy and fiscal recommendations to the Legislature for potential revisions to state law.

Public social services programs: qualified ABLE Program accounts. Current law requires that an ABLE account only be established for a designated beneficiary who is a resident of the United States, and that the board market the program to residents of the United States to the extent funds are available. Current law also provides that moneys in, contributions to, and any distribution for qualified disability expenses from, an ABLE account, not to exceed $100,000, do not count toward determining eligibility for a state or local means-tested program. This bill would repeal the $100,000 limitation on moneys in, contributions to, and distributions for qualified disability expenses from, an ABLE account, for purposes of determining eligibility for a state or local means-tested program.

CalWORKs: eligibility. Current law provides for the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program, under which each county provides cash assistance and other benefits to qualified low-income families and individuals. Current law prohibits the granting of CalWORKs aid to a child who has attained 18 years of age unless the child is less than 19 years of age, is attending high school or vocational training on a full-time basis, and is reasonably expected to complete the educational or training program before his or her 19th birthday. This bill would extend this exception to make a person who is less than 20 years of age eligible for CalWORKs assistance if he or she is attending high school or vocational training on a full-time basis and is reasonably expected to complete the educational or training program before his or her 20th birthday.
AB 2297

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Arambula D (Dist. 31)

CalWORKs and CalFresh: Hunger Impact Act of 2018. Existing law requires each county to provide cash assistance and other social services to needy families through the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program using federal Temporary Assistance to Needy Families block grant program, state, and county funds. Existing law specifies the amounts of cash aid to be paid each month to CalWORKs recipients. This bill, the Hunger Impact Act of 2018, would change that monthly maximum amount for recurring special needs to $15, and would instead require that there be a special diet or food preparation allowance paid each month in the amount of $15 or actual expenses, whichever is greater, to a recipient who has a verified special diet or food preparation need, as specified.

AB 2323

Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

Rubio D (Dist. 48)

Child abuse or neglect: foster children. Would, in cases in which a receiving agency receives a report of child abuse or neglect that involves a child in foster care in which the abuse or neglect occurred in a community care facility, require the receiving agencies to coordinate investigation efforts with the licensing agency, as specified, and notify the Office of the State Foster Care Ombudsperson within 24 hours of receiving the report, and require an investigation conducted by the receiving agency or the licensing agency to be completed within 30 days of the receipt of the initial report. The bill would also add the Office of the State Foster Care Ombudsperson, as specified, to the list of individuals and entities to which reports may be disclosed.

AB 2325

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Irwin D (Dist. 44)

County mental health services: veterans. Would prevent a county from denying an eligible veteran county mental or behavioral health services while the veteran is waiting for a determination of eligibility for, and availability of, mental or behavioral health services provided by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. The bill would make specific findings and declarations about the county’s duty to provide mental and behavioral health services to veterans.

AB 2326

Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

Rubio D (Dist. 48)

CalWORKs: welfare-to-work: exemption. Current law provides a one-time exemption from the welfare-to-work requirements to a parent or other relative who has primary responsibility for personally providing care to a child 6 months of age or under, as specified. Under current law, an individual receiving that exemption is exempt for a period of 12 weeks, upon the birth or adoption of any subsequent children, which may be extended on a case-by-case basis to 6 months, based on criteria developed by the county. Current law also provide a one-time exemption to a parent or other relative who has primary responsibility for personally providing care to one child from birth to 23 months, inclusive. This bill would replace the above-described exemptions with an exemption that is offered to a parent or other relative who has primary responsibility for personally providing care to a child 24 months of age or under, without limiting the exemption to one child or one instance.

AB 2331

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Weber D (Dist. 79)

Medi-Cal: redetermination: developmental disability. Would require a county to perform a redetermination only every 36 months for a Medi-Cal beneficiary who has a developmental disability and who is determined to be eligible for services by a regional center. The bill would require the State Department of Developmental Services to make available to the State Department of Health Care Services an updated list of individuals who meet this condition.
**AB 2337**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY JUD.  
**Gipson D (Dist. 64)**

**Nonminor dependents.** Would authorize a nonminor who was under the dependency, delinquency, or transition jurisdiction of the court, who has not yet attained 21 years of age, and who exited foster care at or after the age of majority, to petition the court to resume dependency jurisdiction and would delete the alternative provision authorizing the nonminor to petition the court to assume transition jurisdiction.

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**AB 2393**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH  
**Committee on Health**

**Mental health.** Would prohibit a county from charging fees for Medi-Cal specialty mental health services to Medi-Cal beneficiaries who do not have a share of cost and Medi-Cal beneficiaries who have met their share of cost, and would authorize a county to charge fees to individuals who are not Medi-Cal beneficiaries and Medi-Cal beneficiaries who have a share of cost that has not been met, in accordance with the patient's ability to pay for community mental health services rendered, but not in excess of actual costs.

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**AB 2430**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH  
**Arambula D (Dist. 31)**

**Medi-Cal: program for aged and disabled persons.** Current law requires the department to exercise its option under federal law to implement a program for aged and disabled persons, as described. Current law requires an individual under these provisions to satisfy certain financial eligibility requirements, including, among other things, that his or her countable income does not exceed an income standard equal to 100% of the applicable federal poverty level, plus an income disregard of $230 for an individual, or $310 in the case of a couple, except that the income standard determined shall not be less than the SSI/SSP payment level for a disabled individual or couple, as applicable. This bill would instead require, upon receipt of federal approval, all countable income over 100% of the federal poverty level, up to 138% of the federal poverty level, to be disregarded, after taking all other disregards, deductions, and exclusions into account for those persons eligible under the program for aged and disabled persons.

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**AB 2579**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH  
**Burke D (Dist. 62)**

**Medi-Cal: California Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services, in collaboration with specified designated entities, to design, promulgate, and implement policies and procedures for an automated enrollment gateway system, operational no later than January 1, 2019, allowing children applying to the WIC Program to obtain express lane eligibility for, and to facilitate application for enrollment in, the Medi-Cal program, and allowing pregnant women applying to the WIC Program to obtain presumptive eligibility for the Medi-Cal program or the Medi-Cal Access Program, to the extent federal financial participation is available.

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**AB 2605**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HUM. S.  
**Gipson D (Dist. 64)**

**Foster care facilities.** Would require, until January 1, 2022, a group home, temporary shelter care facility, transitional shelter care facility, or short-term residential therapeutic program, for children, to contact law enforcement for conduct of a child residing at that facility only when there is an emergency situation that poses a real and immediate physical threat to a child or other person that requires law enforcement intervention to mitigate the threat or when the facility or a facility employee is required by law to report an incident to law enforcement, including mandated reporting of child abuse, or if the child is missing or has run away.
Licensed Mental Health Service Provider Education Program: former foster youth. The Licensed Marriage and Family Therapist Act and the Clinical Social Worker Practice Act require the Board of Behavioral Sciences to establish and assess biennial license renewal fees, as specified. Those acts also require the board to collect an additional fee at the time of renewal of those licenses and directs the deposit of that additional fee into the Mental Health Practitioner Education Fund. With respect to grants funded with that fee under the Licensed Mental Health Service Provider Education Program, the bill would require applicants who were formerly in California’s foster youth care system to receive priority over other applicants.

CalWORKs: aid amounts: education support payments. Would, effective May 1, 2019, make a child receiving CalWORKs aid who is not pregnant or parenting a child and who attains a high school diploma or its equivalent eligible to receive a one-time education support payment of $500. By increasing the administrative duties of counties administering the CalWORKs program, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Medi-Cal: CalWORKs: eligibility. Current law requires that a family who was receiving aid under the CalWORKs program in at least 3 of the 6 months immediately preceding the month in which that family became ineligible for that assistance due to income from employment, or other specified reasons, to remain eligible for health care services under the Medi-Cal program during the immediately succeeding 6-month period. Current law, in conformance with federal law, requires the State Department of Health Care Services to offer those beneficiaries the option of remaining eligible for health care services under the Medi-Cal program for an additional period of 6 months. Current federal law authorizes a state to elect to treat any reference to the initial 6-month extension period as a reference to a 12-month period, in which case the federal provisions relating to the additional 6-month extension do not apply. This bill would require the department, commencing January 1, 2019, to implement the option available under the above-described federal law to replace the initial 6-month extension period with a 12-month initial eligibility period, making the federal and state provisions relating to the additional 6-month extension inapplicable.

Residential care facilities for the elderly: referral agencies. Current law provides for licensure and regulation of residential care facilities for the elderly by the State Department of Social Services. This bill would require an agency that refers a person to a residential care facility for the elderly to register with the department, as specified, and to pay a fee. The bill would require a prescribed disclosure to be given to a client before providing a referral and would specify information that is required to be included on the referral agency's Internet Web site and other marketing materials.

Termination of parental rights in adoption proceedings. The Uniform Parentage Act authorizes a presumed father to waive the right to notice of any adoption proceeding by executing a specified form before a notary public or other authorized person. If the child is an Indian child, as defined under the federal Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA), the act requires a waiver of consent by an Indian presumed father to be executed in accordance with specified requirements set forth in the ICWA. This bill would provide that a presumed father’s waiver signed in accordance with these provisions is a sufficient basis for a court to order the termination of the presumed father’s parental rights without further notice.
Integrated and comprehensive health and human services system: County of Riverside. Current law provides for the county-administered In-Home Supportive Services program, under which qualified aged, blind, and disabled persons are provided with services in order to permit them to safely remain in their own homes. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to the provision described above governing the application for those services.

Child welfare services. Would require the state to encourage the development of approaches to child protection that ensure that children and youth are living in safety.

Mental Health Services Fund. The Mental Health Services Act requires funds allocated to a county that have not been spent within a specified time to revert to the Mental Health Services Fund and to be reallocated to other counties for the purposes for which the unspent funds were initially allocated to the original county. The MHSA permits amendment by the Legislature by a 2/3 vote of each house if the amendment is consistent with, and furthers the intent of, the MHSA. This bill would additionally require those funds subject to reversion to be reallocated to cities, special districts, school districts, or other public entities for the provision of mental health services consistent with the intent of the MHSA.

In-home supportive services: peer-to-peer training. Current law authorizes a county board of supervisors to contract with a nonprofit consortium, or to establish a public authority, to provide in-home supportive services and requires those entities to perform specified functions, including providing training providers and recipients. This bill would require the department to designate the hours, per county, to compensate providers of in-home supportive services for educating other providers, using peer-to-peer training, in subject areas relating to the program, including how to enroll as a new provider and how to navigate the program, as specified.

Foster youth: enrichment activities. Would establish, until January 1, 2024, the California Foster Youth Enrichment Grant Pilot Program. The bill would require the Department of Social Services, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to provide grants of $500 or less to qualified foster youth to enable them to participate in activities that enhance the foster youth’s skills, abilities, self-esteem, or overall well-being. The bill would require the department, on or before March 1, 2019, to convene a workgroup to develop an implementation plan for the pilot program.

Medi-Cal: immigration status: adults. Would extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals of all ages who are otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status. The bill would delete provisions delaying eligibility and enrollment until the director makes the determination described above. The bill would require the department to provide, indefinitely, the above-described monthly updates to the legislative committees. Because counties are required to make Medi-Cal eligibility determinations and this bill would expand Medi-Cal eligibility, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.
Child welfare services: recipients who are deaf and hard of hearing. Would require each county welfare department and any other county entity that provides child welfare services, as defined, to ensure that a recipient of child welfare services who is deaf or hard of hearing has equal access to those services at no cost to the recipient. The bill would require each county welfare department to designate one staff person to serve as the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Coordinator, as described, for the delivery of child welfare services in the county to children who are deaf and hard of hearing.

CalHEERS: application for CalFresh. The Health Care Reform Eligibility, Enrollment, and Retention Planning Act requires the State Department of Health Care Services to develop a single, accessible, standardized electronic application for insurance affordability programs, now known as the California Healthcare Eligibility, Enrollment, and Retention System and would require, if CalHEERS has the ability to prepopulate an application form for insurance affordability programs with personal information from available electronic databases, an applicant to be given the option, with his or her informed consent, to have the application form prepopulated. This bill would require CalHEERS to transfer an individual's application for health care benefits that is processed by CalHEERS to the county of residence of the individual within one working day if that individual is determined by CalHEERS to be potentially eligible for CalFresh benefits and the individual opts into applying for CalFresh benefits.

Personal care services. Would authorize a county board of supervisors to contract with a nonprofit consortium or to establish a public authority to provide waiver personal care services. The bill would authorize certain entities to meet and confer in good faith regarding wages, benefits, and other terms and conditions of employment with representatives of recognized employee organizations for an individual who is employed by a recipient of waiver personal care services. The bill would also make conforming changes.

Health care affordability assistance: cost sharing. Current state law establishes the California Health Benefit Exchange, also known as Covered California, within state government. Existing law specifies the powers and duties of the board governing Covered California, and requires the board to facilitate the purchase of qualified health plans by qualified individuals and qualified small employers. Current law establishes the California Health Trust Fund and continuously appropriates moneys in the fund for these purposes. This bill would require the board to ensure that no one below 250% of the federal poverty line enrolls in bronze level coverage, as defined, and would require the board to offer additional cost sharing financial assistance to those who are otherwise eligible for premium tax credits and who have incomes determined to be below 400% of the federal poverty level, as specified.

Consent by minors to treatment for intimate partner violence. Would authorize a minor who is 12 years of age or older and who states he or she is injured as a result of intimate partner violence to consent or decline to consent to medical care related to the diagnosis or treatment of the injury and the collection of medical evidence with regard to the alleged intimate partner violence. The bill would define “intimate partner violence” for these purposes and specifically exclude rape and sexual assault from its meaning.
AB 3200

Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

Public social services: SSI/SSP. Under current law, benefit payments under SSP are calculated by establishing the maximum level of nonexempt income and federal SSI and state SSP benefits for each category of eligible recipient, with an annual cost-of-living adjustment, effective January 1 of each year. Current law prohibits, for each calendar year, commencing with the 2011 calendar year, any cost-of-living adjustment from being made to the maximum benefit payment unless otherwise specified by statute, except for the pass along of any cost-of-living increase in the federal SSI benefits. Current law continuously appropriates funds for the implementation of SSP. This bill would reinstate the cost-of-living adjustment beginning January 1 of the 2019 calendar year.

AB 3224

Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

Public social services: county employees. Would require that all decisions governing eligibility for assistance for Medi-Cal, CalWORKs, and CalFresh that are made by a county employee be determined exclusively by a merit or civil service employee of the county. The bill would also include a statement of legislative findings and declarations.

ACR 77

Location: SENATE RLS.

Developmental centers. Would express the Legislature’s support for reinvesting revenues and cost savings from the closure and sale, lease, or repurposing of developmental centers into the community of persons with developmental disabilities, including through creation of a self-sustaining income mechanism to support persons with developmental disabilities and the establishment of a working group to examine the potential sale, lease, or repurposing of developmental center properties. The measure would express the Legislature’s intent that all savings from the developmental centers should be allocated for the support of persons with developmental disabilities, as specified.

HR 67

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Relative to Human Trafficking Awareness Month. This bill would resolve that the Assembly proclaims January 2018 as Human Trafficking Awareness Month in California in order to encourage greater awareness of human trafficking within the State of California, the United States of America, and internationally.

SB 111

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Health and human services. Current law requires the State Department of Developmental Services, in consultation with stakeholders, to develop an alternative service delivery model that provides an Individual Choice Budget for obtaining quality services and supports that provides choice and flexibility within a finite budget that, in the aggregate, reduces regional center purchase of service expenditures, reduces reliance on the General Fund, and maximizes federal financial participation. Current law places certain restrictions on the purchase of respite services, based on need and duration, until implementation of the Individual Choice Budget, as specified. AB 107 of the 2017–18 Regular Session would repeal the provision that places restrictions on the purchase of those services. This bill would delay the repeal of that provision until January 1, 2018.

SB 115

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Health and human services. Under current law, a county board of supervisors may elect to contract with a nonprofit consortium to provide for the delivery of in-home supportive services, or establish, by ordinance, a public authority to provide for the delivery of in-home supportive services. Current law requires, until January 1, 2020, a specified mediation process to be held if a public authority or nonprofit consortium fails to reach agreement on a bargaining contract with its in-home supportive services workers by January 1, 2018. This bill would clarify that the specified mediation process is
required if a public authority or nonprofit consortium and the employee organization have not reached an agreement on a bargaining contract with in-home supportive services workers by January 1, 2018.

**SB 120**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

**In-home supportive services provider wages: emergency caregiver payments for foster care: civil immigration detainees: recording fees.** The California Values Act prohibits state and local law enforcement agencies from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees, except as specified. This bill would specify that state and local law enforcement agencies are prohibited from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees for purposes of civil immigration custody, except as specified.

**SB 245**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Leyva** D (Dist. 20)

**Foster youth: sexual health education.** Current law requires a county social worker to create a case plan for foster youth within a specified timeframe after the child is introduced into the foster care system. This bill would require, for youth in foster care 10 years of age and older and for nonminor dependents who are enrolled in high school, the case plan to be updated yearly to indicate that the case management worker has verified that the youth has received comprehensive sexual health education, as specified.

**SB 426**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Pan** D (Dist. 6)

**Community-based home visitation pilot program.** Would, only until January 1, 2025, establish the Community-Based Home Visitation Program as a pilot program in no more than 3 counties in the state to provide child abuse and neglect prevention and intervention services to families through one family resource center located in each county. The bill would make the implementation of the pilot program subject to appropriation by the Legislature. The bill would require the Office of Child Abuse Prevention of the State Department of Social Services to administer the program, as specified, and would establish various criteria for the selection of the family resource centers through an application process.

**SB 562**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Lara** D (Dist. 33)

**The Healthy California Act.** Current law provides for the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services, under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. This bill, the Healthy California Act, would create the Healthy California program to provide comprehensive universal single-payer health care coverage and a health care cost control system for the benefit of all residents of the state.

**SB 931**

**Location:** SENATE PUB. S.

**Hertzberg** D (Dist. 18)

**Conservatorships: custody status.** Under current law, a professional person in charge of an agency providing comprehensive evaluation or a facility providing intensive treatment for a gravely disabled person may recommend a conservatorship for that person without that person being an inpatient in a facility providing comprehensive evaluation or intensive treatment, if specified conditions are met. This bill would expand that authority to a professional person in charge of providing mental health treatment at a county jail or his or her designee.

**SB 970**

**Location:** SENATE L. & I.R.

**Atkins** D (Dist. 39)

**Employment: human trafficking awareness.** Would amend FEHA to require specified employers to provide at least 20 minutes of prescribed training and education regarding human trafficking awareness to employees who are likely to interact or come into contact with victims of human
trafficking, as defined. The bill would establish a schedule for compliance commencing January 1, 2020. The bill would require the Department of Fair Employment and Housing, in the case of an employer violation of the bill’s requirements, to issue an order requiring compliance.

**SB 974**  
**Location:** SENATE HEALTH  
**Lara** D (Dist. 33)  

**Medi-Cal: immigration status: adults.** Current law requires individuals under 19 years of age enrolled in restricted-scope Medi-Cal at the time the Director of Health Care Services makes a determination that systems have been programmed for implementation of these provisions, be enrolled in the full scope of Medi-Cal benefits, if otherwise eligible, pursuant to an eligibility and enrollment plan, as specified. Current law makes the effective date of enrollment for those individuals the same day that systems are operational to begin processing new applications pursuant to the director’s determination. This bill would extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals of all ages who are otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status. The bill would also delete provisions delaying implementation until the director makes the determination described above.

**SB 982**  
**Location:** SENATE HUM. S.  
**Mitchell** D (Dist. 30)  

**CalWORKs: grant amount.** Current law requires the amount of cash aid paid each month to CalWORKs recipients to be determined by deducting the family's income, as specified, from specified sums, as adjusted for cost-of-living increases. Current law prohibits the amount of cash aid paid each month from exceeding those sums, as adjusted for cost-of-living increases, plus any allowance for recurring special needs, as specified. This bill would change the sums from which the family's income is to be deducted to determine the amount of cash aid paid each month, and would prohibit the amount of cash aid from being more than those specified sums or less than other specified sums.

**SB 1026**  
**Location:** SENATE RLS.  
**Jackson** D (Dist. 19)  

**Older adults and persons with disabilities: fall prevention.** Current law establishes the Senior Housing Information and Support Center within the California Department of Aging for the purpose of providing information and training relating to available innovative resources and senior services, and housing options and home modification alternatives designed to support independent living or living with family. This bill would repeal those provisions relating to the department’s provision of information on housing and home modifications for seniors.

**SB 1040**  
**Location:** SENATE HUM. S.  
**Dodd** D (Dist. 3)  

**In-home supportive services: natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency.** Would expand the definition of “supportive services” to include all needs and services required during a natural disaster resulting in a declared state of emergency, and authorize, under those same circumstances, a county to allocate additional hours of supportive services, as specified. The bill would require a county to use a void and reissue warrant process for any provider who lost or had damaged an uncashed warrant because of a natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency. The bill would require a county, including a city and county, at the next update to its emergency plan, to integrate and require the assessment and provision of supportive services to IHSS recipients.

**SB 1045**  
**Location:** SENATE JUD.  
**Wiener** D (Dist. 11)  

**Conservatorship: chronic homelessness: mental illness and substance abuse disorders.** Would establish a procedure for the appointment of a conservator for a person who is chronically homeless and incapable of caring for the person’s own health and well-being due to acute and severe mental illness or a severe substance abuse disorder, as evidenced by high-frequency emergency department use, high-frequency jail detention due to behavior resulting from the person’s severe mental illness or substance abuse disorder, or frequent placement under a 72-hour involuntary hold because, based on probable cause, the person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is a danger to others, or to himself
or herself, or is gravely disabled, for the purpose of providing appropriate placement in supportive housing that provides wraparound services.

### SB 1101
**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Mental health.** Current law, the Mental Health Services Act (MHSA), an initiative measure enacted by the voters as Proposition 63 at the November 2, 2004, statewide general election, establishes the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission to oversee the administration of various parts of the act. In addition to its existing duties, this bill would require the commission, on or before January 1, 2020, to establish 5 statewide objectives for the treatment and prevention of mental illness and metrics by which progress toward each of those objectives may be measured.

### SB 1359
**Location:** SENATE ED.

**Child care services: CalWORKs: Stage 2.** The Child Care and Development Services Act establishes 3 stages of child care services through which a recipient of CalWORKs will pass. The act provides that the 2nd stage of child care begins when a county determines that a recipient’s work or approved work activity is stable or when a recipient is transitioning off of aid and child care is available through a local stage 2 program. The act authorizes 2nd stage child care to be provided to a family who elects to receive a lump-sum diversion payment or diversion services, as provided. This bill would instead authorize 2nd stage child care to be provided to a family who elects to receive a lump-sum diversion payment or diversion services, as provided.

### SB 1446
**Location:** SENATE HUM. S.

**CalWORKs: welfare-to-work.** Would, beginning July 1, 2019, require the county to deem a recipient to be in compliance with CalWORKs' welfare-to-work requirements if the recipient reports and the county verifies, or the county otherwise discovers, that the recipient meets the federally required minimum average number of hours per week of welfare-to-work participation, as specified. The bill would require the county to arrange for the provision of necessary supportive services for these recipients, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program.

### SB 1458
**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**County mental health plans.** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require compliance from county mental health programs regarding reporting requirements established pursuant to the MHSA.

### SCR 15
**Location:** ASSEMBLY RLS.

**Human Trafficking Awareness Month.** This measure would proclaim the month of January 2017 as Human Trafficking Awareness Month, and encourage certain activities with regard to honoring that month, as specified.

### SJR 15
**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP).** This measure would urge the United States Congress to act swiftly to reauthorize the Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP) for at least 5 years, as specified.

### SR 21
**Location:** SENATE INACTIVE FILE

**Relative to World Day of the Fight Against Sexual Exploitation.** Would resolve that the Senate condemns trafficking in persons, especially women and children, which constitutes an offense and a
serious threat to human dignity and physical integrity, human rights, and development, and hereby recognizes March 4, 2017, as World Day of the Fight Against Sexual Exploitation.

**SR 76**

**Location:** SENATE  ADOPTED

**Relative to Human Trafficking Awareness Month.** This bill would proclaims January 2018 as Human Trafficking Awareness Month in California in order to encourage greater awareness of human trafficking within the State of California, the United States of America, and internationally.

**Health Care**

**AB 251**

**Location:** SENATE  INACTIVE FILE

**Health and care facilities: dialysis clinics.** Would, for each fiscal year starting on or after January 1, 2019, require a chronic dialysis clinic to submit a report to the State Department of Public Health detailing the total treatment revenue of the clinic, and the percentages of that total treatment revenue the clinic has expended on direct patient care services costs, health care quality improvements costs, federal and state taxes, facility license fees, and all other costs.

**AB 1963**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  HEALTH

**Medi-Cal: reimbursement: opioid addiction treatment.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to increase the Medi-Cal provider reimbursement rates, as specified, for medication-assisted treatments, buprenorphine/naloxone combination treatment, methadone treatment, and naltrexone treatment, provided by certified providers, for opioid addiction.

**AB 2122**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  HEALTH

**Medi-Cal: Blood lead screening tests.** Would require the Department of Health Care Services to ensure that a child enrolled in Medi-Cal receives blood lead screening tests at 12 and 24 months of age, and that a child 2 to 6 years of age, inclusive, receives a blood lead screening test if there is no record of a previous test for that child. The bill would require the department to report its progress toward blood lead screening tests for all enrolled children, as specified, annually on its Internet Web site, establish a case management monitoring system, and require health care providers to test enrolled children, as specified.

**AB 2472**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  HEALTH

**Health care coverage: Medi-Cal: public purchase option.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to apply to the United States Department of Health and Human Services for federal waivers to permit individuals whose income is greater than the income eligibility threshold for Medi-Cal benefits to purchase coverage under the Medi-Cal program through a separate public purchase option. The bill would require the Director of Health Care Services to report to the health and budget committees of the Legislature on its progress in this regard by January 1, 2020.

**AB 2502**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  HEALTH

**Health care payments database.** Would state the intent of the Legislature to establish a system to collect information regarding the cost of health care. The bill would require the Secretary of California Health and Human Services, no later than January 1, 2020, to establish, implement, and administer the California Health Care Payments Database. The bill would require certain health care entities, including health care service plans, to provide specified information to the secretary.
Health care coverage. Would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to improve affordability of health coverage offered through Covered California to those who are now eligible for financial assistance in the form of advance premium tax credits.

Health care: costs and outcomes. Would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would control health care costs, improve health outcomes, and reduce health disparities.

Medi-Cal: CalWORKs: eligibility. Current law requires that a family who was receiving aid under the CalWORKs program in at least 3 of the 6 months immediately preceding the month in which that family became ineligible for that assistance due to income from employment, or other specified reasons, to remain eligible for health care services under the Medi-Cal program during the immediately succeeding 6-month period. Current law, in conformance with federal law, requires the State Department of Health Care Services to offer those beneficiaries the option of remaining eligible for health care services under the Medi-Cal program for an additional period of 6 months. Current federal law authorizes a state to elect to treat any reference to the initial 6-month extension period as a reference to a 12-month period, in which case the federal provisions relating to the additional 6-month extension do not apply. This bill would require the department, commencing January 1, 2019, to implement the option available under the above-described federal law to replace the initial 6-month extension period with a 12-month initial eligibility period, making the federal and state provisions relating to the additional 6-month extension inapplicable.

Medi-Cal: telehealth: substance use disorder services. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to allow a licensed practitioner of the healing arts or a certified substance use disorder counselor to receive Medi-Cal reimbursement for substance use disorder services provided through telehealth in accordance with the Medicaid state plan. This bill contains other existing laws.

Medi-Cal: immigration status: adults. Would extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals of all ages who are otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status. The bill would delete provisions delaying eligibility and enrollment until the director makes the determination described above. The bill would require the department to provide, indefinitely, the above-described monthly updates to the legislative committees. Because counties are required to make Medi-Cal eligibility determinations and this bill would expand Medi-Cal eligibility, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Short-term limited duration health insurance. Current law requires an individual health care service health insurance policy to include, at a minimum, coverage for essential health benefits, as defined. These health care coverage market reforms in the individual market do not apply to short-term limited duration health insurance policies offered by a health insurer. This bill, commencing January 1, 2019, would prohibit a health insurer from issuing, selling, renewing, or offering a short-term limited duration health insurance policy, as defined, for health care coverage in this state. The bill would make conforming changes.
**SB 1154**

**Portantino** D (Dist. 25)

**Location:** SENATE HEALTH

**Medi-Cal: beneficiaries with HIV or AIDS.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to determine a per capita rate of payment to a managed care plan for services provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries with HIV or AIDS.

**SB 1228**

**Lara** D (Dist. 33)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Substance use disorder: licensed and certified treatment programs.** Would enact the Substance Use Disorder Patient Protection Act to prohibit a licensee or an employee of a licensee from referring a patient to a facility, residence, or dwelling that is not either a licensee or certified, or engaging in patient brokering. The act would define “patient brokering” to include, among other things, directly referring a patient to a provider of substance use disorder continuum of care in exchange for any economic benefit. The act would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish a program to approve organizations that certify facilities, residences, or dwellings which provide substance use disorder continuum of care, are not licensees, and meet specified requirements that include a ban on patient brokering.

**SB 1287**

**Hernandez** D (Dist. 22)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Medi-Cal: medically necessary services.** Under the Medi-Cal program, a service is “medically necessary” if it is reasonable and necessary to protect life, to prevent significant illness or significant disability, or to alleviate severe pain. This bill would revise the Medi-Cal definition of “medically necessary” for purposes of an individual under 21 years of age to incorporate the existing description of necessary EPSDT services under federal law. The bill would clarify, within the schedule of benefits under the Medi-Cal program for an individual under 21 years of age, that EPSDT services include those medically necessary services.

**SR 26**

**Hernandez** D (Dist. 22)

**Location:** SENATE ADOPTED

**Relative to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.** Would resolve that the Senate affirms its strong support for the Affordable Care Act and calls upon the United States Congress to reject any effort to repeal the Affordable Care Act unless it is simultaneously replaced with an alternative program that meets the standards clearly and consistently articulated by President Trump: that not one American will lose coverage and that coverage will be more affordable and of higher quality for all Americans. The Senate urges Congress to not jeopardize the health of millions of Americans by pushing through irresponsible policy in late-night hearings, but instead allow for comprehensive public review, including evaluations by the Congressional Budget Office and relevant policy committees, so that Americans have the opportunity to offer input and have their concerns heard.

**Homelessness**

**Gloria** D (Dist. 78)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Homeless Youth Housing Program.** Would establish the Homeless Youth Housing Program to, upon appropriation of funds by the Legislature, award grants to up to 10 recipients, as defined, that demonstrate the ability to contract with service providers capable of providing housing assistance and supportive services to homeless youth with the goal of transitioning youth towards self-sufficiency.

**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

**Maienschein** R (Dist. 77)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR.

**CalWORKs: housing assistance.** As part of the CalWORKs program, a homeless family that has used all available liquid resources in excess of $100 is eligible for homeless assistance benefits to pay the costs of temporary shelter if the family is eligible for aid under the CalWORKs program. Under current law, eligibility for temporary shelter assistance is limited to one period of up to 16 consecutive
days every 12 months, except as specified. Current law provides that a break in the consecutive use of the benefit constitutes an exhaustion of the temporary benefit for that 12-month period. This bill would instead provide that the temporary shelter assistance is limited to 16 cumulative calendar days every 12 months for one episode in which the family has not secured permanent housing, except as specified.

**Position:** San Bernardino County Support

**AB 2161**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR.

**Housing: homeless integrated data warehouse.** Would direct the Department of Housing and Community Development to create a state homeless integrated data warehouse, in coordination with the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, to develop a composite portrayal of the homeless population in the state and the services provided to this population or to those at risk of becoming homeless. The bill requires certain information to be compiled for the database, including, among other things, the number of individuals and families experiencing homelessness, their access to benefits, and the stated reasons for their homelessness.

**AB 2442**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Mental health.** Under the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, when a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is a danger to others, or to himself or herself, or gravely disabled, he or she may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody and placed in a facility designated by the county and approved by the State Department of Social Services for up to 72-hours for evaluation and treatment. Current law requires specified mental health professionals to assess a person to determine whether the person can be properly served without being detained, and if so, to provide evaluation, crisis intervention, or other inpatient or outpatient services on a voluntary basis. This bill would further require that if a determination is made that a person may be treated without being detained, and if the person is experiencing homelessness, he or she shall also be provided written information about local housing options, employment opportunities, and available public social services.

**AB 2490**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Vital records: homeless persons.** Current law requires each local registrar or county recorder to issue, without a fee, a certified record of live birth to any person who can verify his or her status as a homeless person or a homeless child or youth, as defined. Current law requires a homeless service provider, as described, to verify the person’s status as homeless for purposes of these provisions. This bill would further require the State Registrar to issue, without a fee, a certified record of live birth to any person who can verify his or her status as a homeless person or a homeless child or youth under the provisions described above.

**AB 2619**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Mental health services funding: homeless persons.** Would appropriate $10,000,000 from the General Fund to the State Department of Health Care Services to be distributed to counties for the purpose of funding innovative programs to provide mental health services to California’s homeless population.

**AB 2920**
**Location:** ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**Regional Homeless Efforts Matching Grant Program.** Would establish the Regional Homeless Efforts Matching Grant Program. The bill would require the State Department of Social Services to award grants, subject to appropriation for that purpose and in a total aggregate amount not exceeding $100,000,000, to cities that meet specified criteria and require that an eligible recipient use any grant awarded pursuant to the program for specified purposes in helping to alleviate homelessness. The bill would require an eligible recipient to apply to the department in order to receive a grant.
**AB 3085**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  H. & C.D.

**Calderon** D (Dist. 57)

**Homelessness: New Beginnings California Program.** Would establish the New Beginnings California Program in the Department of Community Services and Development and create the New Beginnings California Account for the purpose of providing grant funding to cities to implement, expand, or continue employment programs for homeless individuals, as specified. The bill would require qualifying employment programs to, among other things, connect program participants with employment and pay them an hourly wage that is at or above minimum wage.

**AB 3171**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  H. & C.D.

**Ting** D (Dist. 19)

**Homeless Persons Services Block Grant.** Would establish the Local Homelessness Solutions Program and create the Local Homelessness Solutions Account for the purpose of providing funding to cities, as defined, to create innovative and immediate solutions to the problems caused by homelessness, as specified. The bill would appropriate an unspecified sum from the General Fund to the Local Homelessness Solutions Account and direct the Controller to apportion those funds to cities in proportion to each city’s most recent homeless population, as specified.

**SB 307**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  2 YEAR

**Nguyen** R (Dist. 34)

**Postsecondary education: task force: study of student housing insecurity and homelessness.** Would request the University of California to convene a task force, consisting of 3 representatives of the University of California selected by the University of California, 3 representatives of the California State University selected by the California State University, and 3 representatives of the California Community Colleges selected by the California Community Colleges. The bill would require one of the representatives selected by each segment to be a student who is currently enrolled at a campus of that segment.

**SB 912**

**Location:** SENATE  T. & H.

**Beall** D (Dist. 15)

**Housing: homelessness programs and affordable housing.** Would, upon appropriation in the annual Budget Act, require that the sum of $2,000,000,000 be allocated from the General Fund to the Department of Housing and Community Development. The bill would require that $1,000,000,000 of that money be transferred to the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund and expended to assist in the new construction, rehabilitation, and preservation of permanent and transitional rental housing for persons with incomes of up to 60% of the area median income.

**SB 918**

**Location:** SENATE  HUM. S.

**Wiener** D (Dist. 11)

**Homeless Youth Act of 2018.** Would establish the Office of Homeless Youth in the Department of Housing and Community Development. The bill would set forth the duties of the office, including, but not limited to, setting specific, measurable goals aimed at preventing and ending homelessness among youth in the state. The bill would require the office to identify funding, policy, and practice gaps across state systems that serve, or hold the potential to serve, young people experiencing homelessness, develop specific recommendations and timelines for addressing these gaps, and report to the Legislature, as specified.

**Position:** San Bernardino County Support

**SB 1045**

**Location:** SENATE  JUD.

**Wiener** D (Dist. 11)

**Conservatorship: chronic homelessness: mental illness and substance abuse disorders.** Would establish a procedure for the appointment of a conservator for a person who is chronically homeless and incapable of caring for the person’s own health and well-being due to acute and severe mental illness or a severe substance abuse disorder, as evidenced by high-frequency emergency department use, high-frequency jail detention due to behavior resulting from the person’s severe mental illness or...
substance abuse disorder, or frequent placement under a 72-hour involuntary hold because, based on probable cause, the person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is a danger to others, or to himself or herself, or is gravely disabled, for the purpose of providing appropriate placement in supportive housing that provides wraparound services.

**SB 1152**  
**Location:** SENATE HEALTH  
**Hospital patient discharge process: homeless patients.** Current law prohibits specified health facilities from causing the transfer of homeless patients from one county to another county for the purpose of receiving supportive services from a social service agency, health care service provider, or nonprofit social service agency within the other county, without prior notice and authorization. This bill would require those health facilities to include within the hospital discharge policy, a written homeless patient discharge planning policy and process, as specified. The bill would require the health facilities to develop a written plan for coordinating services and referrals for homeless patients including procedures for homeless patient discharge referrals, designated liaisons at each participating entity, and coordination protocols.

**Housing**

**AB 62**  
**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR  
**Public housing: smoke-free policy.** Would require all public housing agencies, as defined, to implement a policy prohibiting the smoking of tobacco products, as defined, in all public housing living units, interior areas, and outdoor areas within 25 feet of public housing and administrative buildings, except in designated smoking areas, by July 30, 2018. The bill would exempt dwelling units in a mixed-finance project from these provisions. The bill would encourage those public housing agencies to adopt a graduated enforcement framework for their smoke-free policies, as specified.

**AB 166**  
**Location:** SENATE DESK  
**Building Homes and Jobs Act: recording fee: hardship refund.** Current law authorizes a fee for recording and indexing every instrument, paper, or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, not to exceed $10 for the first page and $3 for each additional page, to reimburse a county for the costs of specified services relating to recording those documents. Current law authorizes various additional recording fees for specified purposes. This bill would authorize a property owner to request a refund based on hardship of a fee, proposed to be imposed by SB 2, if he or she files a claim with the county recorder, in the county in which the fee was collected, that certifies under penalty of perjury that he or she meets specified criteria related to household income and the fee was levied and collected as part of a transaction to a refinance of the property that was the subject of the recording.

**AB 686**  
**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR  
**Housing discrimination: affirmatively further fair housing.** Would require a public agency to administer its programs and activities relating to housing and community development in a manner to affirmatively further fair housing, and to not take any action that is inconsistent with this obligation. The bill would make it unlawful under the California Fair Employment and Housing Act for a public agency to fail to meet its obligation to affirmatively further fair housing, and would provide that failure would constitute housing discrimination under the act.

**AB 1156**  
**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR  
**Planning and zoning: housing element.** The Planning and Zoning Law requires the housing element to include an analysis and documentation of household characteristics, including level of payment compared to ability to pay, housing characteristics, including overcrowding, and housing stock condition. This bill would require the analysis to include documentation on the percentage of residents who pay more than 30% and more than 50% of their income towards the cost of housing. By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.
**AB 1423**  
**Location:** SENATE RLS.  
**Chiu D (Dist. 17)**

**Housing: annual reports: charter cities.** Current law requires the planning agency of a city or county, after the adoption of a general plan, to investigate and make recommendations to the legislative body of the city or county regarding reasonable and practical means for implementing the general plan or element of the general plan and to provide by April 1 of each year an annual report to the legislative body, the Office of Planning and Research, and the Department of Housing and Community Development that includes, among other things, the status of the plan and progress in its implementation and the progress in meeting its share of regional housing needs, as specified, and local efforts to remove governmental constraints to the maintenance, improvement, and development of housing, as specified. This bill would apply the above report requirement to charter cities.

**AB 1759**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY TRANS.  
**McCarty D (Dist. 7)**

**General plans: housing element: production report: withholding of transportation funds.** Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development, on or before June 30, 2022, and on or before June 30 every year thereafter and until June 30, 2051, to review each production report submitted by a city or county in accordance with the provisions as specified to determine whether that city or county has met the applicable minimum production goal for that reporting period. The bill would provide that, if the department determines that a city or county has met its applicable minimum production goal for that reporting period, the department shall, no later than June 30 of that year, submit a certification of that result to the Controller.

**AB 1765**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.  
**Quirk-Silva D (Dist. 65)**

**Building Homes and Jobs Act: fee waiver: states of emergency.** The Building Homes and Jobs Act, imposes a charge, except as provided, of $75 to be paid at the time of the recording of every real estate instrument, paper, or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, per each single transaction per single parcel of real property, not to exceed $225. Current law requires a county recorder to send revenues from the charge to the controller for deposit into a fund in the State Treasury to be expended for various purposes related to homes and jobs. This bill would waive that charge with regard to any real estate instrument, paper, or notice recorded in connection with real property upon which repairs or reconstruction are taking place as a direct result of a disaster for which the Governor has declared a state of emergency.

**AB 1768**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.  
**Steinorth R (Dist. 40)**

**The County of San Bernardino: housing authority: middle-income housing projects.** Current law, until January 1, 2022, authorizes a housing authority located in the City of San Diego or the County of Santa Clara to implement a pilot program to develop and finance a middle-income housing project, as defined, if the project receives gap financing, as defined. Existing law requires any gap financing to be approved by the housing authority's legislative body, as provided, and requires the housing authority to provide a report to the Legislature, as specified. This bill would authorize a housing authority in the County of San Bernardino, until January 1, 2022, also to develop and finance a middle-income housing project if it receives gap financing.  
**Position: San Bernardino County Sponsor**

**AB 1771**  
**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.  
**Bloom D (Dist. 50)**

**Planning and zoning: regional housing needs assessment.** The Planning and Zoning Law requires the appropriate council of governments, or, for cities and counties without a council of governments, the Department of Housing and Community Development, to adopt a final regional housing need allocation plan that allocates a share of the regional housing need to each city, county, or city and county and is consistent with specified objectives, including that the plan increase the housing supply and the mix of housing types, tenure, and affordability in all cities and counties within the region in an
equitable manner. This bill would revise the objectives required to be addressed in the regional housing needs allocation plan and additionally require the plan to include an objective to increase access to areas of high opportunity for lower-income residents, while avoiding displacement and affirmatively furthering fair housing.

**AB 1778**

Location: ASSEMBLY L. GOV.

**Community Redevelopment Law of 2018.** The bill would require the governing board of an agency to designate an appropriate official to prepare a proposed redevelopment project plan. The bill would authorize the redevelopment project plan to provide for the division of taxes levied upon taxable property, if any, between an affected taxing entity and the agency, as provided. The bill would declare that this authorization fulfills the intent of the above-described constitutional provision. This bill would authorize the agency to issue bonds to finance developments in accordance with specified requirements and procedures. The bill would require the agency to contract for an independent financial and performance audit every 2 years after the issuance of debt.

**AB 1792**

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Affordable housing authorities: infrastructure.** Current law authorizes a city, county, or city and county to adopt a resolution creating an affordable housing authority. Current law authorizes this authority to, among other things, provide for low- and moderate-income housing and affordable workforce housing, as provided. This bill would additionally authorize an affordable housing authority to provide for infrastructure, as specified, to support the development of affordable housing.

**AB 1804**

Location: ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.

**California Environmental Quality Act: categorical exemption: infill development.** CEQA requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare and develop, and the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to certify and adopt, guidelines for the implementation of CEQA. CEQA requires the guidelines to include a list of classes of projects that have been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment and that are required to be exempt from CEQA (categorical exemption). Current guidelines for the implementation of CEQA exempts from the requirements of CEQA infill development meeting certain requirements, including the requirement that the proposed development occurs within city limits. This bill would revise the above-described categorical exemption to include proposed residential and mixed-use housing projects occurring within an unincorporated area of a county.

**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

**AB 1919**

Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

**Price gouging: state of emergency.** Would, upon the proclamation or declaration of an emergency as specified, make it a misdemeanor for a person, business, or other entity to increase the monthly rental price advertised, offered or charged for residential housing to an existing or prospective tenant by more than 10% greater than the rental price advertised, offered, or charged by that person, business, or entity within 30 days immediately prior to the date of the proclamation or disaster. The bill would extend the prohibition with regards to housing for any period that the proclamation or declaration is extended.

**AB 1922**

Location: ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

**California Competitiveness and Innovation Act.** Current property tax law provides, pursuant to the authority of a specified provision of the California Constitution, for a homeowners’ exemption in the amount of $7,000 of the full value of a “dwelling,” as defined, and authorizes the Legislature to increase this exemption. This bill, beginning with the lien date for the 2019–20 fiscal year, would increase the homeowners’ exemption from $7,000 to $14,000 of the full value of a dwelling. This bill, for the 2020–21 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter, would also require the county assessor
to adjust the amount of the homeowners’ exemption by the percentage change in the House Price Index for California for the first 3 quarters of the prior calendar year, as specified.

AB 1943
Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Manufactured housing: foundation systems: installation: common interest developments. Current law requires an owner or licensed contractor to obtain a building permit from the appropriate enforcement agency to install a manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial modular on a foundation system by, among other things, submitting written evidence that the manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial modular owner owns, holds title to, or is purchasing the real property where the manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial modular is to be installed. This bill would specify that written evidence that the manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial modular owner owns a separate interest in a common interest development would be deemed to comply with this requirement.

AB 2019
Location: ASSEMBLY L. GOV.

Health care districts. The Local Health Care District Law provides for local health care districts that govern certain health care facilities. The bill would require a district that is authorized and elects to use the design-build process, as specified, for the construction of housing to require that at least 20% of the residential units constructed be subject to a recorded affordability restriction for at least 55 years and be affordable to lower income households, very low income households, extremely low income households, and persons and families of low or moderate income, as defined, unless the city, county, or city and county in which the district is predominantly located has adopted a local ordinance that requires a greater percentage of the units be affordable to those groups. This bill contains other related laws and provisions.

AB 2035
Location: ASSEMBLY L. GOV.

Affordable housing authorities. Current law authorizes a city, county, or city and county to adopt a resolution creating an affordable housing authority with powers limited to providing low- and moderate-income housing and affordable workforce housing, as provided, by means of tax increment financing. Current law defines various terms for these purposes. This bill would additionally define the terms “authorizing resolution” and “property tax increment” for these purposes.

AB 2071
Location: ASSEMBLY L. GOV.

Accessory dwelling units: improvements: liability. Would provide that a public entity, including, but not limited to, a city, county, or city and county; public officer, including, but not limited to, a member of the legislative body of a city, county, or city and county; or an employee of a public entity, is not liable for any personal injury, death, property damage, or inverse condemnation, that has arisen from or is related to the use of an accessory dwelling unit and that is proximately caused by any utility system, including, but not limited to, a water system or electrical system equipment, that the public entity owns, operates, or maintains if the legislative body of a local agency has permitted the water, electrical system equipment, or accessory dwelling unit, to remain in the same location as it existed prior to January 1, 2018.

AB 2132
Location: ASSEMBLY L. GOV.

Building permit fees: waiver. The State Housing Law authorizes cities and counties to prescribe fees for permits required or authorized pursuant to the State Housing Law. This bill would authorize these entities to waive or reduce all building permit fees for improvements to the home of a person at least 60 years of age with a qualifying disability that are made to accommodate that disability.
Planning and zoning: housing development: supportive housing. Would require that supportive housing be a use by right in zones where multiple dwelling uses are permitted, including commercial zones, if the proposed housing development meets specified criteria and would require a local government to approve, within specified periods, a supportive housing development that complies with these requirements. The bill would require that a developer of supportive housing provide the planning agency with a plan for providing supportive services, with documentation demonstrating that supportive services will be provided onsite to residents in the project and describing those services, as provided.

Environmental quality: judicial review: housing projects. The California Environmental Quality Act establishes a procedure by which a person may seek judicial review of the decision of the lead agency made pursuant to the act. This bill would, in an action or proceeding seeking judicial review under the act, prohibit a court from staying or enjoining a housing project for which an environmental impact report has been certified, unless the court makes specified findings.

Planning and zoning: density bonus: floor area ratio bonus. Would authorize a city council or county board of supervisors to establish a procedure by ordinance to grant a developer of an eligible housing development a floor area ratio bonus in lieu of a density bonus awarded on the basis of dwelling units per acre. The bill would define “eligible housing development” as a development that meets specified criteria related to residential use, location, zoning, and affordability. The bill would prohibit the city council or county board of supervisors from imposing any parking requirement on an eligible housing development in excess of specified ratios.

Vertical housing districts. Would authorize an affected taxing entity or entities, as defined, to form a vertical housing district to finance the development of vertical housing zone projects. The bill would authorize the public financing authority of the district to establish a vertical housing zone or zones within the district.

Department of Housing and Community Development loans. Current law authorizes the Department of Housing and Community Development to make loans under a multifamily housing program, and to reduce the interest rate on any loan issued by the department to a rental housing development to as low as 0.42% per annum, or a rate determined by the department that is sufficient to cover the costs of project monitoring, whichever is greater, if the development meets specified requirements regarding, among other things, debt and household income. This bill would authorize the department to reduce the interest rate on any loan issued by the department to a rental housing development to only a rate determined by the department that is sufficient to cover the costs of project monitoring and would revise the requirements for the reduction to instead require that the rate change increase the feasibility of the proposed project and further the goals and purpose of the department and the appropriate loan program.
streamlined, ministerial approval process, as provided, and not subject to a conditional use permit. This bill would authorize a development property to submit an application for a development to be subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process provided that development meet specified objective planning standards, such as that the development contains fewer than 25 residential units and provides housing for persons and families of low or moderate income.

**AB 2784**
Location: ASSEMBLY HIGHER ED.

**California State University: Emergency Student Housing Loan Program.** Would establish the Emergency Student Housing Loan Program, commencing with the 2019–20 academic year, at 3 campuses of the California State University, contingent upon the enactment of an appropriation of state funds for this purpose. This bill would define homeless and homelessness for the purposes of this article. Under the program, the 3 participating campuses of the university, as designated by the trustees, would establish an Emergency Student Housing Loan Program pursuant to which the participating campus would design a program enabling students at their campus who are experiencing an individual housing emergency, as specified, to receive a loan to pay for their housing that would either be short term, up to 3 months, or medium term, from 3 months to a maximum of 24 months.

**AB 2788**
Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**School Employee Housing Assistance Program.** Would create the School Employee Housing Assistance Program, which would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to administer a program to provide assistance for the creation of affordable housing for school district employees.

**AB 2856**
Location: ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.

**California Environmental Quality Act: housing development projects.** CEQA requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA establishes a procedure by which a person may seek judicial review of the decision of the lead agency made pursuant to CEQA. This bill would, except as provided, prohibit the court, in an action or proceeding brought alleging a violation of CEQA, from staying or enjoining the siting, construction, or operation of housing development projects, as defined.

**AB 2890**
Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Land use: accessory dwelling units.** The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones, requires the ordinance to designate areas within the local jurisdiction where accessory dwelling units may be permitted, and sets forth standards the ordinance is required to impose, including, among others, maximum unit size, parking, lot coverage, and height standards. This bill would authorize accessory dwelling units to also be created in areas that are developed with single-family or multifamily units.

**AB 2903**
Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Housing programs: definitions: workforce housing.** Current law governing housing and home finance programs defines various terms for purposes of those programs, including the term “persons and families of low or moderate income,” which is generally defined as persons and families whose income does not exceed 120% of area median income, adjusted as provided. This bill, for these purposes, would define the terms “affordable workforce housing” and “affordable owner-occupied workforce housing” as housing that is affordable to persons and families of low or moderate income.
**AB 3037**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  H. & C.D.

**Chiu**  D (Dist. 17)

**Community Redevelopment Law of 2018.** Current law dissolved redevelopment agencies as of February 1, 2012, and designates successor agencies to act as successor entities to the dissolved redevelopment agencies. This bill, the Community Redevelopment Law of 2018, would authorize a city or county to propose the formation of a redevelopment housing and infrastructure agency by adoption of a resolution of intention that meets specified requirements, and providing that resolution to each affected taxing entity. The bill would require the city or county that adopted that resolution to hold a public hearing on the proposal to consider all written and oral objections to the formation, as well as any recommendations of the affected taxing entities, and would authorize that city or county to adopt a resolution of formation at the conclusion of that hearing.

**AB 3052**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  JUD.

**Chen**  R (Dist. 55)

**Escheated funds: portable housing: elderly persons.** Would generally require instead that all unclaimed money, including unclaimed money from a deceased person’s estate, that has permanently escheated to the state be deposited in the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund for the construction, rehabilitation, or acquisition and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing developments for elderly persons or households, as defined, thereby making an appropriation. This bill contains other existing laws.

**AB 3072**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  H. & C.D.

**Chiu**  D (Dist. 17)

**Income taxes: credits: low-income housing: farmworker housing.** Would, under the law governing the taxation of insurers, the Personal Income Tax Law, and the Corporation Tax Law, for calendar years beginning in 2019, increase the aggregate housing credit dollar amount that may be allocated among low-income housing projects by an additional $300,000,000, as specified, and would allocate to farmworker housing projects $25,000,000 per year of that amount.

**AB 3147**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  H. & C.D.

**Caballero**  D (Dist. 30)

**Fee mitigation act: housing developments.** The Mitigation Fee Act requires a local agency that establishes, increases, or imposes a fee as a condition of approval of a development project to, among other things, determine how there is a reasonable relationship between the fee’s use and the type of development project on which the fee is imposed. This bill would prohibit a housing development project, as defined, from being subject to a fee, charge, dedication, reservation, or other exaction that is more than that in effect at the time that the application for the housing development project is determined to be complete.

**ACA 11**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  H. & C.D.

**Caballero**  D (Dist. 30)

**California Middle Class Affordable Housing and Homeless Shelter: funding.** Would create the California Middle Class Affordable Housing and Homeless Shelter Account in the General Fund for the support of local and state programs that assist in the development or acquisition of housing, as specified. The measure would impose a tax upon all retailers at the rate of 0.25% of the gross receipts of any retailer from the sale of all tangible personal property sold at retail in this state on and after January 1, 2019.

**SB 46**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY  2 YEAR

**Leyva**  D (Dist. 20)

**Mobilehomes: enforcement actions: sunset provision.** The Mobilehome Parks Act requires the Department of Housing and Community Development or a city, county, or city and county that assumes responsibility for the enforcement of the act to enter and inspect mobilehome parks with a goal of inspecting at least 5% of the parks each year to ensure enforcement of the act and implementing regulations. Current law also requires an enforcement agency to issue notice to correct
a violation and provides for procedures for owners or operators to dispute and appeal violation notices, as specified. Existing law repeals these provisions on January 1, 2019. A violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. This bill would remove the repeal date of January 1, 2019, and would extend these provisions indefinitely.

**SB 62**

Location: ASSEMBLY  2 YEAR

**Affordable Senior Housing Act of 2017.** Would enact the Affordable Senior Housing Act of 2017, which would establish the Affordable Senior Housing Program within the jurisdiction of the Department of Housing and Community Development. The bill would declare that the purpose of this program is to guide and serve as a catalyst for the development of affordable senior housing and supportive care campuses within this state and would require the director of the department to undertake various actions in implementing this program, including establishing and implementing a process for identifying and convening public and private stakeholders, assisting program participants in identifying suitable locations and potential sources of public and private funding for the development of affordable senior housing.

**SB 827**

Location: SENATE  T. & H.

**Planning and zoning: transit-rich housing bonus.** Would require a local government to, if requested, grant a development proponent of a transit-rich housing project a transit-rich housing bonus if that development meets specified planning standards, including complying with demolition permit requirements, local inclusionary housing ordinance requirements, preparing a relocation benefits and assistance plan, any locally adopted objective zoning standards, and any locally adopted minimum unit mix requirements. The bill would define a transit-rich housing project as a residential development project the parcels of which are all within a 1/2 mile radius of a major transit stop or a 1/4 mile radius of a stop on a high-quality transit corridor.

**SB 828**

Location: SENATE  T. & H.

**Land use: housing element.** The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan for the physical development of the city or county and of any land outside its boundaries that bears relation to its planning. That law also requires the general plan to include a housing element and requires a planning agency to submit a draft of the housing element to the Department of Housing and Community Development for review, as specified. Current law requires the program to accommodate 100% of the need for housing for very low and low-income households, allocated, as specified. This bill would increase the percentage of the need for housing for very low and low-income households that the program is required to accommodate to 200%.

**SB 829**

Location: SENATE  T. & H.

**Employee Housing Act: agricultural employee housing.** Would require a credible housing organization to obtain a permit from an enforcement agency in order to operate or maintain agricultural employee housing by submitting an application to the applicable enforcement agency. The bill would require the enforcement agency to review any application so submitted, and to grant the application if it meets specified requirements, including that the organization has been certified by the Department of Housing and Community Development as a credible housing organization pursuant to a specified process, and that the housing complies with applicable building standards and related requirements.

**SB 831**

Location: SENATE  T. & H.

**Land use: accessory dwelling units.** The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones and sets forth standards the ordinance is required to impose, including, among others, maximum unit size, parking, and height standards. Current law authorizes a local agency, special district, or water corporation to require a new or separate utility connection between the
accessory dwelling unit and the utility and authorizes a fee to be charged, except as specified. Current law requires a local agency to submit an ordinance adopted for the creation of accessory dwelling units to the Department of Housing and Community Development and authorizes the department to review and comment on the ordinance. This bill would delete the requirement that the area be zoned to allow single-family or multifamily use.

**SB 918**
Location: SENATE HUM. S.

**Homeless Youth Act of 2018.** Would establish the Office of Homeless Youth in the Department of Housing and Community Development. The bill would set forth the duties of the office, including, but not limited to, setting specific, measurable goals aimed at preventing and ending homelessness among youth in the state. The bill would require the office to identify funding, policy, and practice gaps across state systems that serve, or hold the potential to serve, young people experiencing homelessness, develop specific recommendations and timelines for addressing these gaps, and report to the Legislature, as specified.

**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

**SB 922**
Location: SENATE G.O.

**Surplus state property: affordable student housing.** Would authorize the Department of General Services to dispose of surplus state real property located within 2 miles of a campus of the University of California, California State University, or California Community Colleges by first offering the property to a local agency or nonprofit organization for the development of affordable student housing. The bill would provide that ownership of the property transferred reverts back to the state if the transferee fails to commence the development of affordable student housing on the property within 2 years of the transfer.

**SB 1010**
Location: SENATE APPR.

**Parolees: Supportive Housing Pilot Program.** Would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, on or before January 1, 2020, to create the Supportive Housing Pilot Program, which would be in effect at the same time as the existing program and would establish a process and timeline for finalizing a memorandum of understanding with one or more counties in which the department would agree to use current funding to, among other things, refer eligible parolees to participating counties for mental health treatment, housing navigation services, and supportive housing services, and to use remaining resources, as specified, to pay for bridge rental assistance, as defined, and services in supportive housing during the program participant’s term of parole.

**SB 1111**
Location: SENATE RLS.

**Local Housing Trust Fund Matching Grant Program: Housing and Emergency Shelter Trust Fund Act of 2002 allocation: local housing trust eligibility.** Current law establishes the Local Housing Trust Fund Matching Grant Program for the purpose of supporting local housing trust funds dedicated to the creation or preservation of affordable housing. The Housing and Emergency Shelter Trust Fund Act of 2002, among other things, allocates $25,000,000 from the proceeds of general obligation bonds issued and sold under that act to be used for specified grants under the program. This bill would authorize matching grants to cities and counties, or a city and county, and existing charitable nonprofit organizations that, as of January 1, 2019, have previously received a matching grant pursuant to the Local Housing Trust Fund Matching Grant Program and to new local housing trusts that provide low-income housing assistance and, as of that same date, have not previously received a matching grant pursuant to the program.

**SB 1251**
Location: SENATE GOV. & F.

**Office of Planning and Research: housing elements.** Current law requires the Office of Planning and Research to notify a city or county if a general plan, which includes various elements, including a
housing element, has not been revised within 8 years and to notify the Attorney General if a general plan of a city or county is not revised within 10 years. This bill would delete these requirements and require the office to notify a city or county and the Attorney General when the housing element of that city or county has not been revised in accordance with a specified housing element revision schedule established in current law.

**SB 1253**
Location: SENATE RLS.  
**Jackson** D (Dist. 19)

**Income taxes: low-income housing: credit.** Current law limits the total annual amount of the state low-income housing credit for which a federal low-income housing credit is required to the sum of $70,000,000, as increased by any percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year, any unused credit for the preceding calendar years, and the amount of housing credit ceiling returned in the calendar year. This bill would increase the aggregate amount of the low-income housing tax credit for calendar years 2019 through 2030, as specified, and would additionally authorize a low-income housing project located in a qualified opportunity zone, as defined, to receive a low-income housing tax credit under the increased aggregate amount.

**SB 1296**
Location: SENATE T. & H.  
**Glazer** D (Dist. 7)

**Department of Housing and Community Development: database of local fees.** Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to collect, publish, and make available to the public information about laws regarding housing and community development and authorizes the department to provide a statistics and research service for the collection and dissemination of information affecting housing and community development. Current law also requires the department, by June 30, 2019, to complete a study to evaluate the reasonableness of local fees charged to new developments, as provided. This bill, by December 31, 2019, would additionally require the department to collect, publish, and make available a database of fees, as defined, charged by public agencies to new developments by jurisdiction.

**SB 1327**
Location: SENATE RLS.  
**Atkins** D (Dist. 39)

**Building Homes and Jobs Act.** Current law, the Building Homes and Jobs Act, imposes a charge, except as provided, of $75 to be paid at the time of the recording of every real estate instrument, paper, or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, per each single transaction per parcel of real property, not to exceed $225. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would provide clarifying amendments to the provisions described above.

**SB 1340**
Location: SENATE JUD.  
**Glazer** D (Dist. 7)

**California Environmental Quality Act: housing projects.** Would require the Judicial Council, by July 1, 2019, to adopt a rule of court establishing procedures applicable to actions or proceedings seeking judicial review pursuant to CEQA of a lead agency’s action, as specified, for a housing project. The bill would prohibit the court, in an action or proceeding brought alleging a violation of CEQA, from staying or enjoining the siting, construction, or operation of a housing project, except as provided.

**IHSS**

**AB 237**
Location: SENATE 2 YEAR  
**Gonzalez Fletcher** D (Dist. 80)

**In-home supportive services.** Current law specifies that providers of in-home supportive services and waiver personal care services have bimonthly payroll periods. This bill would instead specify that a “payroll period” means 2 workweeks.

**AB 2821**
Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.  
**Mayes** R (Dist. 42)

**Integrated and comprehensive health and human services system: County of Riverside.** Current law provides for the county-administered In-Home Supportive Services program, under which qualified
aged, blind, and disabled persons are provided with services in order to permit them to safely remain
in their own homes. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to the provision described
above governing the application for those services.

**AB 2872**

Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**In-home supportive services: peer-to-peer training.** Current law authorizes a county board of
supervisors to contract with a nonprofit consortium, or to establish a public authority, to provide in-
home supportive services and requires those entities to perform specified functions, including
providing training providers and recipients. This bill would require the department to designate the
hours, per county, to compensate providers of in-home supportive services for educating other
providers, using peer-to-peer training, in subject areas relating to the program, including how to enroll
as a new provider and how to navigate the program, as specified.

**SB 120**

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

**In-home supportive services provider wages: emergency caregiver payments for foster care;
civil immigration detainees: recording fees.** The California Values Act prohibits state and local law
enforcement agencies from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house
individuals as federal detainees, except as specified. This bill would specify that state and local law
enforcement agencies are prohibited from contracting with the federal government for use of their
facilities to house individuals as federal detainees for purposes of civil immigration custody, except as
specified.

**SB 1040**

Location: SENATE HUM. S.

**In-home supportive services: natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency.** Would expand
the definition of “supportive services” to include all needs and services required during a natural
disaster resulting in a declared state of emergency, and authorize, under those same circumstances, a
county to allocate additional hours of supportive services, as specified. The bill would require a county
to use a void and reissue warrant process for any provider who lost or had damaged an uncashed
warrant because of a natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency. The bill would require a
county, including a city and county, at the next update to its emergency plan, to integrate and require
the assessment and provision of supportive services to IHSS recipients.

**Immigration**

**AB 1885**

Location: ASSEMBLY L. & E.

**Undocumented workers: California Resident Worker Program and Economic Stabilization
Act.** Would require the Employment Development Department and the Department of Food and
Agriculture to convene a working group to address the issues relating to a work permit program for
undocumented persons who are agricultural or service industry employees to work and live in the
state, and to serve as liaison to the United States Department of Homeland Security and the United
States Department of Justice to ensure that state departments are not taking on responsibilities in
matters dealing with immigration policy that are the jurisdiction of the federal government.

**HR 15**

Location: ASSEMBLY ADOPTED

**Relative to United States immigration policy.** Relative to United States immigration policy.

**SB 120**

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

**In-home supportive services provider wages: emergency caregiver payments for foster care;
civil immigration detainees: recording fees.** The California Values Act prohibits state and local law
enforcement agencies from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house
individuals as federal detainees, except as specified. This bill would specify that state and local law enforcement agencies are prohibited from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees for purposes of civil immigration custody, except as specified.

**SJR 1**  
*Vidak R (Dist. 14)*  
*Location: SENATE JUD.*  
**Immigration.** This measure would urge Congress and the President of the United States to work together to create a comprehensive and workable approach to reform the nation’s immigration system according to specified principles.

**SR 7**  
*De León D (Dist. 24)*  
*Location: SENATE ADOPTED*  
**Relative to immigration.** Would resolve that the Senate condemns in the strongest terms bigoted, racist, or misinformed descriptions of the immigrant community that serve only to foment hatred and violence. The Senate supports a comprehensive and workable approach to solving our nation’s historically broken immigration system. The Senate implores the President-elect and Congress to develop rational immigration policies that recognize the contributions of immigrants to the nation, protects the economy, and are just and humane to immigrant families and children.

**SR 16**  
*De León D (Dist. 24)*  
*Location: SENATE ADOPTED*  
**Relative to immigration.** WHEREAS, President Donald J. Trump signed an executive order on January 27, 2017, that desecrates our American values and panders to fears and nativist instincts that have resulted in some of our nation’s most shameful acts. Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, That the Senate condemns this executive order as a discriminatory overreach that illegally targets immigrants based on their national origin and religion, and urges the President of the United States to immediately rescind the executive order.

**SB 914**  
*Dodd D (Dist. 3)*  
*Location: SENATE GOV. & F.*  
**Infrastructure**  
**Local agency contracts.** Current law authorizes a county, until January 1, 2023, with approval of the board of supervisors, to utilize construction manager at-risk construction contracts for the erection, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement of any building owned or leased by the county, subject to certain requirements, including that the method may only be used for projects that are in excess of $1,000,000. This bill would authorize the use of this method of contracting for the erection, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement of any infrastructure, excluding roads.  
**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

**SB 961**  
*Allen D (Dist. 26)*  
*Location: SENATE N.R. & W.*  
**Enhanced infrastructure financing districts.** Would enact the Second Neighborhood Infill Finance and Transit Improvements Act, which would similarly authorize a city, county, or city and county to adopt a resolution, at any time before or after the adoption of the infrastructure financing plan for an enhanced infrastructure financing district, to allocate tax revenues of that entity to the district, including revenues derived from local sales and use taxes imposed pursuant to the Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law or transactions and use taxes imposed in accordance with the Transactions and Use Tax Law, if the area to be financed is within one-half mile of a rail transit station or within 300 feet of a transit rich boulevard served by bus rapid transit or high-frequency bus service, as specified, and among other things, certain conditions relating to housing and the infrastructure financing plan are or will be met.
Land Use

**AB 2372**  
Location: ASSEMBLY  H. & C.D.  

Planning and zoning: density bonus: floor area ratio bonus. Would authorize a city council or county board of supervisors to establish a procedure by ordinance to grant a developer of an eligible housing development a floor area ratio bonus in lieu of a density bonus awarded on the basis of dwelling units per acre. The bill would define "eligible housing development" as a development that meets specified criteria related to residential use, location, zoning, and affordability. The bill would prohibit the city council or county board of supervisors from imposing any parking requirement on an eligible housing development in excess of specified ratios.

**AB 2447**  
Location: ASSEMBLY  NAT. RES.  

California Environmental Quality Act: land use: environmental justice. CEQA requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEOA prohibits a lead agency from approving or carrying out a project for which a certified EIR identifies one or more significant effects on the environmental unless the lead agency makes certain findings. This bill would require the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, by June 30, 2019, to publish a list of subject land uses, as specified, and a map that identifies disadvantaged communities and areas within 1/2 mile radius of the disadvantaged communities.

**AB 2797**  
Location: ASSEMBLY  H. & C.D.  

Planning and zoning: density bonuses. Would prohibit any density bonus, incentives or concessions, waivers or reductions of development standards, and parking ratios from being a basis for finding a project inconsistent with a specified provision of the California Coastal Act of 1976.

**AB 2939**  
Location: ASSEMBLY  H. & C.D.  

Accessory dwelling units. Would require the local agency to ministerially approve an application for a building permit to create within a multifamily zone at least one accessory dwelling unit within an existing multifamily structure with at least 5 residential units if specified conditions are met. The bill would prohibit an application ministerially approved pursuant to this provision from having a limit on the number of accessory dwelling units created within the existing residential units or accessory structures or both. By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would create a state-mandated local program.

**AB 2973**  
Location: ASSEMBLY  L. GOV.  

Land use: Subdivision Map Act: expiration dates. The Subdivision Map Act vests the authority to regulate and control the design and improvement of subdivisions in the legislative body of a local agency, and sets forth procedures governing the local agency’s processing, approval, conditional approval or disapproval, and filing of tentative, final, and parcel maps, and the modification thereof. This bill would extend by 24 months the expiration date of any approved tentative map or vesting tentative map that was approved on or after January 1, 2002, and not later than July 11, 2013, within a county that meets certain criteria, and for which the expiration date has been previously extended pursuant to specified provisions, if tentative map, vesting tentative map, or parcel map relates to the construction of single or multifamily housing, as specified.

**AB 3000**  
Location: ASSEMBLY  REV. & TAX  

Sales and use taxes: exemption: retail hydrogen vehicle fuel. Current sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property
sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. This bill, on and after January 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2030, would exempt from those taxes the gross receipts from the sale in this state of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, retail hydrogen vehicle fuel, as defined.

**AB 3162**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities.** Current law provides for the licensure and regulation of alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities serving adults by the State Department of Health Care Services, as prescribed. This bill would require, for any licensing application submitted on or after January 1, 2019, the department to deny an application for a new facility license, if the proposed location is in proximity to an existing facility that would result in overconcentration, as defined.

**AB 3194**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Housing Accountability Act: project approval.** Would prohibit a housing development project from being found inconsistent, not in compliance, or not in conformity, with the applicable zoning ordinance, and would prohibit a local government from requiring a rezoning of the project site, if the existing zoning ordinance does not allow the maximum residential use, density, and intensity allocable on the site by the land use or housing element of the general plan.

**SB 277**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

**Land use: zoning regulations.** The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes the legislative body of any city or county to adopt ordinances regulating zoning within its jurisdiction, as specified. This bill would additionally authorize the legislative body of any city or county to adopt ordinances to require, as a condition of development of residential rental units, that the development include a certain percentage of residential rental units affordable to, and occupied by, moderate-income, lower income, very low income, or extremely low income households, as specified.

**SB 827**

**Location:** SENATE T. & H.

**Planning and zoning: transit-rich housing bonus.** Would require a local government to, if requested, grant a development proponent of a transit-rich housing project a transit-rich housing bonus if that development meets specified planning standards, including complying with demolition permit requirements, local inclusionary housing ordinance requirements, preparing a relocation benefits and assistance plan, any locally adopted objective zoning standards, and any locally adopted minimum unit mix requirements. The bill would define a transit-rich housing project as a residential development project the parcels of which are all within a 1/2 mile radius of a major transit stop or a 1/4 mile radius of a stop on a high-quality transit corridor.

**SB 828**

**Location:** SENATE T. & H.

**Land use: housing element.** The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan for the physical development of the city or county and of any land outside its boundaries that bears relation to its planning. That law also requires the general plan to include a housing element and requires a planning agency to submit a draft of the housing element to the Department of Housing and Community Development for review, as specified. Current law requires the program to accommodate 100% of the need for housing for very low and low-income households, allocated, as specified. This bill would increase the percentage of the need for housing for very low and low-income households that the program is required to accommodate to 200%.
**SB 831**

Location: SENATE T. & H.

**Land use: accessory dwelling units.** The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones and sets forth standards the ordinance is required to impose, including, among others, maximum unit size, parking, and height standards. Current law authorizes a local agency, special district, or water corporation to require a new or separate utility connection between the accessory dwelling unit and the utility and authorizes a fee to be charged, except as specified. Current law requires a local agency to submit an ordinance adopted for the creation of accessory dwelling units to the Department of Housing and Community Development and authorizes the department to review and comment on the ordinance. This bill would delete the requirement that the area be zoned to allow single-family or multifamily use.

**SB 893**

Location: SENATE T. & H.

**Planning and zoning: density bonus.** Would delete these additional vehicular parking ratio provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**SB 1226**

Location: SENATE T. & H.

**Building standards: accessory dwelling units.** Would, notwithstanding other provisions of law, authorize the enactment of a local ordinance to authorize, when a record of the issuance of a building permit for an accessory dwelling unit does not exist, specified described enforcement officials to make a determination of when the accessory dwelling unit was constructed and apply the State Housing Law, the building standards published in the California Building Standards Code, and other specified rules and regulations in effect when the accessory dwelling unit was determined to be constructed in order to issue a building permit for the accessory dwelling unit.

**SB 1227**

Location: SENATE T. & H.

**Density bonuses.** Would require a density bonus to be provided to a developer that agrees to construct a housing development in which all units in the development are used for students enrolled full-time at an institution of higher education accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges, and that 20% of the units are used for lower income students, as defined, and provided at a specified rent level. The bill would require that these units be subject to a recorded affordability restriction of 55 years.

**SB 1469**

Location: SENATE RLS.

**Land use: accessory dwelling units.** The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones, requires the ordinance to designate areas within the local jurisdiction where accessory dwelling units may be permitted, and sets forth standards the ordinance is required to impose, including, among others, maximum unit size, parking, lot coverage, and height standards. This bill would authorize accessory dwelling units to also be created in areas that are developed with single-family or multifamily units.
AB 229
Location: SENATE  APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Human trafficking: vertical prosecution program.** Current law establishes the Office of Emergency Services, which is required to, among other things, allocate and award funds to communities developing and providing ongoing citizen involvement and crime resistance programs. This bill would require the office, to the extent funds are available for this purpose and until January 1, 2022, to allocate and award funds to up to 11 district attorney offices that employ a vertical prosecution methodology for the prosecution of human trafficking crimes and that meet other specified criteria, including minimum staffing levels for the program.

AB 2036
Location: ASSEMBLY  PUB. S.

**Criminal law: protective orders.** Current law authorizes a court with jurisdiction over a criminal matter to issue certain protective orders after notice and a hearing. This bill would extend that authority to a court with jurisdiction over certain juvenile delinquency matters and would prescribe the maximum effective period for issuing an order to restrain a juvenile, as specified. The bill would require the judicial council to promulgate new protocols and develop new forms to carry out these new provisions on or before January 1, 2020.

AB 2446
Location: ASSEMBLY  JUD.

**Courts: judgeships.** Would increase the number of judges in the division of the Court of Appeal for the 4th Appellate District located in the San Bernardino/Riverside area to 8 judges. The bill would appropriate $1,202,000 from the General Fund to the judicial branch for the purpose of funding the cost of that new appellate court justice and accompanying staff. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

AB 2495
Location: ASSEMBLY  PUB. S.

**Prosecuting attorneys: charging defendants for the prosecution costs of criminal violations of local ordinances.** Current law establishes various procedures applicable to criminal prosecutions. This bill would prohibit a city, county, or city and county, including an attorney acting on behalf of a city, county, or city and county, from charging a defendant for the costs of investigation, prosecution, or appeal in a criminal case, including, but not limited to, a criminal violation of a local ordinance.

AB 2780
Location: ASSEMBLY  JUD.

**Family law: support orders and child custody.** Current law authorizes the court to appoint a child custody evaluator to conduct a child custody evaluation in a contested proceeding involving child custody or visitation rights. This bill would authorize a court to appoint a child custody evaluator, a mediator, or an expert witness, as the court deems appropriate, to conduct the child custody evaluation. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

SB 8
Location: ASSEMBLY  2 YEAR

**Diversion: mental disorders.** Would authorize a court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant's speedy trial right, to postpone prosecution of a misdemeanor or a felony punishable in a county jail, and place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program for up to 2 years if the court is satisfied the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, that the defendant's mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense, and that the defendant would benefit from mental health treatment.
**Courts: judgeships.** Current law specifies the number of judges for the superior court of each county and for each division of each district of the court of appeal. Current law provides that the Court of Appeal for the 4th Appellate District consists of 3 divisions. Current law requires that one of these divisions hold its regular sessions in the San Bernardino/Riverside area and further requires this division to have 7 judges. This bill would increase the number of judges in the division of the Court of Appeal for the 4th Appellate District located in the San Bernardino/Riverside area to 8 judges.

**Crimes: infractions.** Existing law requires a court, in any case when a person appears before a traffic referee or judge of the superior court for adjudication of a violation of the Vehicle Code, upon request of the defendant, to consider the defendant's ability to pay, as specified. This bill would require the court, in any case involving an infraction filed with the court, to determine whether the defendant is indigent for purposes of determining what portion of the statutory amount of any associated fine, fee, assessment, or other financial penalties the person can afford to pay.

**Jurisdiction of the juvenile court.** Current law places a person who is under 18 years of age when he or she violates any law of this state or of the United States or specified ordinances of any city or county of this state to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. Current law authorizes a juvenile court to adjudge a person under these circumstances to be a ward of the court. This bill would modify the ages that a person must be to fall within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court or adjudged a ward of the court under these circumstances to be between 12 years of age and 17 years of age, inclusive.

**Criminal proceedings: mentally incompetent offenders.** Current law prohibits a person from having his or her probation, mandatory supervision, post release community supervision, or parole revoked while that person is mentally incompetent. If a defendant is found mentally incompetent during post release community supervision or parole revocation hearings, current law requires the court to dismiss the pending revocation matter and return the defendant to supervision, and authorizes the court take other action, including referring the matter to the public guardian of the county of commitment to initiate conservatorship proceedings only if there are no other reasonable alternatives to meet the defendant's mental health needs, as specified. This bill would delete the authority of the court to dismiss the pending revocation matter and would delete the above-described restriction on the court's authority to order the matter to the public guardian.

**Juveniles: fitness for juvenile court.** Would repeal the authority of a district attorney to make a motion to transfer a minor from juvenile court to a court of criminal jurisdiction in a case in which a minor is alleged to have committed a specified serious offense when he or she was 14 or 15 years of age.
age, thereby amending Proposition 57. By increasing the number of minors retained under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

### Libraries

**SCA 3**

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Local government financing: public libraries: voter approval. Would create an additional exception to the 1% limit for a rate imposed by a city, county, city and county, or special district to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund public library facilities, that is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, city and county, or special district, as applicable, if the proposition meets specified requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

### Parks

**AB 18**

Location: SENATE APPR.

California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018. Under current law, programs have been established pursuant to bond acts for, among other things, the development and enhancement of state and local parks and recreational facilities. This bill would enact the California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount of $3,470,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a clean water, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program.

**AB 1330**

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Park property: Ayala Park. Would authorize the Bloomington Recreation and Park District to dispose of property used for park purposes at Ayala Park that was acquired with the grant moneys from the above acts, subject to the acquisition of property of equal or greater recreation value, as approved by the Department of Parks and Recreation, and at no cost to the state, as provided.

**AB 1762**

Location: ASSEMBLY W.,P. & W.

State parks: visitors: animals. Current law permits visitors to bring animals into units of the state park system when the Director of Parks and Recreation determines that it is in the public interest. This bill would permit visitors to bring animals into units of the state park system or recreational areas of those units. The bill would require the director to develop fines, rules, and regulations to mitigate or prevent any behavior by those animals that may pose a threat to public safety and welfare, create a public nuisance, or pose a threat to the natural or cultural resources of the unit or to the improvements at the unit.

**AB 2144**

Location: ASSEMBLY W.,P. & W.

State parks: Chino Hills State Park: wildfires. Would require the Department of Parks and Recreation, no later than January 1, 2022, in consultation with various local entities, to develop and implement a wildfire management plan for Chino Hills State Park. The bill would require the plan to include certain things, including the promotion of an interagency approach to managing fires on an ecosystem basis across agency boundaries and in conformance with the natural ecological processes and conditions characteristic of the ecosystem.

**AB 2896**

Location: ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.

Fire prevention: very high fire hazard severity zones: defensible space. Current law requires a person who owns, leases, controls, operates, or maintains an occupied dwelling or occupied structure...
in, upon, or adjoining a mountainous area, forest-covered land, brush-covered land, grass-covered land, or land that is covered with flammable material within a very high fire hazard severity zone to at all times maintain defensible space of 100 feet from each side and from the front and rear of the structure, as provided. This bill would provide that if a person is unable to create the required defensible space because of adjacent state-owned land, the person, or a local agency on behalf of the person, no more than once per year, may file a request to have the state agency that manages the land create a fuel break on the land adjacent to the person’s property.

Privacy & Security

SB 327
Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Information privacy: connected devices. Would require a manufacturer that sells or offers to sell a connected device to a consumer in this state, defined as any device, sensor, or other physical object that is capable of connecting to the Internet, directly or indirectly, or to another connected device, to equip the device with reasonable security features appropriate to the nature of the device and the information it may collect, contain, or transmit, that protect it from unauthorized access, destruction, use, modification, or disclosure.

Public Health

AB 182
Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Heroin and Opioid Public Education (HOPE) Act. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services, in consultation with stakeholders, to develop, coordinate, implement, and oversee a comprehensive multicultural public awareness campaign, to be known as “Heroin and Opioid Public Education (HOPE),” upon appropriation by the Legislature or receipt of state or federal grant funding, until January 1, 2023. The bill would require the HOPE program to provide for the coordinated and widespread public dissemination of individual case stories and other generalized information that focuses on, among other things, describing the effects and warning signs of heroin use and opioid medication and identifying available pathways for individuals seeking help.

AB 186
Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Controlled substances: safer drug consumption program. Would, until January 1, 2022, authorize specified counties or cities within those counties to authorize the operation of supervised injection services programs for adults that satisfies specified requirements, including, among other things, a hygienic space supervised by health care professionals, as defined, where people who use drugs can consume preobtained drugs, sterile consumption supplies, and access to referrals to substance use disorder treatment. The bill would require any entity operating a program under its provisions to provide an annual report to the city, county, or city and county, as specified.

AB 626
Location: SENATE HEALTH

California Retail Food Code: microenterprise home kitchen operations. The California Retail Food Code establishes uniform health and sanitation standards for retail food facilities for regulation by the State Department of Public Health, and requires local enforcement agencies to enforce these provisions. This bill would, among other things, include a microenterprise home kitchen operation within the definition of a food facility, and would define a microenterprise home kitchen operation to mean a food facility that is operated by a resident in a private home where food is prepared for a consumer and that meets specified requirements, including, among others, that the operation has no more than one full-time equivalent food employee and has no more than $50,000 in verifiable gross annual sales.

Position: San Bernardino County Oppose
Edible cannabis products: labeling. Would amend the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act by requiring the universal symbol required to be on edible cannabis product not sold as a liquid, loose bulk good, or powder to meet specified requirements, including that the symbol be placed directly on at least one side of each serving so as to be distinguishable and easily recognizable as well as size and placement requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Health facilities: residential mental or substance use disorder treatment. Would require the State Department of Public Health to develop and submit a proposal to solicit a grant under the federal 21st Century Cures Act to develop a real-time, Internet-based database to collect, aggregate, and display information about beds in inpatient psychiatric facilities, crisis stabilization units, residential community mental health facilities, and licensed residential substance use disorder treatment facilities.

Maternal mental health: federal funding. Current law requires the State Department of Public Health to develop and maintain a statewide community-based comprehensive perinatal services program to, among other program objectives, ensure the appropriate level of maternal, newborn, and pediatric care services necessary to provide the healthiest outcome for mother and infant. This bill would require the department to investigate and apply for federal funding opportunities regarding maternal mental health, as specified, and to prepare a report to the Legislature on or before January 1, 2020, on how the department plans to use the federal funding it receives.

Organized camps. Current law requires the State Public Health Officer to establish rules and regulations establishing minimum standards for organized camps, and regulations governing the operation of organized camps that he or she determines are necessary to protect the health and safety of the campers. Current law establishes minimum standards for the operation, regulation, and enforcement of organized camps, as defined. This bill would recast those provisions and instead define an “organized camp” to include an “organized resident camp” and an “organized day camp,” as specified, that provides activities that promote environmental awareness and education for children under 18 years of age or adults with activity limitations or participation restrictions.

Heroin and Opioid Public Education (HOPE) Act. Would require the State Department of Public Health, in consultation with stakeholders, to develop, coordinate, implement, and oversee a comprehensive multicultural public awareness campaign, to be known as "Heroin and Opioid Public
Education (HOPE)," upon appropriation by the Legislature or receipt of state or federal grant funding, until January 1, 2023.

**AB 2405**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

**Controlled substances: carfentanil.** Current law classifies controlled substances into 5 schedules and places the greatest restrictions and penalties on the use of those substances placed in Schedule I. Opiates are classified in Schedule II. This bill would classify carfentanil, an opiate, in Schedule II. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**AB 2434**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Strategic Growth Council: Health in All Policies Program.** Current law establishes the Strategic Growth Council, prescribes the membership of the council, and requires the council to, among other things, recommend policies and investment strategies and priorities, as specified, to encourage the development of sustainable communities. This bill would establish the Health in All Policies Program, to be administered by the council, for the purposes of incorporating health, equity, and sustainability considerations into decision-making across sectors and policy areas, as specified.

**AB 2783**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

**Controlled substances: schedules.** Would define controlled substances for the purposes of California law as any of the substances listed on the California and federal schedules, including substances that have been added to the federal schedules in regulations. The bill would provide that when the state and federal controlled substances schedules conflict, the schedule that is more closely regulated shall control. By expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**AB 2934**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RLS.

**Residential lead-based paint hazard reduction program: local health departments: certification.** Current law requires the State Department of Public Health to implement and administer a residential lead-based paint hazard reduction program, as specified, including adopting regulations regarding accreditation of providers of health and safety training to employees who engage in or supervise lead-related construction work, as defined, and certification of employees who have successfully completed that training. Existing law requires specified persons engaged in lead construction work to have a certificate issued by the department. This bill would authorize the department to authorize a local health department to implement and administer the certification program for persons engaged in lead construction work described above.

**SB 212**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Medical waste.** Current law, the Medical Waste Management Act, administered by the State Department of Public Health, regulates the management and handling of medical waste, as defined. This bill add to the act a definition of "home-generated pharmaceutical waste" as a prescription or over-the-counter human or veterinary home-generated pharmaceutical that is waste and is derived from a household, including, but not limited to, a multifamily residence or household.

**SB 221**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Criminal fines: HIV prevention and education programs.** Current law allows a judge to assess an additional fine in an amount not to exceed $70 against a person who violates specified sex offenses or controlled substance offenses. Former law, repealed as of January 1, 2018, required that $50 of this fine be deposited in a special account in the county treasury to be used exclusively to pay for the reasonable costs of establishing and providing an AIDS education program under the direction of the county health department. This bill would authorize counties with funds collected pursuant to the
above provision as it read on December 31, 2017, to expend the unencumbered balance of those funds on general HIV prevention and education programs.

SB 794
Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Edible marijuana products: labeling and packaging. Would require each single serving of an edible marijuana product to be stamped, marked, or otherwise imprinted directly on the product with a universal symbol that is designed by the Bureau of Marijuana Control. The bill would specify the required size and visibility of the universal symbol. The bill would require edible marijuana products to be sold in packaging that is tamperproof, child resistant, and, if the product contains more than one serving, resealable. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend, by a 2/3 vote, certain provisions of the act, provided that the amendments are consistent with, and further the purposes and intent of, the act.

Public Hospitals

AB 2190
Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Hospitals: seismic safety. Current law provides that, after January 1, 2008, a general acute care hospital building that is determined to be a potential risk of collapse or to pose significant loss of life in the event of seismic activity be used only for nonacute care hospital purposes, except that the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development may grant 5-year and 2-year extensions under prescribed circumstances. Current law additionally allows the office to grant a hospital that has received extensions under specified provisions an extension of up to 7 years for a hospital building that it owns or operates if the hospital meets specified milestones. The office may revoke an extension granted pursuant to the latter authority under certain circumstances. This bill would require the office to provide a 30-day notice to the hospital prior to revoking an additional extension as described above and to provide the hospital with the opportunity to provide evidence and information to challenge the revocation.

AB 2419
Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Seismic safety: hospitals. Under the Alfred E. Alquist Hospital Facilities Seismic Safety Act of 1983, current law requires an owner of a general acute care hospital building that is classified as nonconforming to submit a report to the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development no later than November 1, 2010, describing the status of each building in complying with the extension provisions, and to annually update the office with any changes or adjustments. Current law requires the report to include the number of inpatient beds and patient days for the years 2008, 2009, and 2010. Current law requires the office to make that information available on its Internet Web site, as specified. This bill would instead require that report to include the number of inpatient beds and patient days for the years 2008 to 2016, inclusive.

Public Lands

AB 1775
Location: ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.

State lands: leasing: oil and gas. Would prohibit the State Lands Commission or a local trustee, as defined, of granted public trust lands from entering into any new lease or other conveyance or from entering into any lease renewal, extension, or modification that authorizes a lessee to engage in any activity upon tidelands and submerged lands in the California Coastal Sanctuary that would result in the increase of oil or natural gas production from, or facilitate additional development of, or exploration for, oil or natural gas from, federal waters.

AB 2525
Location: ASSEMBLY W.,P. & W.

Conservation of public lands: unlawful cannabis cultivation: mitigation and enforcement. Would require the Department of Fish and Wildlife to collaborate with the Department of Parks and Recreation to conduct an annual survey of all public lands, as defined, and all surface water
sources on public lands, for unlawful cannabis cultivation activity; to compile a database of unlawful cannabis cultivation activity occurring on public lands; and to ensure that this activity is eradicated by the Watershed Enforcement Team or other appropriate authority.

**SB 834**

**Location:** SENATE  N.R. & W.

**State lands: leasing: oil and gas.** Would prohibit the commission and the local trustees of granted public trust lands from entering into any new lease or other conveyance or from entering into any lease renewal, extension, or modification that authorizes a lessee to engage in new or additional exploration, development, or production of oil or natural gas upon lands owned by the state and under the jurisdiction of the commission that are located seaward of the ordinary high water mark for tidal waterways and the ordinary low water mark for navigable nontidal waterways that would result in the increase of oil or natural gas production from federal waters.

**SB 953**

**Location:** SENATE  RLS.

**Off-highway motor vehicles.** Current law, the Chappie-Z’berg Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Law of 1971, generally specifies which lands are available for use by off-highway motor vehicles, as defined, and the operating rules of those vehicles. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would clarify operating rules for off-highway motor vehicles.

**Public Safety**

**AB 222**

**Location:** SENATE  INACTIVE FILE

**False documents.** Current law, added by Proposition 187, which was approved by the voters at the November 8, 1994, statewide general election, makes it a felony to manufacture or distribute false documents to conceal the true citizenship or resident alien status of another person. Proposition 187 also makes it a felony for a person to use false documents to conceal his or her true citizenship or resident alien status. The California Constitution authorizes the Legislature to amend an initiative statute by another statute that becomes effective only when approved by the electors. This bill would amend Proposition 187 by repealing the above-referenced crimes.

**AB 270**

**Location:** SENATE  2 YEAR

**Restraining orders: witness.** Would require the court to consider issuing an order restraining a criminal defendant who has been convicted of a crime involving domestic violence from any contact with a minor who was not a victim of, but who was physically present at the time of, an act of domestic violence. The bill would provide that the minor, under those circumstances, is a witness. The bill would make conforming changes relating to the stated intent of the Legislature.

**AB 284**

**Location:** SENATE  2 YEAR

**Department of Justice: officer-involved shootings: report.** Would, contingent upon the appropriation of funding by the Legislature, require the Department of Justice to conduct a study of all or a sample of peace officer-involved shootings resulting in death or serious injury that occurred in California between January 1, 2015, and December 31, 2016. The bill would require the department to prepare a written report describing its findings and recommendations and make the report available to the public.

**AB 748**

**Location:** SENATE  2 YEAR

**Peace officers: video and audio recordings: disclosure.** The California Public Records Act requires that public records, as defined, be available to the public for inspection and made promptly available to any person. Current law makes records of investigations conducted by any state or local police agency exempt from these requirements. Current law requires specified information regarding the investigation of crimes to be disclosed to the public unless disclosure would endanger the safety of
a person involved in an investigation or would endanger the successful completion of the investigation. This bill would, notwithstanding the above provisions, allow a video or audio recording that relates to a matter of public concern because it depicts an incident involving a peace officer’s use of force, or is reasonably believed to involve a violation of law or agency policy by a peace officer, to be withheld for a maximum of 120 calendar days if disclosure would substantially impede an active investigation.

**AB 1488**

Location: SENATE RLS.

**County juvenile transition centers.** Current law provides for the supervision of persons discharged from the Division of Juvenile Facilities and from county juvenile facilities by county probation departments and provides funds to the counties for that purpose. This bill would require every county, after consultation with stakeholders, to establish at least one juvenile transition center in the county that would provide housing and services to youth upon release from juvenile correctional facilities.

**AB 1911**

Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

**Child abuse reporting: cross-reporting among local agencies.** Would, no later than January 1, 2029, require each county to establish a private and secure online database for cross-reporting allegations of child abuse and neglect. The bill would require each database to be implemented with policies to oversee the sharing of information, including, but not limited to, cross-reporting among the county welfare department, the district attorney’s office, and local law enforcement agencies, to ensure that each agency carries out its mandated investigative response to reports of child abuse or neglect.

**AB 1940**

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

**Parole: reintegration credits.** Current law authorizes the Board of Parole Hearings to establish and enforce rules and regulations governing parole. Existing regulations prohibit a parolee from traveling more than 50 miles from his or her residence without the approval of a parole agent. This bill would create a program under which the length of a parolee’s period of parole may be reduced through the successful completion of specified education, training, or treatment programs, or by participating in volunteer service, while adhering to the conditions of parole. The bill would also increase the 50-mile travel restriction for a parolee who successfully participates in the program, subject to certain restrictions.

**AB 1994**

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

**Sex offenders: county or local custodial facilities.** Current law requires specified sex offenders to register with local law enforcement within five working days of coming into, or changing his or her residence within, a city, county, or city and county. If the person’s new address is in a Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation facility or state mental institution, existing law requires an official of the institution to forward the registrant’s change of address information to the Department of Justice within 90 days. This bill would instead require the change of address to be forwarded within 15 working days of receipt or release of the person.

**AB 2010**

Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

**Juvenile facilities: chemical agents.** Would prohibit an officer or employee of a juvenile facility, as defined, from possessing any chemical agent, as defined, in a juvenile facility. The bill would allow pepper spray to be used in a juvenile facility as a last resort when necessary to suppress a riot when authorized by a juvenile facility administrator or designee. The bill would require that all use of pepper spray be documented, as provided.

**AB 2507**

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

**County jails: infant and toddler breast milk feeding policy.** Would require, on or before July 1, 2019, each county sheriff to develop and implement an infant and toddler breast milk feeding policy for...
lactating inmates detained in or sentenced to a county jail that is based on currently accepted best practices. The bill would require the policy to include provisions for, among other things, procedures for providing medically appropriate support and care related to the cessation of lactation or weaning and for conditioning an inmate’s participation in the program upon the inmate undergoing drug screening.

AB 2568
Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

Reyes D (Dist. 47)

County jails: veterans. Would require county jails to, upon detention of a person, perform a case summary that includes, but is not limited to, checking if the person has served in the United States military. The bill would additionally require that the county jail make this case summary available to the person, his or her counsel, and the district attorney. By increasing the duties of county jails, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

AB 2931
Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

Patterson R (Dist. 23)

Law enforcement: cooperation with immigration officials. Current law authorizes a local law enforcement agency to cooperate with federal immigration authorities regarding an individual under certain circumstances, including if the individual has been previously convicted of certain crimes. This bill would add additional qualifying convictions that would authorize local law enforcement to cooperate with federal immigration authorities regarding the individual. The bill would require the Department of Justice to develop a process to provide a notification to a local law enforcement agency that books, or is holding in custody upon booking, an individual for which cooperation with federal immigration authorities is authorized, as specified.

AB 2992
Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

Daly D (Dist. 69)

Peace officer training: commercially sexually exploited children. Would require the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training to develop a course on commercially sexually exploited children and victims of human trafficking. The bill would require the course to include specified topics and components including, among others, recognizing indicators of commercial sexual exploitation, appropriate interviewing techniques, local and state resources available to first responders, and issues of stigma. The bill would require the course to be included in every basic academy course commencing on or after January 1, 2020.

SB 10
Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Hertzberg D (Dist. 18)

Bail: pretrial release. Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would safely reduce the number of people detained pretrial, while addressing racial and economic disparities in the pretrial system, and to ensure that people are not held in pretrial detention simply because of their inability to afford money bail. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

SB 21
Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Hill D (Dist. 13)

Law enforcement agencies: surveillance: policies. Would, beginning July 1, 2018, require each law enforcement agency, as defined, to submit to its governing body at a regularly scheduled hearing, open to the public, a proposed Surveillance Use Policy for the use of each type of surveillance technology and the information collected, as specified. The bill would require the law enforcement agency to cease using the surveillance technology within 30 days if the proposed plan is not adopted. The bill would require the law enforcement agency to submit an amendment to the surveillance plan, pursuant to the same open meeting requirements, for each new type of surveillance technology sought to be used.
Public safety: omnibus. Would require that whenever a judgment, including any consent judgment, decree, or settlement agreement that has been approved by the court, in a class action provides for the payment of money to members of the class, any unpaid cash residue or unclaimed or abandoned class member funds be distributed in accordance with its provisions, unless the court makes a specific finding. The bill would require the court to set a date when the parties must submit a report to the court regarding a plan for the distribution of these funds.

Diversion: mental disorders. Would authorize a court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant’s speedy trial right, to postpone prosecution of a misdemeanor or a felony punishable in a county jail, and place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program for up to 2 years if the court is satisfied the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, that the defendant’s mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense, and that the defendant would benefit from mental health treatment. For specified offenses, the bill would condition granting diversion on the consent of the prosecution.

Crimes: Infractions. Prior to June 27, 2017, a court was authorized to notify the Department of Motor Vehicles when a person has failed to appear or failed to pay a fine or bail, with respect to various violations relating to vehicles. Current law requires the department to suspend, and prohibits the department from issuing or renewing, a person’s driver’s license upon receipt of one of those notices, as specified. This bill would invalidate any suspension placed on a driver’s license pursuant to that law and, on or before July 1, 2018, require the department to remove any suspension imposed before June 27, 2017, for failure to make specified payments.

Sex offenders: registration: criminal offender record information systems. Current law requires the Department of Justice to make available to the public information concerning registered sex offenders on an Internet Web site, as specified. Current law requires that information to include, among other things, whether the offender was subsequently incarcerated for another felony. Current law also authorizes a person to file an application for exclusion from the Internet Web site and establishes the requirements for exclusion. This bill would, commencing January 1, 2021, instead establish 3 tiers of registration based on specified criteria, for periods of at least 10 years, at least 20 years, and life, respectively, for a conviction of specified sex offenses, and 5 years and 10 years for tiers one and two, respectively, for an adjudication as a ward of the juvenile court for specified sex offenses, as specified.

Criminal justice: California Violence Intervention and Prevention Grant Program. Would create the California Violence Intervention and Prevention Grant Program to be administered by the Board of State and Community Corrections. The bill would require the board, if funds are appropriated by the Legislature, to award competitive grants, as specified, to cities and community organizations for the purpose of violence intervention and prevention, as specified. The bill would require the board to report to the Legislature on the effectiveness of the program.

Parolees: Supportive Housing Pilot Program. Would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, on or before January 1, 2020, to create the Supportive Housing Pilot Program, which
would be in effect at the same time as the existing program and would establish a process and timeline for finalizing a memorandum of understanding with one or more counties in which the department would agree to use current funding to, among other things, refer eligible parolees to participating counties for mental health treatment, housing navigation services, and supportive housing services, and to use remaining resources, as specified, to pay for bridge rental assistance, as defined, and services in supportive housing during the program participant’s term of parole.

SB 1266  
Location: SENATE  RLS.  

Portantino  D  ( Dist. 25)

Burglary.  Would require a person convicted of burglary in the 2nd degree who has a prior conviction for burglary to serve a minimum of 180 days in a county jail. The bill would require a person convicted of burglary who is released from prison on parole to be subject to global position system monitoring as a condition of parole. This bill contains other existing laws.

SB 1429  
Location: SENATE  RLS.  

Mendoza  D  ( Dist. 0)

Sales and use taxes: revenue allocation: public safety services.  Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would limit the amount of revenues derived from the imposition of the tax pursuant to Proposition 172 that are maintained in reserves by counties to 5% of the total allocation of those revenues received in the previous budget year and would make related findings and declarations.

Public Utilities

AB 1959  
Location: ASSEMBLY  C. & C.  

Wood  D  ( Dist. 2)

Telecommunications: universal service programs.  Current law, until January 1, 2019, requires the Public Utilities Commission to develop, implement, and maintain a suitable program to establish a fair and equitable local rate structure aided by universal service rate support to small independent telephone corporations that serve rural areas and are subject to rate-of-return regulation by the commission (the CHCF-A program). Current law, until January 1, 2019, requires the commission to develop, implement, and maintain a suitable, competitively neutral, and broad-based program to establish a fair and equitable local rate support structure aided by universal service rate support to telephone corporations serving areas where the cost of providing services exceeds rates charged by providers, as determined by the commission (the CHCF-B program). This bill would extend the CHCF-A program and CHCF-B program requirements to January 1, 2023.

AB 1995  
Location: ASSEMBLY  U. & E.  

Garcia, Eduardo  D  ( Dist. 56)

Local publicly owned electric and gas utilities: weatherization.  Would require the Public Utilities Commission to direct an electric or gas corporation to provide as many of the specified measures as are feasible and cost effective for each eligible low-income dwelling unit, and provides that weatherization may also include water conservation measures that result in energy savings determined by the utility to be feasible, in consideration of both the cost-effectiveness of the services and the public policy of reducing financial hardships facing low-income households.

AB 1999  
Location: ASSEMBLY  L. GOV.  

Chau  D  ( Dist. 49)

Local government: public broadband services.  Would, except as provided, prohibit a local agency that is authorized to engage in the provision of broadband Internet access service, as defined, in the state from taking certain actions regarding the accessing of content on the Internet by end users. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

SB 460  
Location: ASSEMBLY  DESK  

De León  D  ( Dist. 24)

Communications: broadband Internet access service.  The Consumers Legal Remedies Act, makes unlawful certain unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices
undertaken by any person in a transaction intended to result or which results in the sale or lease of goods or services to any consumer. This bill would revise the act to prohibit specified actions by an Internet service provider, as defined, that provides broadband Internet access service, as defined, and make a violation of those prohibitions subject to the remedies available pursuant to the act.

**SB 1110**

**Location:** SENATE E. U., & C.  
**Bradford** D (Dist. 35)

**Energy: California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program.** Would authorize local publicly owned electric utilities, upon submitting specified findings to the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to additionally adopt conditions that mitigate against the loss of public revenues if the applicable procurement and related requirements would lead to decreased generation from a power plant with outstanding public indebtedness, as specified.

**Registrar of Voters**

**AB 216**

**Location:** SENATE INACTIVE FILE  
**Gonzalez Fletcher** D (Dist. 80)

**Vote by mail ballots: identification envelopes: prepaid postage.** Current law provides for the procedures by which a voter may apply for and receive a vote by mail ballot. Current law requires the elections official to deliver to each qualified applicant the ballot for the precinct in which the applicant resides and all supplies necessary for the use and return of the ballot. This bill would clarify that the elections official is required to deliver to each qualified applicant an identification envelope for the return of the vote by mail ballot and would require the identification envelope to have prepaid postage.

**AB 1678**

**Location:** SENATE THIRD READING  
**Berman** D (Dist. 24)

**Voter registration information: security.** Would require the Secretary of State to adopt regulations describing best practices for storage and security of voter registration information received by an applicant. The bill would require a person or entity who has received voter registration information pursuant to an application to disclose a breach in the security of the storage of the information to the Secretary of State, as specified.

**AB 2245**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.  
**Berman** D (Dist. 24)

**Voter registration.** Current law requires a county elections official to prepare specified information on registered voters in the county, including the total number of voters and the number of voters registered as preferring each qualified political party, and to provide notice to the Secretary of State that the information is available. This bill would require a county elections official to also include specified information on persons who have preregistered to vote. By imposing additional duties on county elections officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**AB 2540**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.  
**Mullin** D (Dist. 22)

**State facilities and public buildings: vote centers and polling places.** The California Voter's Choice Act, authorizes certain counties to conduct any election, after a specified date, as an all-mailed ballot election if certain conditions are satisfied, including conditions related to ballot drop-off locations, vote centers, and plans for the administration of all-mailed ballot elections. Current law requires, with certain exceptions, that state-owned buildings, parking lots, and other facilities be made available free of charge for use as polling places. This bill would extend this requirement to vote centers.

**AB 2835**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.  
**Calderon** D (Dist. 57)

**Elections: ballots.** Current law defines a “ballot” for election law purposes to include an electronic touchscreen upon which appears the names of candidates and ballot titles of measures to be voted on by touching the designated area of the screen for systems that do not contain a paper ballot. This bill would expand the electronic touchscreen systems that qualify as ballots by eliminating the requirement
that the systems not contain paper ballots if the votes are tabulated manually or by optical scanning equipment. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

**AB 2883**

Location: ASSEMBLY E. & R.

**Vote by mail ballots.** Current law requires a vote by mail voter to return his or her voted vote by mail ballot (1) by mail or in person to the elections official, (2) in person to a member of a precinct board at a polling place or vote center, or (3) to a vote by mail ballot drop-off location, as specified. Current law permits a vote by mail voter who is unable to return his or her ballot to designate another person to return the ballot. This bill would require the designated person to offer to give a receipt to the voter when the designated person receives the ballot, and to provide a receipt to the voter upon request.

**ACA 10**

Location: ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

**Elections: voter qualifications.** The California Constitution allows a United States citizen who is at least 18 years of age and a resident of California to vote. This measure would reduce the minimum voting age to 17.

**SB 24**

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

**Political Reform Act of 1974: economic interest disclosure.** The Political Reform of Act of 1974 requires the disclosures to include a statement indicating, within a specified value range, the fair market value of investments or interests in real property and the aggregate value of income received from each reportable source. This bill would revise the dollar amounts associated with these ranges to provide for 8 total ranges of fair market value of investments and real property interests and 10 total ranges of aggregate value of income.

**SB 348**

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**County voter information guide: taxpayer notice.** Would require, if a local special tax measure is presented to the voters for approval, an elections official to include in the county voter information guide for that election a notice regarding the process for initiating a validation action challenging the levy of a special tax. The notice would be required to conform with certain formatting, print, and type requirements and would include language notifying taxpayers of the 60-day filing requirement for challenging the imposition of a special tax. By imposing new duties on local elections officials, the bill would create a state-mandated local program.

**SB 759**

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

**Elections: vote by mail ballots.** Current law requires an elections official, upon receipt of a vote by mail ballot, to compare the signature on the identification envelope with either the signature appearing on the voter’s affidavit of registration, or the signature appearing on a form issued by an elections official that contains the voter’s signature and that is part of the voter’s registration record. Current law provides that, if the elections official determines that the signatures do not compare, the identification envelope shall not be opened and the ballot shall not be counted. This bill would eliminate the prohibition on counting the ballot and would instead require the elections official to offer the voter an opportunity to verify his or her signature before certification of the election.

**Renewable Energy**

**AB 271**

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

**Property Assessed Clean Energy program.** Would authorize the county tax collector to direct the county auditor to remove a delinquent installment based on a PACE assessment from the county’s tax rolls, if it arises from a contract entered into on or after January 1, 2018. The bill would require the county tax collector, immediately upon that removal and for each parcel for which the delinquent
installment was removed, to provide notice on the tax rolls of the removal. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**Local Government Renewable Energy Self-Generation Program.** Current law authorizes a local government to receive a bill credit, as specified, to be applied to a designated benefiting account for electricity exported to the electrical grid by an eligible renewable generating facility, as defined, and requires the commission to approve a rate tariff for the benefiting account. Current law provides specific rules for the calculation of these bill credits. Under existing law, an electrical corporation is obligated to provide a bill credit to a benefiting account designated by a local government only until the combined statewide cumulative rated generating capacity of all eligible renewable generating facilities within the service territories of the state’s 3 largest electrical corporations reaches 250 megawatts. This bill would revise how the bill credit is calculated, as specified, and, for these purposes, would require the electrical corporation, until January 1, 2044, to use the time-of-use periods and seasonal definitions that were in effect on January 1, 2017.

**County employees’ retirement: permanent incapacity.** The County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 provides that a member who is permanently incapacitated shall be retired for disability despite age if, among other conditions, the member’s incapacity is a result of injury or disease arising out of and in the course of the member’s employment, and that employment contributes substantially to that incapacity or the member has completed 5 years of service and not waived retirement in respect to the particular incapacity or aggravation thereof, as specified. This bill would require, for purposes of determining permanent incapacity of certain members employed as peace officers, that those members be evaluated by the retirement system to determine if they can perform all of the usual and customary duties of a peace officer, as specified.

**Big Bear Fire Agencies Pension Consolidation Act of 2018.** Would enact the Big Bear Fire Agencies Pension Consolidation Act of 2018, which, on and after the effective date of a resolution of the Board of Retirement of the San Bernardino County Employees’ Retirement Association consenting to membership by employees of the Big Bear Fire Authority as specified, would provide that all safety employees currently employed by the Big Bear Lake Fire Protection District as of that date would be deemed to be employees of the authority and that all duties and obligations of the fire protection district in the employment relationship would be assumed by the authority. The bill would specify that the authority is a “district” for purposes of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937.

**County employees’ retirement: system personnel.** CERL authorizes the retirement boards of 5 specified counties to appoint assistant administrators and chief investment officers who, following appointment, are outside county charter, civil service, and merit system rules, except as specified. CERL provides that these administrators and officers are employees of the county, as specified, while serving at the pleasure of the appointing boards, and that they may be dismissed without cause. This bill would apply these provisions to any county if the board of supervisors for that county, by resolution adopted by majority vote, makes those provisions applicable in the county.

**Workers’ compensation: off-duty peace officer.** Would provide that whenever any peace officer is injured, dies, or is disabled from performing his duties as a peace officer by reason of engaging in the
apprehension or attempted apprehension of law violators or suspected law violators within or out of the state, or protection or preservation of life or property within or out of the state, or the preservation of the peace anywhere in this state, but is not at the time acting under the immediate direction of his employer, he or his dependents shall be accorded by his employer all of the same benefits the peace officer or his dependents would have received had that peace officer been acting under the immediate direction of his employer.

**Workers' compensation.** Current law regulates workers' compensation insurance rates and, among other things, requires rates to be adequate to cover an insurer's losses and expenses. Current law provides that a person aggrieved by a decision, action, or omission of a rating organization may request reconsideration, and if the request for reconsideration is rejected or is not acted upon within 30 days, the person may file an appeal with the Insurance Commissioner, as specified. This bill would extend the timeline for reconsideration to 45 days, after which a person may then appeal the decision, action, or omission of the rating organization with the commissioner.

### Schools

**AB 185**

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**School attendance: pupil transfer options: school districts of choice.** Current law authorizes the governing board of a school district to accept pupils from other school districts by adopting a resolution to become a school district of choice, as defined, in accordance with specified procedural requirements and limitations. Current law makes the school district of choice program inoperative on July 1, 2017, and repeals the program on January 1, 2018. This bill would authorize a school district of choice established pursuant to the school district of choice program to continue to operate for pupils enrolled in the program on or before June 30, 2017.

**AB 254**

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Local Educational Agency Behavioral Health Integration Pilot Program.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish the Local Educational Agency Behavioral Health Integration Pilot Program for the purpose of improving the behavioral health outcomes of students by improving the delivery of direct behavioral health services, as defined. The bill would require the department to encourage eligible participants to participate in the program, to provide technical assistance to eligible participants, to develop a request for a proposals process to determine funding allocation, and to formulate any necessary Medi-Cal State Plan amendments, and award grants pursuant to these provisions.

**AB 406**

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Charter schools: operation.** The Charter Schools Act of 1992 provides for the establishment and operation of a charter school and authorizes a charter school to elect to operate as, or be operated by, a nonprofit public benefit corporation, as specified. This bill, on and after January 1, 2019, would prohibit a petitioner that submits a charter petition for the establishment of a charter school or a charter school that submits a charter renewal or material revision application from operating as, or being operated by, a for-profit corporation, a for-profit educational management organization, or a for-profit charter management organization.

**AB 834**

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**School-based health programs.** Would require the State Department of Education to, no later than July 1, 2018, establish an Office of School-Based Health Programs for the purpose of, among other things, administering health-related programs under the purview of the State Department of Education and advising on issues related to the delivery of school-based Medi-Cal services in the state. The bill would authorize the office to form additional advisory groups, as specified, and would require the State
Department of Education to make available to the office any information on other school-based dental, health, and mental health programs.

**AB 1887**

Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

**Medina D (Dist. 61)**

**Public education governance: service on boards and commissions.** Current law provides that a person is incapable of holding a civil office if, at the time of his or her election or appointment, he or she is not 18 years of age and a citizen of the state. This bill would authorize any pupil attending a California public secondary school who is under the age of 18 years to serve on any board or commission that includes members who are pupils or minors and is established under specified portions of the Education Code that relate to public elementary and secondary education and that includes members who are pupils or minors.

**AB 1951**

Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

**O'Donnell D (Dist. 70)**

**Pupil assessments: Pathways to College Act.** Would require, pursuant to specified provisions of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, the Superintendent of Public Instruction to approve a nationally recognized high school assessment that a local educational agency, as defined, may, at its own discretion, administer, commencing with the 2019–20 school year, and each school year thereafter, in lieu of the consortium summative assessment in English language arts and mathematics for grade 11.

**AB 1962**

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

**Wood D (Dist. 2)**

**Education finance: local control funding formula: unduplicated pupils: foster youth: Indian tribe placement.** Current law includes among unduplicated pupils, a pupil who is classified as an English learner, eligible for a free or reduced-price meal, or a foster youth, as defined, and requires county superintendents of schools, school districts, and charter schools to submit and report data relating to these pupils. This bill, commencing with the 2019–20 fiscal year, would include in that definition of “foster youth” a child who is in foster care under the placement and care responsibility of an Indian tribe, consortium of tribes, or tribal organization.

**AB 1974**

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

**Gonzalez Fletcher D (Dist. 80)**

**Pupils: collection of debt.** Would enact the Public School Fair Debt Collection Act. The act would provide that a pupil or former pupil, unless emancipated at the time the debt is incurred, can never owe or be billed for a debt owed to a public school or school district, county office of education, charter school, or state special school. The act would prohibit those educational entities from taking negative actions against a pupil or former pupil because of a debt owed to the educational entity, including, among other things, denying or withholding grades or transcripts, or denying or withholding a diploma.

**AB 2009**

Location: ASSEMBLY JUD.

**Maienschein R (Dist. 77)**

**Interscholastic athletic programs: school districts: written emergency action plans: automated external defibrillator.** Would, if a school district or charter school elects to offer any interscholastic athletic program, this bill would require the school district or charter school to (1) ensure that there is an emergency action plan in place that describes the location and procedures to be followed in the event of sudden cardiac arrest or other medical emergencies related to the athletic program’s activities or events, (2) acquire, commencing July 1, 2019 at least one AED for each school within the school district or the charter school, as applicable, and ensure that an AED is available for the purpose of rendering emergency care or treatment at the athletic program’s activities or events, as specified, and (3) ensure that an AED is maintained and regularly tested, as specified.
School and community college employees: parental leave. Would require, regardless of the type of differential pay system used by a school district or community college district, a person employed in a position requiring certification qualifications and a person employed in an academic position to receive no less than 50% of his or her regular salary for the remaining portion of the 12-workweek period of parental leave. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Pupil instruction: economics: completion of applications for student financial aid. Would require, commencing with the 2019–20 school year, the governing board of a school district or the governing body of a charter school that offers a course in economics that is limited to grade 12 pupils to include instruction, as part of that course, in the proper completion of student financial aid applications, including the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) and the California Dream Act Application. The bill would require the State Department of Education, before the commencement of the 2019–20 school year, to provide guidance on how to implement these provisions, including, but not necessarily limited to, who may provide instruction.

Pupil health: on-campus mental health professionals. Would require, on or before December 31, 2021, a school of a school district or county office of education and a charter school to have at least one mental health professional, as provided, generally accessible to pupils on campus during school hours. The bill would require, if the mental health professional is not employed by the school, the school district, or the county office of education, the school, the school district, or the county office of education to form a community partnership with and enter into a memorandum of understanding with the entity that employs the mental health professional that clearly specifies certain information relating to the responsibilities of each partner.

School safety: armed security guards and school resource officers. Would require a school district to hire or contract with at least one armed security guard or school resource officer, as defined, authorized to carry a loaded firearm, to be present at each school of the school district during regular school hours and any other time when pupils are present on campus. By imposing an additional requirement on school districts, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would provide that a school district’s costs of implementing this requirement shall be reimbursed as a state mandate and shall not be funded with the funding provided to school districts pursuant to the local control funding formula.

Teach for America teachers: assignment prohibition in low-income schools. Would prohibit, commencing with the 2019–20 school year, Teach for America teachers from being assigned, pursuant to the Teach for America program, to teach at any California public school, including a charter school, that has at least 40% of its pupils being from low-income families, as specified pursuant to Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Act of 1965. To the extent that this bill would increase duties on school districts and charter schools, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

Pupil rights: pregnant and parenting pupils. Current law requires a pupil to be excused from school for specified types of absences and prohibits those excused absences from generating state
apportionment payments by deeming them as absences in computing average daily attendance. This bill would include as another type of excused absence, 4 absences per school year to care for a sick child, for which the school is prohibited from requiring a note from a doctor. The bill would require a school of a school district or county office of education and a charter school to allow a parenting pupil who gives or expects to give birth up to 6 weeks of parental leave or 8 weeks of parental leave for a caesarian section birth or birth with complications, and to allow a parenting pupil not giving birth up to 4 weeks of parental leave after the birth.

**AB 2315**
Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

Pupil health: health care: telehealth services. Current law requires the governing board of any school district to give diligent care to the health and physical development of pupils and authorizes the governing board of a school district to employ properly certified persons for the work. This bill would authorize a school district maintaining kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, to partner with a health care provider to provide telehealth services, as defined, to pupils at schools of the school district.

**AB 2471**
Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

Pupil health: School-Based Pupil Support Services Program Act. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would increase in school support services to pupils in order to break down barriers to academic success. This bill contains other related provisions.

**AB 2572**
Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

Pupil health: air quality. Current law requires the governing board of a school district to give diligent care to the health and physical development of pupils. This bill would require school districts to require pupils to remain indoors during school hours when the applicable air pollution control district or air quality management district has issued a public alert for an unhealthy or very unhealthy air quality day. By adding to the duties of school districts, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**AB 2584**
Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

School accountability: local control and accountability plans: teacher evaluations. Current law requires the governing board of each school district and each county board of education to update its local control and accountability plan before July 1 of each year. Current law requires an update to include, among other things, a listing and description of the expenditures for the fiscal year, as specified. This bill would instead require that the annual update to a school district's local control and accountability plan include a listing and description of the expenditures at the school district level and by school site for the fiscal year, as specified.

**AB 2788**
Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

School Employee Housing Assistance Program. Would create the School Employee Housing Assistance Program, which would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to administer a program to provide assistance for the creation of affordable housing for school district employees.

**AB 2808**
Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

Education finance: local control funding formula: funding increase. Current law requires funding pursuant to the local control funding formula to include, in addition to a base grant, supplemental and concentration grant add-ons that are based on the percentage of pupils who are English learners, foster youth, or eligible for free or reduced-price meals, as specified, served by a school district or charter school. Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to compute the supplemental and concentration grant add-ons as certain percentages of the amount of the base
grant. This bill would delete the provision specifying the amount of the base grant in the 2013–14 fiscal year and would instead specify new, higher amounts for the 2018–19 fiscal year, which would also increase the supplemental and concentration grant amounts and result in various other changes to funding calculations for purposes of the local control funding formula.

**AB 3043**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR.

**Pupil nutrition: breakfast and lunch programs.** Would authorize a school district, county superintendent of schools, private school, or charter school that participates in the federal School Breakfast Program, commencing with the 2019–20 school year, after submitting certain documentation to the State Department of Education for approval, to provide universal breakfast, to the maximum extent practicable. The bill would define “universal breakfast” to mean a nutritionally adequate breakfast that complies with, and qualifies for reimbursement under, the federal School Breakfast Program and that is provided to every pupil at no charge.

**AB 3063**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY ED.

**Education finance: Opportunity Youth Reengagement Fund.** Would establish the Opportunity Youth Reengagement Fund in order to provide funding to local educational agencies, as defined, serving reengaged opportunity youth. The bill would provide that a youth who is eligible to participate in the program funded under the bill would include a pupil formerly identified as a dropout, an expelled pupil, and a pupil who has not been enrolled for at least 90 days irrespective of designation, including, but not necessarily limited to, a pupil identified as a transfer pupil but who has not reenrolled in a public elementary or secondary school for at least 90 days.

**SB 83**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY BUDGET

**School finance: education omnibus trailer bill.** Current law establishes a public school financing system that requires state funding for county superintendents of schools, school districts, and charter schools to be calculated pursuant to a local control funding formula, as specified. Current law requires, for the 2013–14 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter, the Superintendent of Public Instruction to annually calculate a county local control funding formula for each county superintendent of schools, as provided. This bill, commencing with the 2017–18 fiscal year, would require the Superintendent to add a specified amount to the annual apportionment to each county superintendent of schools as part of the county local control funding formula, as provided.

**SB 607**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

**Pupil discipline: suspensions and expulsions: willful defiance.** Current law prohibits the suspension of a pupil enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 3, inclusive, and recommending the expulsion of a pupil enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, for disrupting school activities or otherwise willfully defying the valid authority of those school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. Current law makes these prohibitions inoperative on July 1, 2018. This bill would make those provisions indefinitely applicable to pupils enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 5, inclusive, and, with respect to pupils enrolled in grades 6 to 12, inclusive, would make those provisions applicable until July 1, 2023.

**SB 816**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Elementary and secondary education: omnibus revisions.** Current law establishes the State Board of Education and provides that the state board consists of 10 members who are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of 2/3 of the Senate. Current law requires the Governor to also appoint a student member to the state board with the advice and consent of 2/3 of the Senate, and prescribes the process for selecting candidates for the student member. This bill would revise and recast the provisions prescribing the process for selecting the student member.
SB 949
Location: SENATE ED.

**Conflicts of interest: public officers and employees: charter schools.** Current law prohibits certain public officials, including, but not limited to, state, county, or district officers or employees, from being financially interested in any contract made by them in their official capacity, or by any body or board of which they are members, except as provided. A willful violation of these provisions is a crime. This bill would expressly state that members of governing bodies of charter schools, solely with respect to the operations of a charter school, are subject to those conflict of interest provisions, except in limited circumstances, as prescribed.

SB 958
Location: SENATE GOV. & F.

**School districts: elections: special taxes.** Under current law, a ballot measure may be placed on the ballot at a school district election by the governing board of the school district. Whenever a school district ballot measure is placed on the ballot, existing law requires the county counsel or district attorney, as applicable, to prepare an impartial analysis of the measure showing the effect of the measure on existing law and the operation of the measure. This bill would clarify that a school district ballot measure includes an initiative measure that may be placed on the ballot pursuant to existing provisions of law.

SB 1385
Location: SENATE RLS.

**School safety: policies and procedures: pupil harassment and bias-based bullying.** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require school districts to implement policies and procedures to effectively address pupil harassment and bias-based bullying in California schools.

**Transportation**

AB 33
Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

**Transportation electrification: electric vehicle service equipment: electrical corporations: rates.** Would require the PUC, by March 30, 2018, in consultation with the State Air Resources Board and the Energy Commission, to consider authorizing electrical corporations to offer programs and investments that support customers who purchase a used electric vehicle. If authorized by the PUC, the bill would require that the programs and investments be designed to accelerate widespread transportation electrification, achieve ratepayer benefits, reduce dependence on petroleum, meet air quality standards, and reduce emissions of greenhouse gases.

AB 118
Location: SENATE BUDGET & F.R.

**Transportation.** Would require the Department of Transportation to develop and submit to the Legislature and specified legislative caucuses, by January 1, 2019, a detailed outreach plan intended to increase procurement opportunities for new and limited contracting small business enterprises, as defined, including, but not limited to, those owned by women, minority, disabled veterans, LGBT, and other disadvantaged groups, in all the department’s transportation programs, to undertake specified outreach activities required to be included in the plan, and to update that plan and submit it to specified entities.

AB 382
Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

**Fuel taxes: State Parks and Recreation Fund: Off-Highway Vehicle Trust Fund.** Would provide that in the 2017–18 fiscal year up to $1,000,000 of the revenues transferred to the State Parks and Recreation Fund may be transferred to the Off-Highway Vehicle Trust Fund to be available for specified purposes and would express the intent of the Legislature to make this transfer in the Budget Act of 2017.
**AB 1756**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY TRANS.

**Brough R (Dist. 73)**

**Transportation funding.** Would repeal the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017. This bill contains other related provisions.

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**AB 1866**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY TRANS.

**Fong R (Dist. 34)**

**Transportation funding.** Would create the Traffic Relief and Road Improvement Program to address traffic congestion and deferred maintenance on the state highway system and the local street and road system. The bill would provide for the deposit of various existing sources of revenue in the Traffic Relief and Road Improvement Account, which the bill would create in the State Transportation Fund, including revenues attributable to the sales and use tax on motor vehicles, revenues attributable to automobile and motor vehicle insurance policies from the insurer gross premiums tax, revenues from certain diesel fuel sales and use taxes, revenues from certain vehicle registration fees, and certain miscellaneous State Highway Account revenues.

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**AB 1905**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.

**Grayson D (Dist. 14)**

**Environmental quality: judicial review: transportation projects.** Would, in an action or proceeding seeking judicial review under the California Environmental Quality Act, prohibit a court from staying or enjoining a transportation project that would reduce total vehicle miles traveled, that is included in a sustainable communities strategy, and for which an environmental impact report has been certified, unless the court makes specified findings.

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**AB 2145**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR.

**Reyes D (Dist. 47)**

**Vehicular air pollution.** Would add as eligible projects for the California Clean Truck, Bus, and Off-Road Vehicle and Equipment Technology Program those projects that support grid integration and integrated storage solutions and charging management demonstration and analytics. The bill would additionally require the energy commission, as part of the guidance developed for the program, to advise the State Air Resources Board on how to allocate moneys for vehicle charging infrastructure consistent with the energy commission’s investment plan strategies on charging infrastructure that is part of the California Alternative and Renewable Fuel, Vehicle Technology, Clean Air, and Carbon Reduction Act of 2007. The bill instead would require the guidance to promote projects that assist the state in reaching its climate goals beyond 2030.

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**AB 2530**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY TRANS.

**Melendez R (Dist. 67)**

**Bonds: transportation.** Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase I blended system. The bill, subject to the above exception, would require redirection of the unspent proceeds received from outstanding bonds issued and sold for other high-speed rail purposes prior to the effective date of these provisions, upon appropriation, for use in retiring the debt incurred from the issuance and sale of those outstanding bonds.

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**AB 2712**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY TRANS.

**Allen, Travis R (Dist. 72)**

**Bonds: Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century.** Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase 1 blended system.
Transportation: omnibus bill. Current law authorizes a county, upon the adoption of a resolution by its board of supervisors, to impose a fee on motor vehicles, as specified, that is paid quarterly to the Controller and continuously appropriated for disbursement to the county, as specified, to be used to fund programs relating to vehicle theft crimes. Current law requires a county that imposes this fee to issue an annual report to the Controller on or before August 31. Existing law requires the Controller to suspend a county’s fee for one year if the county fails to submit the report by November 30 and requires the Controller to inform the Department of Motor Vehicles on or before January 1 that a county’s authority to collect the fee is suspended. This bill would instead require the Controller to inform the Department of Motor Vehicles on or before February 1 that a county’s authority to collect the fee described above is suspended.

Transportation bonds: highway, street, and road projects. Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase 1 blended system. The bill, subject to the above exception, would require redirection of the unspent proceeds from outstanding bonds issued and sold for other high-speed rail purposes prior to the effective date of these provisions, upon appropriation, for use in retiring the debt incurred from the issuance and sale of those outstanding bonds.

Intercity rail corridors: extensions. Current law authorizes the Department of Transportation, subject to approval of the Secretary of Transportation, to enter into an interagency transfer agreement under which a joint powers board assumes responsibility for administering the state-funded intercity rail service in a particular corridor and associated feeder bus services. Current law defines the boundaries of 3 intercity rail corridors, and requires the preparation of an annual business plan for the corridor by each participating joint powers board. This bill, at any time after an interagency transfer agreement between the department and a joint powers board has been entered into, would authorize the amendment of the agreement to provide for the extension of the affected rail corridor to provide intercity rail service beyond the defined boundaries of the corridor.

State government finance: Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program. Prior to receiving an apportionment of funds under the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program from the Controller in a fiscal year, current law requires a city or county to submit to the California Transportation Commission a list of projects proposed to be funded with these funds. Current law requires the commission to report to the Controller the cities and counties that have submitted a list of projects and requires the Controller, upon receipt of an initial or subsequent report, to apportion funds to cities and counties included in the report, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the provisions requiring the commission to submit the specified reports to the Controller.

Near-Zero-Emission and Low-Emission Ready-Mix Concrete Truck Replacement Pilot Program. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that creates the Near-Zero-Emission and Low-Emission Ready-Mix Concrete Truck Replacement Pilot Program, as specified. This bill contains other existing laws.
SB 1172
Beall D (Dist. 15)
Location: SENATE THIRD READING
High-Speed Rail Authority. Current law, the California High-Speed Rail Act, creates the High-Speed Rail Authority to develop and implement a high-speed train system in the state, with specified powers and duties. Current law authorizes the authority, among other things, to keep the public informed of its activities. This bill would revise that provision to instead authorize the authority to keep the public informed through activities, including, but not limited to, community outreach events, public information workshops, and newsletters posted on the authority’s Internet Web site.

SB 1307
Galgiani D (Dist. 5)
Location: SENATE RLS.
High-Speed Rail Authority: property acquisition: capital outlays: public contracts: county assessor’s records. The California Constitution permits the taking of private property for public use only when just compensation is paid. The Eminent Domain Law prescribes the procedures for the exercise of that constitutionally authorized power. Under that law, a public entity may not commence an eminent domain proceeding until its governing body has adopted a resolution of necessity that meets specified requirements. Current law defines “governing body” for these purposes with respect to various state and local public entities. This bill would specify that the State Public Works Board is the “governing body” for these purposes in the case of a taking by the High-Speed Rail Authority.

Veterans
AB 85
Rodriguez D (Dist. 52)
Location: SENATE 2 YEAR
General assistance: employable veterans. Current law requires each county to provide aid to its indigent residents not supported by other means. Current law permits a county to prohibit an employable individual from receiving general assistance benefits for more than 3 months in any 12-month period, whether or not the months are consecutive, if he or she has been offered an opportunity to attend job skills or job training sessions. This bill would, commencing July 1, 2018, exempt from that prohibition an employable veteran who was honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, unless the county enacts an ordinance, by July 1, 2018, making the prohibition applicable to an employable veteran who was honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces.

AB 809
Quirk-Silva D (Dist. 65)
Location: SENATE DESK
Veterans: public postsecondary education: veterans’ priority registration for enrollment. Current law also requires each community college district that administers a priority enrollment system to grant priority registration for enrollment to students in the California Community College Extended Opportunity Programs and Services and to disabled students, as defined. This bill would require that the priority registration for enrollment for members and former members of the Armed Forces of the United States and for members and former members of the State Military Reserve that is required by existing law, as described above, be applied notwithstanding any other law.

AB 2170
Choi R (Dist. 68)
Location: ASSEMBLY HIGHER ED.
Veterans education and training: California State Approving Agency for Veterans Education. Would require the California State Approving Agency for Veterans Education to provide for the certification of nanodegree for completing certain vocational education programs in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics concentrations for veterans returning from military service on or after September 11, 2001, offered by California institutions of higher education as part of their participation in veterans education and training programs authorized by the federal Higher Education Act.
**AB 2568**  
Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.  
Reyes D (Dist. 47)

*County jails: veterans.* Would require county jails to, upon detention of a person, perform a case summary that includes, but is not limited to, checking if the person has served in the United States military. The bill would additionally require that the county jail make this case summary available to the person, his or her counsel, and the district attorney. By increasing the duties of county jails, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**AB 2607**  
Location: ASSEMBLY V. A.  
Berman D (Dist. 24)

*Veterans: Medical Foster Home Pilot Program.* Would reestablish the Medical Foster Home Pilot Program, until January 1, 2022, under substantially similar requirements as the previous pilot program. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature that the California State Auditor, through a request to the Joint Legislative Audit Committee, conduct an audit evaluating the pilot program created by this bill no sooner than January 1, 2020, as specified. The bill additionally would require medical foster home caregivers and individuals, other than veteran residents, over 18 years of age and who reside in the medical foster home to register as independent home care aides, under existing provisions, including a background examination, as specified.

**AB 2790**  
Location: ASSEMBLY V. A.  
Irwin D (Dist. 44)

*Veterans: Internal Audits for Veterans Affairs.* Would create the office of Internal Audits for Veterans Affairs, the chief auditor of which would be subject to the direction of the secretary within the Department of Veterans Affairs. The bill would require the chief auditor to be appointed by the Governor, subject to Senate confirmation. The chief auditor would be responsible for reviewing and investigating, at the request of the secretary or other members of senior management of the department, the operations and financial condition of each California veterans home, each veterans farm and home purchase program, and other department programs and functions.

**SB 197**  
Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR  
Bates R (Dist. 36)

*Sales and use taxes: exemption: military and veteran medical facilities.* Would, on and after April 1, 2017, and before January 1, 2023, exempt from sales and use taxes the gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, building materials and supplies purchased by a qualified person for use by that qualified person in the construction of specified military and veteran medical facilities. The bill would make a legislative finding and declaration that the retroactive application of the bill serves a public purpose and does not constitute a gift of public funds.

**SB 409**  
Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR  
Nguyen R (Dist. 34)

*Veterans’ homes: services: complex mental and behavioral health needs.* Would require the Department of Veterans Affairs to conduct a survey to assess the ability of veterans’ homes to assist veterans with complex mental and behavioral health needs, and develop a plan to accommodate that population, as prescribed. The bill would require the department to submit the plan and any recommendations for future legislation necessary to achieve its objectives to the Legislature by January 1, 2019.

**SB 1043**  
Location: SENATE V. A.  
Newman D (Dist. 29)

*Department of Veterans Affairs: veterans’ services.* Current law requires the Department of Veterans Affairs to disburse funds, appropriated to the department for the purpose of supporting county veterans service officers pursuant to the annual Budget Act, on a pro rata basis, to counties that have established and maintain a county veterans service officer in accordance with the staffing level and workload of each county veterans service officer under a formula based upon performance.
developed by the department. This bill would define a workload unit for purposes of these provisions to mean a specific claim activity that is used to allocate subvention funds to counties, which is approved by the department, and performed by county veterans service officers.

**SB 1357**

**Location:** SENATE  V. A.

**Vehicles: license plates: veterans.** Would require the Department of Veterans Affairs to adopt, and the Department of Motor Vehicles to implement, 2 descriptive messages as part of the distinctive design for specialized plates for veterans, which would consist of “Honoring Veterans” and “Veteran.” The bill would only authorize the “Veteran” message to be issued to an applicant who provides documentation of his or her service in the Armed Forces or California National Guard, as specified. The bill would require the departments to establish a process for determining that eligibility.

**SJR 2**

**Location:** SENATE  V. A.

**Veteran bonus repayment.** This measure would request that Congress expedite all actions necessary to permanently waive the requirement that our state’s Army National Guard members repay federal financial incentives they received in exchange for wartime reenlistment and extend some form of relief or repayment to those soldiers who have already complied with recoupment orders despite the financial hardship.

**Water**

**AB 196**

**Location:** SENATE  2 YEAR

**Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: water supply and wastewater systems.** Current law requires moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to be allocated for the purpose of reducing greenhouse gas emissions in this state and satisfying other purposes. Current law authorizes specified investments, including water use and supply, if the investment furthers the regulatory purposes of the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 and is consistent with law. This bill would authorize the use of the moneys in the fund for electric pump efficiency, water and wastewater systems, pump and pump motor efficiency improvements, and drinking water transmission and distribution systems’ water loss if the investment furthers the regulatory purposes of the act and is consistent with law.

**AB 1000**

**Location:** SENATE  2 YEAR

**Water conveyance: use of facility with unused capacity.** Current law prohibits the state or a regional or local public agency from denying a bona fide transferor of water from using a water conveyance facility that has unused capacity for the period of time for which that capacity is available, if fair compensation is paid for that use and other requirements are met. This bill would, notwithstanding that provision, prohibit a transferor of water from using a water conveyance facility that has unused capacity to transfer water from a groundwater basin underlying desert lands, as defined, that is in the vicinity of specified federal lands or state lands to outside of the groundwater basin unless the State Lands Commission, in consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife, finds that the transfer of the water will not adversely affect the natural or cultural resources of those federal and state lands.

**AB 1420**

**Location:** SENATE  2 YEAR

**Water rights: small irrigation use: lake or streambed alteration agreements.** Would require the State Water Resources Control Board to give priority to adopting, on or before June 30, 2021, except as provided, general conditions that permit a registrant to store water for small irrigation use during times of high streamflow in exchange for the registrant reducing diversions during periods of low streamflow, as specified. The bill would require that the actions of the board under these provisions be deemed an action taken for the protection of the environment for purposes of specified California Environmental Quality Act guidelines, if those actions do not result in the relaxation of streamflow standards.
AB 2692
Location: ASSEMBLY E.S. & T.M.

Drinking water: infrastructure funding. Would require the Treasurer to establish the California Safe Drinking Water Revolving Loan Program to provide loans to public water systems to address critical water infrastructure needs of those systems. The bill would establish the California Safe Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund in the State Treasury and would require the Treasurer, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to expend moneys in the fund for the above purpose.

SB 952
Location: SENATE RLS.

Water conservation: local water supplies. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require the State Water Resources Control Board to recognize local water agency investment in water supply and will ensure that local agencies receive sufficient credit for these investments in meeting any water conservation or efficiency mandates.

SCA 4
Location: SENATE RLS.

Water conservation. The California Constitution requires that the water resources of the state be put to beneficial use to the fullest extent of which they are capable and that the waste or unreasonable use or unreasonable method of use of water be prevented. This measure would declare the intent of the Legislature to amend the California Constitution to provide a program that would ensure that affordable water is available to all Californians and to ensure that water conservation is given a permanent role in California’s future.

Workforce

AB 1664
Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

California Film Commission: workforce development program. Current law establishes and generally sets forth the duties of the California Film Commission in encouraging and promoting the film industry in the state, including requiring the commission to develop and oversee the implementation of the Cooperative Motion Picture Marketing Plan. Current law requires the California Film Commission to adopt rules and regulations to implement a Career Readiness requirement pursuant to the implementation of that credit. This bill would require the California Film Commission to develop a workforce development program, as described, that is consistent with the Career Readiness requirement.

AB 1885
Location: ASSEMBLY L. & E.

Undocumented workers: California Resident Worker Program and Economic Stabilization Act. Would require the Employment Development Department and the Department of Food and Agriculture to convene a working group to address the issues relating to a work permit program for undocumented persons who are agricultural or service industry employees to work and live in the state, and to serve as liaison to the United States Department of Homeland Security and the United States Department of Justice to ensure that state departments are not taking on responsibilities in matters dealing with immigration policy that are the jurisdiction of the federal government.

AB 2776
Location: ASSEMBLY HIGHER ED.

Workforce development: workforce diploma program: California Community Colleges. Would establish a workforce diploma program under the administration of the California Community Colleges. The program would consist of components that would include career diplomas, standard diplomas, pay-for-performance programs, and the use of approved providers who provide designated services to increase the employability of program participants. The bill would provide for an online component of the workforce diploma program. The bill would express the intent of the Legislature to provide
$5,000,000 of funding, as specified, to the Chancellor’s Office of the California Community Colleges through the annual Budget Act or another statute, to fund a 2-year pilot workforce diploma program.  

**AB 2840**

*Location: ASSEMBLY L. & E.*  

**Rubio D (Dist. 48)**

**Employment opportunities: persons with autism.** Would create a 3-year pilot program in the counties of Sacramento and Los Angeles for the purposes of increasing long-term employment opportunities for young adults with autism and other intellectual and developmental disabilities.

**AB 2915**

*Location: ASSEMBLY L. & E.*  

**Caballero D (Dist. 30)**

**Workforce development boards: mutual disaster aid assistance: memorandum of understanding.** Would require the California Workforce Development Board, by April 1, 2019, to convene a working group to develop a memorandum of understanding to coordinate mutual aid assistance among local workforce development boards in the event that a local workforce development board needs additional assistance in disaster relief efforts or activities in that local workforce development area. The bill would require the working group to consist of local workforce development boards that choose to participate in it. This bill would require the memorandum of understanding to include best practices and baseline qualifications for employees of a local workforce development board who may be responding to a request for assistance in the event of a disaster.

**AB 2974**

*Location: ASSEMBLY L. & E.*  

**Reyes D (Dist. 47)**

**Workforce development: local workforce development board.** Current law establishes local workforce development boards to perform duties related to the implementation and coordination of local workforce development activities and requires each local board to perform specified duties consistent with the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, including leading efforts to engage with a diverse range of employers and with entities in the region involved to do specified things. This bill would also require a local board to lead those efforts in order to provide support to the efforts of employers to align with public contracting needs in a manner that will support local workforce opportunities.

**AB 2979**

*Location: ASSEMBLY ED.*  

**Burke D (Dist. 62)**

**High school diplomas: State Seal of Career Technical Education Pathway Completion.** Would establish a State Seal of Career Technical Education Pathway Completion to recognize high school graduates who have attained a high level of knowledge and proficiency in career technical education pathways. The bill would establish criteria for the receipt of the State Seal of Career Technical Education Pathway Completion, would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction to prepare and deliver to participating school districts an appropriate insignia to be affixed to pupil diplomas or transcripts, and would require participating school districts to maintain appropriate records and affix the appropriate insignia to diplomas or transcripts of recipient pupils.

**AB 3039**

*Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT*  

**Holden D (Dist. 41)**

**Employment Development Department: Internet Web site: prior criminal convictions.** Would require the Employment Development Department to create new features on the CalJOBS Internet Web site to enable a person who has a prior criminal conviction to access available employment positions and to enable employers to declare their interest in and ability to hire a person with a prior criminal conviction.

**SB 1470**

*Location: SENATE L. & I.R.*  

**Stern D (Dist. 27)**

**Jobs for California Graduates Program.** Current law establishes the Jobs for California Graduates Program for the purpose of creating a regional system of local programs to help California’s at-risk youth complete their secondary education and transition into the workforce or enroll in postsecondary
education. As part of this program, current law authorizes the Director of Employment Development to make grants to applicants for the purposes of carrying out Jobs for California Graduates local programs in the central valley region and requires these local programs to include certain elements. This bill would additionally require local programs to consult with local workforce development boards on efforts where they can cooperate.

Total Measures: 502